

# MAINTENANCE MANUAL (LINE MAINTENANCE) FOR ROTAX® ENGINE TYPE 582 UL SERIES

ROTAX® 582 UL DCDI Mod. 99 WITH OPTIONS ROTAX® 582 UL DCDI Mod. 17 WITH OPTIONS

ref. no.: MML-2 Stroke | part no.: 899484

picture: ROTAX<sup>®</sup> 582 UL DCDI Mod. 99 with options

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Before starting any maintenance work, please read the Maintenance Manual completely as it contains important safety relevant information. Failure to do so may result in personal injuries including death. Consult the orginal equipment manufacturers handbook for additional instructions!

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In any case the original text in English language and the metric units are authoritative.

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# Chapter: INTRO GENERAL NOTE

**Foreword** Before carrying out maintenance work on the engine, read this Maintenance Manual carefully.

If any passages of the Manual are not clearly understood or in case of any questions, please contact your nearest ROTAX® Authorized Aircraft Engines Distributors or their independent Service Centers.

BRP-Rotax wishes you much pleasure and satisfaction flying your aircraft powered by this ROTAX®-aircraft engine.

The structure of the Manual follows whenever it is possible the structure of the ATA (Air Transport Association) standards. The aim is the compatibility with the aircraft manufacturers documentation, which means they must then adapt the documentation to their standard.

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# Chapter: LEP LIST OF EFFECTIVE PAGES

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# Chapter: TOA TABLE OF AMENDMENTS

Current no.	Chapter	Pa- ge	Date of change	Remark for approval	Date of approval from authorities	Date of inclusion	Signature
0	INTRO	all	Mar. 01 2018				
0	LEP	all	Mar. 01 2018				
0	ΤΟΑ	all	Mar. 01 2018				
0	00-00-00	all	Mar. 01 2018				
0	05-00-00	all	Mar. 01 2018				
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1	INTRO	all	Feb. 01 2019				
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1	12-00-00	all	Feb. 01 2019				
1	12-10-00	all	Feb. 01 2019				
1	12-20-00	all	Feb. 01 2019				

#### Summary of amendments

Summary of the relevant amendments in this context, but without requirement on completeness.

Current no.	Chapter	Page	Date of change	Comment
0	all	all	March 01 2018	new layout and change of company name, add of engine type model year 17
1	all	all	February 01 2019	new symbols for references, new text for blanked pages, wiring color codes added in chapter 00-00-00, new topics in chapter 12-20-00: float level check, carburetor synchronization

# Chapter: 00–00–00 <u>GENERAL NOTE</u>

#### **TOPICS IN THIS CHAPTER**

General	
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# **GENERAL**

- Purpose The purpose of this Manual is to acquaint (iRMT) trained maintenance service staff with some necessary technical requirements for maintaining the engine into the aircraft in compliance with the relevant installation and safety instructions provided by the engine manufacturer.
- **Documentation** For more detailed information regarding, installation, maintenance, safety- or flight operation, consult the documentation provided by the aircraft manufacturer and/or dealer.

For additional information on engines, maintenance or parts, you can also contact your nearest ROTAX® Authorized Aircraft Engines Distributors or their independent Service Centers.

ROTAX®For ROTAX® Authorized Distributors for Aircraft Engines see latest Operators Manual or<br/>on the Internet at the official Website www.FLYROTAX.com.

Engine serial<br/>numberWhen making inquiries or ordering parts, always indicate the engine serial number, as the<br/>manufacturer might make modifications to the engine in the course of product improve-<br/>ment. The engine serial number is on the top of the crankcase, magneto side.



Figure 1.1: Serial number



# **TYPE DESCRIPTION**

The type description consists of the following:

	e.g. ROTAX Ł	582 U	IL	DCDI	mod. 99 / mod. 17
	t	ype certifi	cation	ignition	model
Designation	Designation		Description		
	Туре	582	Two stroke inlet.	engine, 2 cylinder i	n line with rotary valve
	Certification	UL	Approved to	o ASTM F2339.	
	Ignition	DCDI	Dual Capacitor Discharge Ignition		
	Model	mod. 99 / mod. 17	Model year		



# **ABBREVIATIONS AND TERMS**

Abbreviations	Description
*	Reference to another section
•	center of gravity
۵	The drop symbol indicates use of sealing agents, adhesives or lubri- cants (only in the Illustrated Parts Catalog).
°C	Degrees Celsius (Centigrade)
°F	Degrees Fahrenheit
rpm	Revolutions per minute
A	Ampere
AC	alternating current
Ah	Ampere hour
A/C	Aircraft
AR	as required
assy.	assembly
ASB	Alert Service Bulletin
ACG	Austro Control GmbH
API	American Petrol Institute
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
ATA	Air Transport Association
AWG	American Wire Gauge
CW	clockwise
CCW	counter-clockwise
CGSB	Canadian General Standards Board
DCDI	Dual Capacitor Discharge Ignition
DOA	Design Organisation Approval
DOT	Department of Transport
EASA	European Aviation Safety Agency
EN	European Norm
FAA	Federal Aviation Administration
FAR	Federal Aviation Regulations
hr.	hours

IMInINTROInIPCIIIipsiniRMTinISAInkgKLEPLiMMHMMMLM	nstrument Flight Rules nstallation Manual ntroduction Ilustrated Parts Catalog nch per second ndependent ROTAX Maintenance Technican nternational Standard Atmosphere Kilograms List of Effective Pages
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kg K LEP Li MMH M MML M	Kilograms
LEP Li MMH M MML M	
MMH M MML M	ist of Effective Pages
MML M	
	Maintenance Manual Heavy
MON	Maintenance Manual Line
	Motor Octane Number
MAG M	Magneto Side
N N	Newton
n.a. no	not available
NDT N	Non Destructive Testing
Nm N	Newton metre
NVFR N	Night Visual Flight Rules
ОНМО	Overhaul Manual
OHV O	Over Head Valve
ОМО	Operators Manual
part no. P	Part number
POA P	Production Organisation Approval
PTO P	Power Take Off
Rev. R	Revision
ROTAX® is	s a trademark of BRP-Rotax GmbH & Co KG
RON R	Research Octane Number
S/N S	Serial Number
SAE S	Society of Automotive Engineers
SB S	Service Bulletin
SI S	Service Instruction
SL S	Service Letter
SMD S	



S.V.	still valid (only Illustrated Parts Catalog)
ТВО	Time Between Overhaul
TC	Type certificate
TOA	Table Of Amendment
тос	Table of content
TSN	Time Since New
TSNP	Time Since New Part
TSO	Time Since Overhaul
V	Volt
VFR	Visual Flight Rules
XXXX	shows the serial component number

# WIRING COLOR CODES

# IEC 60757

# Color codes (wiring)

black brown red orange	 BK BN RD OG
yellow green blue	 YE GN BU
purple gray white	 VT GY WH
pink turquois	 PK TQ
Light blue Dark blue	 BU DBU
gold silver	 GD SR
green-yellow	 <b>GNYE</b> 10336

Figure 1.2



# **CONVERSION TABLE**

Units of length:	Units of power:		
1 mm = 0.03937 in 1 in = 25.4 mm 1 ft = 12 in = 0.3048 m	1 kW = 1.341 hp 1 hp = 0.7457 kW 1 kW = 1.3596 PS 1 PS = 0.7355 kW		
Units of area:	Units of temperature:		
1 cm² = 0.155 sq. in (in²) 1 sq. in (in²) = 6.4516 cm²	K = °C – 273,15 °C = (°F – 32) / 1,8 °F = (°C x 1.8) +32		
Units of volume:	Units of velocity:		
1 cm <sup>3</sup> = 0.06102 cu in (in <sup>3</sup> ) 1 cu in (in <sup>3</sup> ) = 16.3871 cm <sup>3</sup> 1 dm <sup>3</sup> = 1 l 1 dm <sup>3</sup> = 0.21997 gal (UK) 1 gal (UK) = 4.5461 dm <sup>3</sup> 1 dm <sup>3</sup> = 0.26417 gal (US) 1 gal (US) = 3.7854 dm <sup>3</sup>	1 m/s = 3.6 km/h 1 ft/min = 0.3048 m/min = 0.00508 m/sec 1 m/s = 196.85 ft/min 1 kt = 1.852 km/h 1 km/h = 0.53996 kn		
Units of mass:	spec. fuel consumption:		
1 kg = 2.2046 lbs. 1 lb. = 0.45359 kg	1 g/kWh = 0.001644 lb/hph 1 lb/hph = 608.277 g/kWh		
Density:	Units of torque:		
1 g/cm <sup>3</sup> = 0.016018 lb/ft <sup>3</sup> 1 lb/ft <sup>3</sup> = 62.43 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	1 Nm = 0.737 ft lb = 8.848 in lb 1 ft lb = 1.356 Nm 1 in lb = 0.113 Nm		
Units of force:	Cable cross-section: Conversion table- Wire Gauge: AWG-mm <sup>2</sup>		
1 N = 0.224809 lbf 1 lbf = 4.4482 N	AWG —> mm² 4 —> 21		
Units of pressure:	6> 13 8> 8.4		
1 Pa = 1 N/m² 1 bar = 100 000 Pa / 1000 hPa / 100 kPa 1 bar = 14.503 lbf/in² (psi) 1 in Hg = 33.8638 hPa	$10 \longrightarrow 5.3$ $12 \longrightarrow 3.3$ $14 \longrightarrow 2.1$ $16 \longrightarrow 1.3$ $18 \longrightarrow 0.8$ $20 \longrightarrow 0.52$		

# **SAFETY NOTICE**

Although reading such information does not eliminate any hazards, it promotes understanding and application of the information and will promote correct use of the engine. Always apply common workshop safety rules.

The information and descriptions of components and systems contained in this Manual are correct at the time of publication. BRP-Rotax maintains a policy of continuous improvement of its products without imposing upon itself any obligation to retrofit products previously manufactured.

- **Revisions** BRP-Rotax reserves the right to remove, replace or discontinue any design, specification, feature or other at any time, and without incurring obligation.
- **Measurement** Specifications are given in the SI metric system with the imperial- and US customary measurement system equivalents in parenthesis.
- **Symbols used** This Manual uses the following symbols to emphasize particular information. This information is important and must be observed.

#### 

Identifies an instruction which, if not followed, may cause serious injury or even fatal injury.

#### 

Identifies an instruction which, if not followed, may cause minor or moderate injury.

#### ATTENTION

Identifies an instruction which, if not followed, may severely damage the engine or could void any warranty.

#### NOTE

Indicates supplementary information which may be needed to fully complete or understand an instruction.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL NOTE

Environmental notes give you tips on environmental protection.

A revision bar outside the page margin indicates a change to text or graphic.



#### SAFETY INFORMATION

Use for intended purpose

#### **A WARNING**

#### Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

The user has to assume all risks possibly arising from utilizing auxiliary equipment.

#### **▲ WARNING**

#### Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

Never fly the aircraft equipped with this engine at locations, air speeds, altitudes or in other situations which do not allow a successful no-power landing after sudden engine stoppage.

- This engine is not suitable for aerobatics (inverted flight, etc.). Flight attitudes outside the permissible limits are not allowed.
- It should be clearly understood that the choice, selection and use of this particular engine on any aircraft is at the sole discretion and responsibility of the aircraft manufacturer, assembler or owner/user.
- Due to the varying designs, equipment and types of aircraft, BRP-Rotax grants no warranty on the suitability of its engines use on any particular aircraft. Further, BRP-Rotax grants no warranty on this engines suitability with any other part, component or system which may be selected by the aircraft manufacturer, assembler or user for aircraft application.

#### 

#### Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

For each use of DAY VFR, NIGHT VFR or IFR in an aircraft the applicable legal requirements and other existing regulations must be adhered to.

- In addition to observing the instructions in our Manual, general safety and accident precautions, legal regulations and regulations of any aeronautical authority must be observed.
- Where differences exist between this Manual and regulations provided by any authority, the more stringent regulation shall be applied.
- Unauthorized modifications of engine or aircraft will automatically exclude any liability of the engine manufacturer for sequential damage.



#### INSTRUCTION

Engines require instructions regarding their installation, application, use, operation, maintenance and repair.

Technical documentation and regulations are useful and necessary complementary elements for trainings, but can by no means substitute for theoretical and practical instructions.

These instructions should cover explanation of the technical context, advice for operation, maintenance, installation, use and operational safety of the engine.

**Safety notice** In this technical Manual passages concerning safety are especially marked. Pass on safety warnings to other users!

Accessories This engine must only be operated with accessories supplied, recommended and released by BRP-Rotax. Modifications are only allowed after consent of the engine manufacturer.

Spare parts



See Illustrated Parts Catalog for the engine type 582 mod. 99 / mod. 17, latest issue.

#### ATTENTION

Only use GENUINE ROTAX® spare parts.Spare parts must meet the requirements defined by the engine manufacturer. This can only be guaranteed when using GENUINE-ROTAX®-spare parts and/or accessories. Spare parts are available at ROTAX® Authorized Distributors and their independent Service Centers. Any warranty by BRP-Rotax will become void if spare parts and/ or accessories other than GENUINE-ROTAX®-spare parts and/or accessories are used (see latest Warranty Conditions).

See relevant Service Letter on www.FLYROTAX.com

Standard tools / Special tools

#### ATTENTION

Only use tools and appliances which are suitable for the relevant task according to the latest Manuals.

State of delivery

#### 

Engine and gearbox are delivered in "dry" conditions (without fuel, oil and coolant).

Before putting the engine into operation it must be filled with oil and cooling liquid. Use only oil and coolant as specified.



#### MAINTENANCE CONCEPT

General note	The maintenance functions detailed in this Manual are divided into two categories:
	Maintenance I (Line Maintenance)
	Maintenance II (Heavy Maintenance)
	Repairs beyond the levels detailed in this Manual are not recommended as maintenance functions and must be conducted by an authorized service facility.
Maintenance I (Line Maintenance)	Chapter 00,05 and 12
Maintenance)	The scope of line maintenance consists of removal, installation and adjustment of engine components (including part wear). All procedures in this Manual are to be considered line maintenance.
	NOTE
	Where applicable, you will be referred to the Heavy Maintenance Manual for work above and beyond line maintenance.
Maintenance II (Heavy Maintenanae)	Separate Manual.
Maintenance)	Maintenance Manual II details removal, installation and repair of components or parts nor- mally considered beyond the scope of the "Line Maintenance".
	NOTE
	This Manual can only be used in combination with Maintenance Manual I (Line

Maintenance), as it builds upon it.

# **TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION**

These documents form the instructions ensuring continued airworthiness of ROTAX® aircraft engines.

The information contained herein is based on data and experience that are considered applicable for authorized mechanics (iRMT, see Maintenance Manual Line) under normal conditions for engine removal and installation. Concerning design of engine installations in depth knowledge of aircraft design is required.

Due to the fast technical progress and fulfillment of particular specifications of the customers it may occur that existing laws, safety prescriptions, constructional and operational regulations may not be sufficient or cannot be transferred completely to the object bought, in particular for special constructions.

#### Documentation

- Installation Manual
- Operators Manual
- Maintenance Manual (Line and Heavy Maintenance)
- Illustrated Parts Catalog
- Alert Service Bulletin
- Service Bulletin / Service PAC
- Service Instruction
- · Service Instruction-Parts and Accessories
- Service Letter



- Status The status of the Manuals can be determined by checking the table of amendments. The first column of this table indicates the revision status, which should be compared with the revision provided on the ROTAX®-Website: www.FLYROTAX.com Amendments and current versions can be downloaded free of charge.
- Replacement<br/>pagesFurthermore the Manual is constructed in such a way that single pages can be replaced<br/>instead of the complete document. The list of affected pages is given in the chapter LEP.<br/>The particular edition and revision number is given on the footer of each page.

**Reference** This Manual for maintenance is only part of the technical documentation and will be supplemented by the respective Operators Manual, Installation Manual and Illustrated Parts Catalog.

#### ATTENTION

Pay attention to references to other documentation, found in various parts of this Manual.

If not stated otherwise, any reference to a document refers to the latest edition issued by BRP-Rotax.





This symbol informs you of additional references (data sheets, Manuals, etc.) associated with the given subject.

Illustrations

The illustrations in this Manual are merely sketches and show typical arrangements. They may not represent full detail or the exact shape of the parts but should outline the same or similar function. Therefore deriving dimensions or other details from illustrations is not permitted.

TYPICAL indicates a general view which may not represent exact details.

#### NOTE

The Illustrations in this Manual are stored in a graphic data base system and are provided with a consecutive irrelevant number. This number (e.g. AE 2ST\_001) is of no significance for the content.

Some measurements are given in the drawings, these are manufacturing dimensions and are subject to corresponding tolerances.

# **USE FOR INTENDED PURPOSE**

	<b>△ WARNING</b>
	<b>Explosion hazard.</b> Flying components can cause serious injuries. Never run an engine without propeller.
Use	The engine ROTAX® 582 UL DCDI mod. 99 / mod. 17 is intended for use in uncertified air- craft. In case of doubt the regulations of the national authorities or the respective sportive federations have to be observed.
	Never run the engine without propeller, this inevitably causes engine damage and hazard of explosion.
Uncertified engines	The engine ROTAX® 582 UL DCDI mod. 99 / mod. 17 is uncertified. These engines have not received any safety or durability testing, and conform to no aircraft standards. These engines are meant for use in experimental, uncertified aircraft and vehicles only, in which an engine failure will not compromise safety.
Engine stoppage	In using the engine the operator assumes all risk of use and acknowledges that he/she knows this engine is subject to sudden stoppage.
Maintenance and repair conditions	Use for intended purpose also includes observation of the operational, maintenance and repair conditions prescribed by the manufacturer. This is a crucial factor concerning the re- liability of the engine and can increase the durability of the engine.

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# Chapter: 05–00–00 MAINTENANCE

#### **TOPICS IN THIS CHAPTER**

General note	2
Authorized personnel	3
Procedure notes	4
Troubleshooting	6
Consumable Materials	7
Acceptable methods, techniques and practice	10

# Introduction The information given in the Maintenance Manual is based on data and experience which are considered to be applicable for a skilled aviation mechanic (iRMT) under normal working conditions.



# **GENERAL NOTE**

	Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death! Besides our instructions in the documentation supplied, also respect generally valid safety and accident preventive directives and legal regulations.	
Procedures and limits	The procedures and limits in this Manual constitute the manufacturers official recommen- dation for engine maintenance and operation.	
Instruction	The guidelines given in the Maintenance Manual are useful and necessary supplements to training. They, however, cannot substitute competent theoretical and practical personal instruction.	
Modifications	Non-authorized modifications as well as the use of components and auxiliary components not corresponding to the installation instructions exclude any liability of the engine manufacturer.	
Parts and accessories	We particularly emphasize that parts and accessories not supplied as genuine BRP-Rotax parts are not verified for suitability by BRP-Rotax and thus are not authorized for use. In-stallation and/or use of such products may possibly change or negatively influence the constructive characteristics of the engine. For damages resulting from use of non-genuine parts and accessories manufacturer refuses any liability.	
Special tools	Maintenance of engines and systems requires special knowledge and special tools. Use only the special tools recommended by BRP-Rotax when disassembling and assembling the engine.	

# **AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL**

General note	It is a requirement that all organizations or individuals possess the required special tool- ing. Technicians must have type-specific training and keep a recurrent knowledge status for the level of work they intend to perform. Technicians may require accreditation from their local aviation authority in addition to any BRP-Rotax requirements.		
Requisite knowledge	Any task outlined herein may be performed if the organization or individual has met the fol- lowing conditions:		
	Requisite knowledge of the task as a result of:		
	<ul> <li>Type-specific training (for the applicable ROTAX® aircraft engine) which is approved by the national aviation authorities and/or BRP-Rotax.</li> </ul>		
	or		
	Experience in performing the task <b>or</b>		
	Formal instruction from a BRP-Rotax authorized training facility or		
	Instruction by an authorized BRP-Rotax Distributor representative.		
	Technicians must:		
	<ul> <li>maintain a suitable work environment to prevent contamination or damage to engine parts or modules.</li> </ul>		
	• use the required tools and fixtures as outlined in the ROTAX® Maintenance Manual.		
	ensure reasonable and prudent maintenance practices are utilized.		
	ensure the requirements of the applicable regulatory authority regarding maintenance procedures are met.		
	For more detailed information, maintenance organizations and individuals are encouraged to contact BRP-Rotax through its worldwide distribution network for information and guid- ance on any of the tasks outlined herein. See Chapter 00-00-00 section Technical Documentation.		
Type-specific	Type-specific training:		
training	<ul> <li>Independent ROTAX® Maintenance Technician (iRMT) training can be obtained from a ROTAX® approved training organization. Courses are available in various levels to suit the requirements of work the technician needs to perform. Each rating is valid for a 2 year period.</li> </ul>		
Valid time	ROTAX® iRMT specialty ratings are valid for a 2 year period after initial instruction. Recurrent training is required after 2 years to maintain a current status. In order to be eligible for the renewal program training, the technician must be able to show and declare that they have been working on ROTAX® engines during the past 2 years.		



# PROCEDURE NOTES

#### General note

**▲ WARNING** 

#### Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

When carrying out maintenance and service work, respect without fail all safety regulations.

#### Ignition "OFF"

#### **▲ WARNING**

#### Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

This precautionary measure serves to avoid any injuries in case of an unintentional start of the engine.

#### Principally ensure the following at each maintenance event

- · Ignition is "OFF" and system grounded,
- Disconnect battery

and secure engine against unintentional operation.

#### Ignition "ON"

#### **Risk of electric shock!**

The ignition is **switched on**, as long as the ground-cable (P lead) is not properly connected to ground.

At maintenance work which requires ignition "ON" and battery connected, take care of the following:

- · Secure the propeller against unintentional turning by hand and
- Secure and observe propeller zone

Handling of operating fluids

#### 

#### Risk of burns and scalds. Hot engine parts.

Always allow engine to cool down to ambient temperature before starting work.

At maintenance of cooling, lubricating and fuel system take care without fail that no contamination, metal chips, foreign material and/or dirt enters the system.



Disassembly	At disassembly of the engine, mark the components as necessary to avoid any mix-up. Take care of these marks, don't ruin them.		
ΤοοΙ			
	ATTENTION		
	In order to avoid mechanical damage, always loosen or tighten screws and nuts with specified tools.		
Safety wiring			
	ATTENTION		
	If during disassembling/reassembling the removal of a safety item (e.g. safety wiring, self-locking fastener, etc.) should be necessary, it must always be replaced by a new one.		
Cleaning of parts			
	ATTENTION		
	All metal and synthetic parts should be cleaned with suitable cleaning agents. Before using new and unknown cleaning agents, check their compatibility with the materials they are being used on.		
Removed parts	Before re-using disassembled parts, clean, check and refit them as per instructions. Use clean screws and nuts. Always inspect the contact face and thread for damage. If un- sure, use new parts.		
Self-securing nuts	Once loosened, always replace self-securing nuts.		
	Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death! Exactly observe the tightening torques for screws and nuts. Overtightening or a connec- tion which is too loose could cause serious engine damage.		
Sealing rings, O- rings	At reassembly of the engine, replace all sealing rings, gaskets, securing elements, O-rings and oil seals.		
Re-assembly	Before re-assembly check components for missing parts. Only use adhesives, lubricants, cleaning agents and solvents indicated in the maintenance instructions. Failure to comply may result in damage.		



# TROUBLESHOOTING

General notes

Possible problems are listed in the Operators Manual. At the same time, a brief description of the necessary remedial action is given.



See Chapter 4 in the Operators Manual for engine type 582 UL mod. 99 / mod. 17.

# **CONSUMABLE MATERIALS**

#### **General note**

#### ATTENTION

Use only the specified or technically equivalent materials from BRP-Rotax for all maintenance work. When handling chemicals, comply with all the customary regulations and specifications of the producer, including the expiry date and instructions of use.

#### NOTE

To some extent product descriptions deviate in spite of equivalent technical properties, i.e.: LOCTITE 243. If necessary contact the manufacturer concerning the comparability. In some cases information can be obtained from the local authorized distributors and service partners for ROTAX® engines.

#### NOTE

Respect the manufacturers instruction concerning the curing time and the expiry date of the particular surface sealing compound.

The materials specified have been tested for a long time and are suitable for all operating conditions indicated by the manufacturer.

No.	Part no.	Description, application	Qty.
AA	n.a.	<b>MOLYKOTE PG 54</b> High-performance grease for plastic/plastic, plastic/ metal and rubber/metal combinations involving slow to medium fast movements and light to medium loads.	AR
В	897651	LOCTITE 243 Blue medium duty screw locking agent, oil tolerant	10 ml
С	899788	<b>LOCTITE 648</b> Green high temperature screw locking agent + retain- ing compound	5 ml
E	297434	LOCTITE ANTI SEIZE 8151 Long-term lubricant for shaft seals	50 ml
F	n.a.	<b>LOCTITE 7063</b> For degreasing and cleaning surfaces	AR
Н	897870	K&N FILTER OIL 99–11312	14.8 ml
Ι	897330	LITHIUM-BASED GREASE Electrical isolating	250 g



No.	Part no.	Description, application	Qty.
0	n.a.	<b>Engine oil</b> For easier assembly of components or for first lubrica- tion before first engine start	AR
Q	297386	Silastic 732 RTV One-component silicone adhesive/sealant	100 g
V	898570	Screw securing paint Seals screws	20 ml
Z	899789	LOCTITE 603 Oil tolerant retaining compound, heavy-duty	10 ml



Figure 2.1: Lubricant tools



# Additional materials

#### ATTENTION

Use only approved cleaning agents (e.g. kerosine, varsol, etc.) for cleaning all metal parts.

part no.	Description, Application	Qty.
n.a	<b>Cleaning agents</b> Do not use lye-based cold cleaner or degreasing agents. Do not clean coolant or oil hoses with aggressive solu- tions. Clean off sealing compound residue with sealant remover. Soak combustion chamber, piston and cylinder head with cleaning agent and remove combustion resi- dues with a bronze brush. Very good results have been achieved with "Clenvex 2000". It is a solvent-cold cleaner, free of halogen, on the basis of selected fuel fractions with tenside and is biologically disposable. Never use caustic or corrosive cleaning agents.	AR
n.a	<b>Preservation oil</b> This special oil has excellent penetrating capabilities and reaches even tiny gaps, its highly effective additives protect against corrosion of metal surfaces	AR
n.a	Abrasive pad for surface finishing 3M Scotch-Brite Multi Flex - very fine or ultra fine It sold by the meter and used for manual removal of smaller rust spots or oxidation, especially for optimum ground connections. It is highly suitable for removing LOCTITE from surfaces or threads to make them metal- lic clean. Before reapplying LOCTITE, clean surfaces with nitro thinners or degreasing agent (CASTROL ZA 30 or OMV-SOFT SOL). When using solvents, observe the safety regulations for persons and environment re- garding use and proper disposal.	AR
n.a	<b>Compressed air blasting using a solid blasting</b> <b>agent</b> This method is suitable for local and gradual very fine treatment of steel parts with rust film (propeller shaft). The MICRONORM abrasive contains no harmful sub- stances, is approved by the competent authorities and guarantees optimum cleaning. The granulates used are of sizes 40 to 60 $\mu$ . The achievable surface roughness is between 0.5 to 1 $\mu$ , which corresponds to ultrafine ma- chining of surfaces.	AR



# **ACCEPTABLE METHODS, TECHNIQUES AND PRACTICE**

- **General note** All general inspection, maintenance and repair has to be carried out in accordance with Advisory Circular AC 43.13 from FAA.
- Advisory Circular This Manual "Advisory Circular" AC describes maintenance methods, techniques and practice. These are recognized and authorized for inspection and repairs in non-pressurized areas for which there are no separate maintenance and repair instructions.

#### Self-locking

#### ATTENTION

Self-locking nuts, cotter pins, tab washers and safety wires must be replaced each time they have been removed.

All instructions regarding the securing and lubrication of parts must be observed. Adherence to specified torque values is required.

**Nut securing** When using a self-locking nut, make sure the polyamide insert ring meets the requirements of DIN 985. Be sure that the securing elements on the nut is positioned towards the outside, in accordance with DIN 980.

#### Lock washer NOTE

When fitting lock washers, the curved-up ends (1) must point towards the screw head or nut.



Figure 2.2: Lock washer

Safety wiring

ing Safety wiring serves to secure screws or nuts to prevent unintended loosening. The screw or nuts are secured by a 0.8 mm (.0315 in) safety wire twisted 3 to 4 turns per 10 mm (.4 in.). The wire must by no means be overstretched.


Figure 2.3: Safety wiring



Various typical applications of safety wiring





Nut securing When using a self-locking nut, take care that the polyamide insert ring on nuts according to DIN 985 as well as the securing element on nuts according to DIN 980 is positioned to-wards outside.



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## Chapter: 05–10–00 TIME LIMITS

#### **TOPICS IN THIS CHAPTER**

Definition of terms	2
Operating hours	
Time limit	
Life cycle	2
General overhaul (TBO)	2
Time Limit	
Time limit for parts	
Time limit for the coolant	

#### Introduction

The following checks are required at the times specified. This preventative maintenance is to help avoid and/or detect possible engine issues.



## **DEFINITION OF TERMS**

## **OPERATING HOURS**

#### Definition

All of the maintenance intervals, such as the 100 hr. inspection and the engine TBO, relate to the number of operating hours of the engine.

The operating hours are defined as follows in order to prevent misunderstandings and to ensure safety:

- All time during which the engine is running is counted towards the total number of operating hours.
- The time is counted irrespective of the load factor of the engine, such as idling or takeoff power.

#### NOTE

A mechanical hour meter is directly coupled to the engine speed, the readings may deviate considerably from those given by electronic remitters (e.g. FlyDat). Maintenance and overhaul intervals are always dictated by the readings of the electronic hour meter.

• The planned inspections to be performed at certain intervals are based on experience from long test runs and field observations. They are intended as precautionary maintenance measures in order to ensure continued trouble-free operation of the engine.

### TIME LIMIT

#### **Definition** Time limits are predetermined time spans and intervals which are based either on calendar intervals or the number of engine operating hours. Once the time limits have been reached, the affected parts must either be replaced for a general overhaul, or maintenance work must be performed. These precautionary maintenance measures are designed to avoid engine malfunctions or defects and ensure continued airworthiness of the engine.

## LIFE CYCLE

**Definition** The life cycle is always specified as an exact time span and is also quoted in flight hours.

#### NOTE

Parts with a limited life cycle must be taken out of operation and overhauled if the specified time span or number of flight hours is reached (whichever comes first).

## **GENERAL OVERHAUL (TBO)**

Definition The time between overhauls (TBO) for all objects (such as the engine, component assemblies, add-on components) is the approved length of operation under normal operating conditions before it becomes mandatory to send in these objects for an overhaul. Normal operating conditions are the conditions which comply with the manufacturer's and the aviation authority's recommendations for the certification of airworthiness.



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Maintenance of operation	The TBO values approved by the relevant authorities are based on performance tests and empirical values which have been gathered through operation of the engine and are required for the acceptance and certification of airworthiness.
Legal obligation to keep	TBO values for the engine are always shown in operating hours and years. The user must record the operating hours in the engine log book.

## TIME LIMIT

#### General

#### ATTENTION

A general overhaul is due after a defined period of operation or after a specified calendar life since initial start of operation (whichever comes first).

The time limit for engine operation will be specified by the TBO.

# After reaching this time limit

ATTENTION After reaching this time limit, the engine has to be shipped to an authorized ROTAX® overhaul facility.

For an overhaul, the engine must be removed from the aircraft, be cleaned, preserved and all openings to be closed to prevent entering of contaminants.

# **Storage period of** Observe the storage and preservation directives! **the engine**

#### NOTE

The maximum possible storage period of the engine is limited to 24 months.

If this period is exceeded, the engine must be sent to an ROTAX® authorized overhaul facility for inspection.

Engine Type description	Engine affected engine S/N	TBO Time Between Overhaul
582 UL Mod. 99	from S/N 5305902 up to S/N 9619115 inclusive	300 h or 5 years, whichever comes first <sup>1</sup>
582 UL Mod. 17	from S/N 9619116	300 h or 5 years, whichever comes first <sup>1</sup>

For the TBO of the specific engine type/version refer to the table below.

Authorized Extension or exceeding of the TBO by 5% or 6 months is allowed whichever comes first.

#### Authorized exceeding

Shipment

The shipment to an authorized ROTAX® overhaul facility must include the following:

1	Engine log book.
2	Maintenance records of the engine (i.e. all maintenance check lists, and reports of operation, of maintenance and findings).

3	The engine assembly as per supply volume. Additionally all added-on parts as in the supply volume such as filters, intake silencer, fuel pump, external generator, sensors, ignition unit, electric starter, oil tank.
4	Indication of total engine operating hours (TSN) and where applicable, en- gine operating hours since a previous overhaul (TSO).
	NOTE
	This information must be supplied to allow the service history of components to be traced.
5	Data about the type of aircraft used.
6	Useful remarks and observations concerning the engine.

## TIME LIMIT FOR PARTS

#### **General note**



**Time limit** 

The following components and systems must be replaced every 5 years:

- · Venting hose of the carburetors
- · Carburetor sockets
- All rubber hoses of the cooling system
- All rubber hoses of the fuel system
- All rubber hoses of the lubrication system which are part of the engine supply volume and if they are not in the maintenance schedule of aircraft manufacturer

### TIME LIMIT FOR THE COOLANT

**General note** Coolant must be replaced as per manufacturers instructions, at the latest during overhaul or when the engine is replaced.



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## Chapter: 05–20–00 SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE CHECKS

#### **TOPICS IN THIS CHAPTER**

Scheduled mair	ntenance checks	2
Unscheduled m	aintenance checks	3
Visual inspection	n	4
Maintenance sc	hedule procedures (maintenance check list)	5
Check List/Main	tenance Schedule	6
Maintenance Sc	hedule	8
Introduction	The owner and/or user is primarily responsible for the maintenance and airworthiness of the engine. This includes compliance with all applicable airworthiness directives.	of
	This inspection protocol is not intended to be all-inclusive, for no such protocol can replace the knowledge and experience of a certified aircraft mechanic. As the party	

replace the knowledge and experience of a certified aircraft mechanic. As the party primarily responsible for the maintenance and airworthiness of the engine, the owner or user should only have the maintenance work carried out by qualified engineers (corresponding to the iRMT levels).

**Documentation** It is the responsibility of the owner and/or user to make sure that the aircraft mechanic performing the work on the engine has access to the previous Inspection Protocols and any other required documents.



## **SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE CHECKS**

**Definition** This section lists the periodic inspections which must be carried out after a specified periods of operation.

Intervals Periodic inspections are those which must be performed at 12.5, 100, 150 hr. intervals in accordance with Chapter 05-20-00 section Maintenance Schedule. This means for example that. every 100 hr of operation a 100 hr. check must be carried out. Every 200 hr. of operation a 100 hr. and the additional checks for 200 hr. must be car-

out.	LVCI	20
ried	out.	

	Intervals –hours								
	2 hr	10 hr	every 12.5 hr	every 25 hr	every 50 hr	every 100 hr	every 150 hr	to	every 300 hr
12.5 hr			Х						
100 hr			Х	Х	Х	Х			
150 hr			Х	Х	Х		Х		

- For the intervals between maintenance work, a tolerance of ±10 hr. is permissible, but these tolerances must not be exceeded. This means that if a 100 hr. check is actually carried out at 110 hr., the next check will be due at 200 hr. ±10 hr. and not at 210 hr. ±10 hr.
- If maintenance is performed before the prescribed interval, the next maintenance check is to be done at the same interval (e.g. if first 100 hr. check is done after 87 hours of operation, the next 100 hr. check must be carried out after 187 hours of operation).
- If engine has less than 100 hours of operation during one year a 100 hr. check must be carried out. For the annual inspection a tolerance of ±2 months is given.
- In order to demonstrate continued airworthiness, an engine must be inspected after the first mentioned hours of operation.

Checks

## **UNSCHEDULED MAINTENANCE CHECKS**

**Operating limits** An inspection of the engine must be performed if the operating limits of the engine have been exceeded (e.g. overspeed, excessive temperature etc.), or if unusual operating conditions have occurred during operation (e.g. lightning strike). In such cases the engine must be inspected in accordance with the applicable unscheduled maintenance checks.

**Recommends inspections** The manufacturer also recommends the following inspections whenever maintenance is carried out (where not already prescribed by the airframe manufacturer) as possible malfunctions could have negative effects on engine operation.

part	inspection	possible danger
Exhaust fixation	<ul> <li>Re-tighten the exhaust fixation on the cylinder head after the first 2 hr. of operation</li> </ul>	Leakage
Exhaust	<ul> <li>Of the exhaust unit (where nec- essary, replaced application of Molykote G-N)</li> </ul>	Risk of fracture, wear. Rough engine running.
Fuel filter	<ul> <li>Of fuel filter on airframe side (for foreign bodies, sealing material and loose fragmented material)</li> </ul>	Engine may misfire. Power loss. Engine run- ning too lean (Engine malfunction and damage).
Oil	<ul> <li>For oil contamination</li> <li>Analysis of the oil (provides additional information on the condition of the engine)</li> </ul>	Possible engine wear
Radiators, Lines	<ul> <li>For damage</li> <li>Check for discoloration - and cracks.</li> </ul>	Danger of overheating
Throttle control	<ul> <li>As specified by the cell manufacturer</li> </ul>	See specifics of manufacturer.



## **VISUAL INSPECTION**

General note	The scope of a visual inspection generally includes, but is not necessarily limited to, the following.
Moving parts	Normal operating condition, accurate alignment, leak-tightness, cleanliness, ease of movement, adjustment, mechanical stress, travel, catching, extreme wear, cracks, corrosion, deformation and other visually evident damage.
Parts	Secure seating, surface condition, cleanliness, deformation, cracks in welding seams or due to material fatigue or stress, corrosion and other visually evident damage.
Fuel-, Air- and Oil lines and Hoses	Cracks, dents, kinks, required flexibility, collapsed lines/hoses, abrasion, cleanliness, se- cure seating and other visually evident damage.
Wiring	General cleanliness; loose, corroded or broken terminals; chafed, broken or worn insula- tion; secure seating, heat damage and other visually evident damage.
Screws and Nuts	Surface damage, secure seating, locking wire, securing paint and other visually evident damage.
Filter and Screens	Filters and screens must be inspected for contamination and potential blockages, cleaned and replaced as required.

## MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE PROCEDURES (MAINTENANCE CHECK LIST)

Inspections	All stated checks are visual inspections for damage and wear, unless otherwise stated.
Specified period	All listed work must be carried out within the specified period.
Maintenance check lists	Checks are carried out as per the maintenance check lists, where type and volume of maintenance work is outlined in key words.
	<ul> <li>The lists must be photocopied and filled out for each maintenance check.</li> </ul>
Extra inspections	<ul> <li>The respective check (e.g. 100 hr. check) must be noted on the top of each page of the maintenance check list.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>All the maintenance work carried out must be initialled in the "signature" area by the air- craft mechanic performing the task.</li> </ul>
Maintenance records	After maintenance, the completed check lists must be entered in the maintenance records. The maintenance must be confirmed in the log book.
Discrepancies/re- medial action	All discrepancies and remedial action must be recorded in a report of findings to be gener- ated and maintained by the company authorized to carry out maintenance work. It is the responsibility of the aircraft operator to store and keep the records.
Replacement of equipment	Replacement of equipment (e.g. fuel pump,) and execution of SB (LTA) must be entered in the engine log book, TSN and date.

## **CHECK LIST/MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE**

Identification		
AIRCRAFT		
Registration number		
Aircraft make		
Aircraft model and S/N		
Time since new		
Propeller		
Propeller brand		
Propeller model and S/N		
ENGINE		
Engine type		
Engine S/N		
TSN (time since new)		
TSO (time since overhaul)		
Used operating fluids:		
Coolant		
mixture ratio		
Fuel		
Oil		
• type		
viscosity		

	Identification							
AIRCRAFT OPERATOR								
Name								
Contact								
Address								
Telephone/Fax								
E-mail								
MAINTENANCE FACILIT	Ŷ							
Maintenance workshop								
Address								
Telephone/Fax								
E-mail								
Certificate								
)1leaded fuel more than 30	)% of operation							
Next check due at:		hr.						
	(TSN) (ei	ngine hr.)						



## **MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE**

Perform the following maintenance tasks at the intervals shown in the maintenance check list. See Chapter 05-20-00 section 25 hr. check.

Legend: X

blank

= do the task

no task required

## NOTE

If the table section 1) 2) and 3) are correct (see check list below) then continue with the maintenance schedule.

If one of the section 1) 2) or 3) is not within specification, the engine must be checked and repaired in accordance with the BRP-Rotax instructions for continued airworthiness.

Points of Inspection		Interval Operating hours							Chap- ter Refer- ence	Signa- ture
*no periodic main- tenance (require- ment exclusive after the men- tioned hours of operation)	2*	10*	every 12.5	every 25	every 50	every 100	every 150	every 300		
				1) Ger	neral not	e				
All (Alert) Service Bulletins are com- plied with. If neces- sary to perform these and documented.	x			X						
				2) Sp	ark plug					
Check and clean in- side of spark plug connectors.			Х		X(2				12-20- 00	
Remove all spark plugs and check for spark plug defects (deposits, melting).			X		Х(2				12-20- 00	
				•	>>	•	•	•		

Points of Inspection		Interval Operating hours							Chap- ter Refer- ence	Signa- ture
*no periodic main- tenance (require- ment exclusive after the men- tioned hours of operation)	2*	10*	every 12.5	every 25	every 50	every 100	every 150	every 300		
Check if GENUINE- ROTAX®- spark plugs are used on mod. 17.				х					12-20- 00	
Replace spark plugs				Х	X(2				12-20- 00	
<sup>(2</sup> only for mod. 17										
			3) C	hecking	gearbox	oil level				
Checking gearbox oil level				Х					12-20- 00	
				4) Oi	l change					
Replace gearbox oil		Х				Х			12-20- 00	
Replace rotary valve lubrication oil						Х			12-20- 00	
			5) C	heck and	d adjust g	gearbox				
Check and adjust gearbox, preload of springs (type B gearbox)						X			12-20- 00	
				6) Check	carbure	tors				
Check, clean car- buretor(s) and re- adjust (idle speed, cable tension,)	X				Х				12-20- 00	
Replace jet needle and needle jet							х		12-20- 00	
Float level check and float weight							Х		12-20- 00	
Check carburetor synchronization						Х			12-20- 00	



Points of Inspection		Interval Operating hours							Chap- ter Refer- ence	Signa- ture
*no periodic main- tenance (require- ment exclusive after the men- tioned hours of operation)	2*	10*	every 12.5	every 25	every 50	every 100	every 150	every 300		
				7) Chec	k fuel pu	mp				
Check fuel pump (measure fuel pressure)					Х				12-20- 00	
				8) Exha	ust syste	em				
Re-torque exhaust manifold screws	Х	Х							12-20- 00	
Lubricate ball joints				Х					12-20- 00	
Replace exhaust muffler springs						Х			12-20- 00	
Inspection for any external cracking. If cracks are found on muffler can - re- place with new. The exhaust sys- tem should not be welded.					X					
			9)	Clean a	nd oil air	filter				
Clean and oil air filter.				Х					12-20- 00	
				10) F	uel filter					
Check fuel filter				Х					12-20- 00	
Replace fuel filter						Х			12–20– 00	
	-	-	11) (	heck rev	wind star	ter rope		-		
Check rewind start- er rope			Х						12-20- 00	

Points of Inspection		Interval Operating hours							Chap- ter Refer- ence	Signa- ture
*no periodic main- tenance (require- ment exclusive after the men- tioned hours of operation)	2*	10*	every 12.5	every 25	every 50	every 100	every 150	every 300		
			12) C	heck ele	ectric sta	rter gear				
Check electric start- er gear					Х				see MMH	
	-	-	13)	) Check i	gnition s	ystem	•			•
Check ignition system				Х					12-20- 00	
		14	) Check	cylinder	head and	d piston (	crown			
Inspect cylinder head and piston crown					Х				see MMH	
	-	-		15) Pisto	n inspec	tion		-		
Inspect piston rings for free movement					X				see MMH	
Check piston diameter					X <sup>(1</sup>		Х		see MMH	
Piston ring: Check gap					X <sup>(1</sup>		Х		see MMH	
Piston ring (rec- tang. Ring): Check axial clearance					X(1		Х		see MMH	
<sup>(1</sup> if used in very dust	y atmo	sphere	•							
			16	) Piston	pin insp	ection				
Inspect piston pin and bearing							Х		see MMH	



Points of Inspection		Interval Operating hours							Chap- ter Refer- ence	Signa- ture
*no periodic main- tenance (require- ment exclusive after the men- tioned hours of operation)	2*	10*	every 12.5	every 25	every 50	every 100	every 150	every 300		
			1	7) Cylind	ler inspe	ction	-			
Check cylinder diameter					<b>X</b> (1		Х		see MMH	
Cylinder: Check for roundness					<b>X</b> (1		Х		see MMH	
<sup>(1</sup> if used in very dust	y atmo	sphere	-			-		-		
				18) Gask	et excha	nge				
Replace cylinder head-, cylinder base- and exhaust -gasket					X(1		X		see MMH	
<sup>(1</sup> if used in very dust	y atmo	sphere								
			19)	Outer se	eals cran	ıkshaft				
Inspect crankshaft and replace outer seals if necessary.							Х		see MMH	
			^	0) Overh		ainc				
General overhaul of engine			2					X(2	see MMH	
<sup>(2</sup> to be carried out ev	very 5 y	/ears o	r every 30	00 hours	whatever	comes fi	rst.			

## Chapter: 05–50–00 UNSCHEDULED MAINTENANCE CHECKS

#### **TOPICS IN THIS CHAPTER**

Engine check after propeller strike incidents	2
Examination after engine failure	
Returning engine to service after submerging in water	
Inspection in extreme climatic conditions	
Returning engine to service after influence by fire	
Required inspections after limits of operation have been exceeded	6
Reporting	7

Introduction Special checks must be carried out before next or further flights in the event of an engine fault (e.g. abnormal operation as defined in the Operators Manual) which impairs the airworthiness of the engine.

#### ATTENTION

In the course of special checks specify if additional checks for components (e.g. hydraulic governor) is applicable. After each special check/repair work, an engine test run and a leakage check must be carried out.

#### ATTENTION

Observe without fail all the specified instructions.

## **ENGINE CHECK AFTER PROPELLER STRIKE INCIDENTS**

Definition

A propeller strike is:

• Any incident while the engine is stationary or running which makes it necessary to perform repairs on the propeller.



See Service Letter

SL-2ST-009, current edition.



## **EXAMINATION AFTER ENGINE FAILURE**

**General note** In order to find possible causes of the failure, it is important to pass on all available data. Observations on the aircraft and the engine suspension can also be of help. It is important to pay particular attention to any of the following engine phenomena to facilitate troubleshooting.

Engine

Engine runs erratically and misfires							
part	possible cause						
Fuel system	fuel supply vapour locks contamination						
Ignition system (shorting cable, charging coil, Spark plug	malfunction grounding defect wrong spark plug connection loose connection						

Rough running engine

Rough running engine							
part	possible cause						
Ignition	wiring (assignment fault)						
Engine	engine temperature too low wrong intake air						
Carburetor	fuel supply inadequate contamination in float chamber or float needle valve float chamber venting false air intake due to defective carburetor flange incorrect synchronization of the carburetor						

#### Engine stoppage

#### **ATTENTION**

Should one of the above mentioned items occur even for a short time then a detailed check of the engine is necessary. The fault needs to be located and corrected.

Unintended engine stoppage by seizing						
part	possible cause					
Oil system Carburetors Gaskets/Seals	oil shortage contamination incorrect venting incorrect oil type incorrect carburetor setting leaking seals					
Oil pump	defect					

#### ATTENTION

The entire assembly must be dismantled, inspected and repaired.

- The whole engine must be inspected, repaired or overhauled in accordance with the BRP-Rotax instructions for continued airworthiness.
- Inspect all systems for correct functioning.
- Detailed inspection of affected engine components.

#### RETURNING ENGINE TO SERVICE AFTER SUBMERGING IN WATER

#### General note

Inspection

 ATTENTION

 The engine must be marked clearly "Engine submerged in water". Define if it was fresh water or salt water.

 An engine which has been submerged in water must be inspected, repaired or overhauled in accordance with the BRP-Rotax instructions for continued airworthiness. See current Maintenance Manual of the respective engine type.

 • Inspect all systems for correct functioning.

 NOTE

 Prior to the detailed inspection all parts should be cleaned and inspected for cor 

Prior to the detailed inspection, all parts should be cleaned and inspected for corrosion. For accessories (e.g. vacuum pump, fuel filter etc.) the instructions and specifications of the corresponding manufacturer must be followed.

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### NOTE

Engine must be disassembled and all components inspected for fouling by silt.

Complete inspection of these components:							
power supply	cooling system						
• gearbox	exhaust system						
fuel system	start system						
cylinder unit							

In most cases an overhaul is necessary, in this regard send the engine without delay to an authorized ROTAX® overhaul facility for inspection.

If an engine was submerged into water, all electrical components (e. g.: ignition coils, spark plugs, spark plug connectors must be replaced.

#### NOTE

Discoloration or corrosion are signs of submerging in water.

## INSPECTION IN EXTREME CLIMATIC CONDITIONS

#### **General note**

ATTENTION

Every 25 hr. checks of air filter, coolant radiator and oil cooler are necessary.

Flying in deserts or areas with heavily contaminated or dusty air causes increased wear on all components. For this reason, shorter maintenance intervals are recommended.

Flying in areas with extreme climatic conditions or in extreme altitudes requires adjustment of the cooling system. To do this, it is necessary to contact the aircraft manufacturer and ROTAX® Authorized Distributor or their independent Service Center.

### **RETURNING ENGINE TO SERVICE AFTER INFLUENCE BY FIRE**

**General note** An engine after influence by fire must be inspected, repaired or overhauled in accordance with the BRP-Rotax instructions for continued airworthiness.

• Inspect all systems for correct functioning.

#### NOTE

Prior to the detailed inspection, all parts should be cleaned and inspected for burn penetration or melted materials.



If an engine was influenced by fire, first a visual inspection of all parts has to be done and then a hardness test of all mechanical parts must be performed

(e. g.: crankcase, cylinder, cylinder heads etc.).

In most cases an overhaul is necessary, in this regard send the engine without delay to an authorized ROTAX® overhaul facility for inspection.

## **REQUIRED INSPECTIONS AFTER LIMITS OF OPERATION HAVE BEEN EXCEEDED**

#### Exceeding of max. permissible engine speed

Remove the cylinders and inspect the pistons for seizure.

#### Exceeding of max. permissible cylinder head temperature

Remove the cylinders and inspect the pistons for seizure and piston crown for crushes.

#### Exceeding of max. permissible exhaust gas temperature

Remove the cylinders and inspect the pistons for seizure.

#### Fuel pressure below specified value

Remove the cylinders and inspect the pistons for seizure. Also inspect crankshaft end seals for leakage.



## REPORTING

Customer Service In	formation Report	ROTAX. AIRCRAFT ENGINES	<b>GRP</b>
When / Where / What			
Accident / Incident Date:	State:		
Location Of Occurrence:			
Headline:			
Narrative:			
Aircraft identification			
Aircraft registration:	Aircraft catetory	:	
Manufacturer:	Model / Series:		
Serial number:	Aircraft total tim	e:	
Flight details Flight phase:	Operator:		
Last departure point:	Planned destination	ation:	
Engine information			
Туре:	Serial number:		
Time since new [h]:	Time since over Date inspection		
Date overhaul:	maintenance:	17	
Propeller information			
Manufacturer:	Model / Series:		
Serial number:	Propeller position	on:	

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Figure 5.1: Form



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## Chapter: 12–00–00 MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEMS

#### **TOPICS IN THIS CHAPTER**

Introduction The section "Maintenance of the systems" is associated with other sections. It serves only as a supplement to and further explanation of the maintenance check list (See Chapter 05-20-00).

#### NOTE

For reasons of clarity, only headlines and keywords are listed in the Maintenance Schedule. Please refer to the following pages for further explanation if needed. As far as possible, the content has been arranged according to system.

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## Chapter: 12–10–00 REPLENISHING OPERATING FLUIDS

#### **TOPICS IN THIS CHAPTER**

**Introduction** The engine should always be in a horizontal position before checking the fill levels.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL NOTE**

All operating materials and cleaning products endanger the environment by improper disposal. Dispose of the operating materials in an environmentally sound way!

## **FLUID CAPACITIES**

#### General note

#### ATTENTION

The operation of the engine may be adversely affected if non-approved or contaminated fuel, oil or coolant are used. Any mixing of different manufacturers and types should be avoided. The use of additives may result in damage.

#### System

#### Overview

System	Fill capacity	Details about the operating fluids
Fuel system	Refer to the relevant specifications provided by the aircraft manufacturer.	Refer to the corresponding chap- ter in the Flight Manual.
Cooling system	Approx. 1.5 I (0.4 US gal.).	Refer to the corresponding chap- ter in the Operators Manual.

### NOTE

BRP-Rotax can give an approx value on the fill capacity depending on aircraft design and positions of radiators and tanks. The volume may differ from this value. Always check the relevant specifications provided by the aircraft manufacturer.

## Chapter: 12–20–00 SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE

#### **TOPICS IN THIS CHAPTER**

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Inspection of spark plugs	
Replacement of spark plugs	
Propeller gearbox	
Checking the propeller gearbox	
Oil change	
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Fuel filter	
Check and replacement of fuel filter	
•	27
Check and replacement of fuel filter Rewind starter Check of ignition system	

Introduction This chapter relates in particular to the maintenance work mentioned in the Maintenance Schedule for the various engine systems and covers the work in more detail.



## SPARK PLUGS

### CHECK AND CLEAN INSIDE OF SPARK PLUG CONNECTORS

Instruction	Step	Procedure
	1	Inspect spark plug connector for cracks, burn-off, dampness and fouling. Check connection with ignition cable and fitting of rain protection cover.
	2	The resistance value of the standard plug connector is $4.5 - 5.5 \text{ k}\Omega$ .
Mod. 99 only		s applications radio interference suppression plug connectors must be used ac-

Mod. 99 onlyFor various applications radio interference suppression plug connectors must be used according to respective regulations. These are more prone to troubles than the standard resistor type connector, due to the metal shielding.<br/>Resistance of these connectors is  $0.8 - 1.2 \text{ k}\Omega$ .

Never pull off spark plug connector on a running engine. Clean contact surfaces in the spark plug connectors as required.

#### Mod. 99 only

#### ATTENTION

On engine installation with spark plugs down, it is highly recommended to additionally secure spark plug caps.





"OLD" 866705

"NEW" 265249 AE 2ST 0076

Figure 7.1: Spark plug connector for mod. 99 (left) and mod. 17 (right)

### **INSPECTION OF SPARK PLUGS**

#### Spark plugs for mod. 99:

Visual check Inspect all spark plugs for mechanical damage.

Due to varying fuel properties etc., check according to maintenance schedule. Replace as required or annually: Provided that spark plug heat range and the carburetor calibration are correct, the spark plugs will have a brownish tinge at the electrodes of both spark



Effectivity: 582 UL Edition 1/Rev. 1

plugs after full load operation. In numerous tests the best possible heat range has been determined to make sure that the spark plug will burn off deposits but will not overheat.

On engines with single carburetor, one sooty spark plug usually indicates a bad plug or fault ignition system. If both plugs are sooty with oil deposits, carburetor and air system should be checked. On engines with two carburetors you should switch the carburetor to trace the problem.

#### Spark plugs for mod. 17:

Due to the curved gap between the center electrode and the ground electrodes, it is suggested to use a wire type feeler gauge for accurate gap measurement.

#### All versions:

#### ATTENTION

Do not induce forces to the center electrode of the spark plug. These might damage the spark plug.

#### Electrode gap NOTE

Spark plugs are already gapped upon delivery. No adjustment of the gap is necessary nor allowed.

If gap measurement is over permissible limit, the spark plug must be replaced.

Electrode gap		
Mod. 99	0.4 - 0.5 mm (0.016 - 0.020 in.), wear limit: 0.5 mm (0.020 in.)	
Mod. 17	0.8 - 0.9 mm (0.031 - 0.035 in.), wear limit: 1.1 mm (0.043 in.)	





Figure 7.2: Spark plug dimensions

#### Spark plug face

Spark plug face reveals the following about the operating condition of the engine:

Spark plug face	Information
light colored to brown	plug and calibration of the engine are correct
velvet black	Possibly indicates one or more of the following:
	mixture to rich
	insufficient air intake (clogged air filter)
	engine operating temperature too low
oily, glossy coating	Possibly indicates one or more of the following:
	• misfiring
	too much oil in combustion chamber
	worm cylinder and piston rings
white with formation	Possibly indicates one or more of the following:
of melt beads	mixture too lean

Tips


- If <u>both</u> plugs have "white" electrodes with "melt" droplets, first suspect lean mixture. If calibration is correct and there is no evidence of manifold leaks, lack of fuel, or incorrect float settings, don't change the plugs to a colder range. Check if cooling system is operating correctly.
- Heavy oil deposits on the electrodes and insulator may cause engine problems, exchange regularly according to maintenance schedule, or at any indications of trouble.
- If after cleaning or changing the spark plugs, you still have an ignition problem, check if only one cylinder is affected or both. Some thought to what is common to both systems or only one will isolate the problem more efficiently. If no external fault is found, the ignition unit must be checked.



#### **REPLACEMENT OF SPARK PLUGS**

#### General note NOTE

To avoid spark plug damage, make sure to use a correct wrench/socket. Old spark plugs (mod. 99) = A/F 21 / hex. 21 mm (0.83 in.), new spark plugs (mod. 17) = hex. 16 mm (0.62 in.).

#### ATTENTION

Use of incorrect spark plugs can result in ignition problems and pre-ignition and consequent engine damage.

#### ATTENTION

Always change both plugs. Never interchange plugs from one cylinder to the other.



#### Figure 7.3: TYPICAL

- 1 Terminal nut inseparable on connection thread
- 3 Leakage current barrier
- 5 Conductive enamel
- 7 Upset- and heat-shrinkage zone
- 9 Insulator nose
- 11 Ground electrode

- 2 Connection thread
- 4 Insulator (AI<sub>2</sub> O<sub>3</sub>)
- 6 Terminal stud
- 8 Captive sealing ring
- 10 Center electrode



#### NOTE

The spark plug can be distinguished by the part no. and by the designation.

Spark plug mod. 99:

Step	Procedure
1	Apply a small amount of heat-conducting compound to spark plug threads.
2	Tighten the spark plugs to 27 Nm (20 ft. lb), only on cold engine.

#### Spark plug mod. 17:

Step	Procedure
1	Apply a small amount of heat-conducting compound to spark plug threads.
2	Tighten the spark plugs to 16 Nm (142 in. lb), only on cold engine.

# PROPELLER GEARBOX

## CHECKING THE PROPELLER GEARBOX

**B-type gearbox** Place gearbox on a suitable support under hand press. See Figure: Gearbox "B" type.

Step	Procedure
1	Place the mounting yoke, part no. 876880 on the dog gear (1)
2	Place angular ring (2) upside down (with "L" shape downwards) on prop shaft to facilitate reading of the distance <b>A</b> .
3	Apply a load of 16 kN (3600 lbs) on the dog gear via the mounting yoke. With this load, disk spring will be completely compressed.

	ATTENTION	
Do no	Do not exceed maximum load of 16 kN (3600 lbs), otherwise cover or dog gear will be damaged.	
Stop Brooduro		

Step	Procedure
4	With spring in compressed state, measure A, the distance from top side of angular ring to lower edge of groove. See Figure: Gearbox "B" type.
5	Relieve pressure, remove all items from prop shaft and compensate distance $\mathbf{A}$ , by placing appropriate shims (3) under distance ring (4).
6	Shims are available as spare parts in the size 0.1 / 0.2 / 0.3 / 0.5 and 1.0 mm (0.0039 / 0.0079 / 0.0118 / 0.019 and 0.039 in.).



Figure 7.4: Gearbox "B" type

- 1 Dog gear
- 3 Shim

- 2 Angular ring
- 4 Distance ring

## **OIL CHANGE**

#### ENVIRONMENTAL NOTE

#### Protect the environment.

Do not harm the environment by spilling oil. Dispose of oil in an environmentally friendly manner.



Only use brand name oil in accordance with the latest Operators Manual.

#### Instruction

Renewing of the rotary valve lubrication oil.

#### NOTE

To change the oil the following steps are necessary:

Step	Procedure
1	Drain oil completely: For complete emptying, the engine must be inclined.
2	Afterwards refill the oil tank. Allow some time for setting.
3	Fill tank to max. mark and after a short trail run verify the oil level again.

Instruction

#### Check gearbox oil level, replace gearbox oil.

Step	Procedure
1	For draining the oil, remove drain plug. See Figure: Gearbox "B" type.
2	Replenish oil, until oil emerges at the respective lower oil level plug.

ATTENTION
The two large ventilation bores on both sides have to remain always open to warrant dissipation of heat at gearbox type "C" and "E".

Step	Procedure
3	Wire-secure vent screw, oil level plugs and drain plugs.

#### NOTE

Illustration shows "B" type gearbox.





Figure 7.5: Gearbox "B" type



## CARBURETOR

## **CLEAN CARBURETOR AND CHECK FOR WEAR**

- Stop engine at raised speed and verify float level
- · Inspect carburetor assy. for leakage
- · Check float valve for easy operation
- · Inspect clip of jet needle for wear
- · Inspect sieve sleeve
- · Clean the carburetor with fuel as required

#### REPLACE JET NEEDLE AND NEEDLE JET



The needle jet and jet needle must only be exchanged by a mechanic with experience on two-stroke engines and in accordance with the relevant Maintenance Manual Heavy.

## FLOAT LEVEL CHECK AND FLOAT WEIGHT

#### NOTE

It may be necessary to pry the clip using a flat blade screwdriver.

Step	Procedure
1	Slide float bowl spring clip (1) to the side and remove float bowl along with floats.



#### Figure 7.6

1 Spring clip

Check of weightThe weight inspection shows whether the affected floats have absorbed fuel. This is onlyof the floatssignificant if the floats already had contact with fuel.

#### NOTE

This check is not relevant for new spare parts, that were not in contact with fuel.



Step	Procedure
2	Let the floats dry for 1-2 minutes. Only weigh dry floats.
3	Check the weight of all affected floats using a calibrated balance. Measuring tolerance of the balance: max. 0.1 grams.
4	The results of the measurement must be documented in the maintenance re- cords. Allowable weight (of both floats together): max. 7 grams.

#### ATTENTION

Replace all floats which exceed the max. weight.

Step	Procedure
5	Place gasket (1) in position within the carburetor body groove.
6	Place the floats (2) onto the float bowl guide pins (3).
7	Turn the carburetor body upright, bring the float bowl into place from below and secure with spring clip (4).

#### NOTE

*The sieve sleeve (5) must stay in position to avoid being damaged during float bowl attachment. The sleeve can be pinched slightly oval before installation.* 



#### Figure 7.7

- 1 Gasket
- 3 Float bowl guide pins
- 4 Spring clip

2 Floats

5 Sieve sleeve

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### **CARBURETOR SYNCHRONIZATION**

SYNCHRONIZA- A TION c MECHANICAL

A- After installation and before engine run, both carburetor piston travel must be mechanically equal for balanced power output.

Step	Procedure	
1	Loosen idle screws (1) until they no longer contact the carburetor pistons (2).	
2	Loosen the nut and adjust the clamping piece (3) to approximately mid- travel.	



#### Figure 7.8

- 1 Idle screw
- 3 Clamping piece

- 2 Carburetor pistons
- 4 Nut

Step	Procedure	
3	Place throttle in full open position and bring slowly to idle. Both carburetor pistons must contact their carburetor bodies simultaneously.	
4	If the pistons do not arrive simultaneously, make coarse adjustments at throttle cable splitter or throttle lever.	

Step	Procedure	
5	Make fine adjustments at the carburetor cover plate clamping piece (3).	
6	Rotating a clamping piece clockwise will lower the piston, while rotating counter-clockwise will raise the piston. Tighten the nut (4) to hold the clamping piece in position.	



Figure 7.9

2 Carburetor pistons

3 Clamping piece

4 Nut

Step	Procedure
7	After making each adjustment, open and close the throttle to clear any stresses within the cable sheaths.
8	Continue with additional fine adjustments as necessary until both carburet- or pistons arrive at approximately the same time.
9	Further fine tuning is performed on a running engine. See section – Syn- chronization pneumatical.
10	With the throttle lever set at idle and both carburetor pistons touching the bottom of the carburetor body, slowly turn each idle screw (5) clockwise until just touching the piston, then turn clockwise an additional 1.5 rotations.





#### Figure 7.10

5 Idle screw

Step	Procedure
11	The carburetor pistons should now simultaneously arrive at the idle speed screws, slightly before the physical idle stop at the throttle lever.
12	To adjust idle speed, turn idle screws (5) equally clockwise to increase and counter clockwise to decrease idle rpm.



Figure 7.11

5 Idle screw

**Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!** Always observe the engine from a safe place while it is running.



**SYNCHRONIZA-** Before proceeding, secure the aircraft on the ground using wheel chocks and ropes. **TION PNEUMATICAL** 

Warm up the engine to operating temperature.

Place the master switch and ignition switches in the OFF position and secure aircraft against unauthorized operation while performing work.

The two carburetors are adjusted to equal flow rate at idling with a suitable flow meter or vacuum gauge(s).

There are many tools available for pneumatic carburetor synchronization including analog, electronic and venturi style. The following instructions show the use of two individual analog vacuum gauges.

Step	Procedure	
1	Connect a vacuum indicator gauge (1) to the primer nipple fitting (2) of each carburetor.	
2	Unscrew each idle screw (3) 1.5 turns counter clockwise.	



Figure 7.12

- 1 Vacuum gauge
- 2 Nipple fitting

3 Idle screw



This will result in **very low** idle rpm. At engine start, move the throttle to achieve approx. 2000 rpm and hold in position. See Operators Manual for 582 UL Mod. 99 / Mod. 17.

Step	Procedure	
3	Secure all temporary gauges and hoses to allow safe operation of the engine.	
4	Start engine and note how even the vacuum readings (4) are at desired idle rpm.	





Figure 7.13

4 Vacuum readings

## NOTE

Carburetor imbalance is more pronounced at low rpm.



Step	Procedure	
5	Shut down the engine.	
6	Loosen nuts (5) and make adjustments at the clamping pieces (6).	
	NOTE	
	Rotating the clamping piece clockwise will lower the piston and re- duce vacuum reading, rotating counter clockwise will raise the piston and increase vacuum reading.	
	NOTE	
	It is good practice to split the adjustment between the two pistons.	
7	After making an adjustment, open and close the throttle to clear any stress- es within the cable sheaths.	
8	Split the adjustments between the carburetors until the vacuum readings are synchronous (7) throughout the lower rpm range.	
9	Tighten nuts (5) to retain clamping pieces in position and slide the rubber grommets over clamping pieces.	



AE 2ST\_0493

Figure 7.14

5 Nut

- 6 Clamping piece
- 7 Vacuum readings are synchronous





Step	Procedure
10	With balanced carburetors and the engine still warm, run the engine and hold the throttle manually at the desired idle rpm.
11	Slowly rotate each idle screw (8) clockwise until the corresponding vacuum gauge shows movement. Open and close the throttle and verify idle speed and synchronous gauge readings.
12	Remove the vacuum gauges and attach primer line or plug nipple fitting.



Figure 7.15

8 Idle screw

# FUEL PUMP

# **General note** Inspect the fuel pump in accordance with the manufacturers or the aircraft manufacturers instructions.

- Inspect the fuel pump
- Verify the fuel pressure: 0.2 0.5 bar (3 7 psi)



## EXHAUST SYSTEM

#### **RETORQUE OF EXHAUST MANIFOLD SCREWS**

The screws of the exhaust manifold must be retightened to the specified torque: 22 Nm (195 in. lb)





#### LUBRICATE BALL JOINTS

Check exhaust system prior to every flight for tightness, physical damage or changes in sound pattern. Especially inspect springs and hooks.

The muffler has to be supported on vibration damping blocks. All ball joints have to be greased regularly with heat resistant lubricant (e.g. Molykote G-N, 297 433) to avoid gripping or seizing of joints and consequent breaking of exhaust components.

#### **REPLACE EXHAUST MUFFLER SPRINGS**

Removing the tension springs

See Figure: Exhaust muffler spring.

Step	Procedure
1	Remove the lock tabs from tension spring.
2	Inspect exhaust system for cracks and staining. Replace exhaust system with new if any external cracks are found. Do not weld cracks.

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#### ATTENTION

Take care to use suitable protective equipment as disassembly .may result in cracking of the tension spring.

Step	Procedure
3	Detach tension springs with suitable tools one by one.
4	Clean ball joint with appropriate cleaning agent (dry rag or equivalent) and inspect for wear.

Inspecting of the tension springs

An affected (faulty) tension spring can be identified by black, bright surfaces.

Qualitatively flawless tension springs show dark brown, dull surfaces.

Installation of the tension springs		ATTENTION	
	After prolonged operation, due to high operating temperatures, there may be no distinct distinguishing features left as described that could aid in discerning the tension springs.Replace the tension springs in case of doubt.		
	Step	Procedure	
	1	Lubricate ball joint with heat-resistant lubricant (Molykote G-N or equivalent).	

Exhaust springs shall be secured against loss and vibrations with wire.



Figure 7.17: Exhaust muffler spring

3



# **AIR FILTER**

#### **CLEANING THE AIR FILTER**

#### **General note**

#### ATTENTION

Never use gasoline, steam, caustic liquids, strong detergents, particle cleaning agents or high pressure cleaners during this step.

#### ATTENTION

Do not dry over open flame, with compressed air or with hot air gun.

Cleaning

To clean the dry filter the following steps are necessary:

Step	Procedure
1	Lightly tap and brush off surface dirt and wet with cold water.
2	Roll filter in filter cleaning and degreasing fluid.
3	The level of the cleaning fluid should be approx. 3/4 of the height of corrugations. Dirty fluid must not run inside of filter. Allow at least 5 minutes to dissolve the dirt.
4	Rinse air filter with cold water from inside to outside. Shake off and let it dry in free air.



Figure 7.18: Cleaning the air filter



## **APPLICATION OF NEW AIR FILTERS**

**General note** 

For a higher life-span and optimal engine protection the filter corrugations have to be moisturized with oil. Unoiled filters lose their effectiveness against dirt and dust. Every corrugation of the filter has to be oiled. After 5 - 10 minutes the filter mat will be soaked with oil, noticeable on the uniform red colouring

#### ATTENTION

Never use gear oil, diesel or engine oil, as they attract humidity. Overoiling of the air filter reduces airflow causing rich mixture.

#### NOTE

If necessary, apply filter oil on sealing face, but don't oil clamp connection area of filter.



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Figure 7.19: Overview



# FUEL FILTER

#### CHECK AND REPLACEMENT OF FUEL FILTER

General

The flow through the filter may be restricted due to the long term build up of dirt. A more serious type of blockage, which can occur quite rapidly is caused by a reaction between detergents in certain two-stroke oils and water in the fuel.

Both types of blockage may be difficult to detect visually. If blockage is suspected, renew fuel filter or filter element. Subsequently avoid water contamination of fuel.



# **REWIND STARTER**

#### Instruction

Check the rewind starter.

Step	Procedure
1	Ignition OFF.
2	Pull the starter rope full till end stop.
3	Check starter rope condition according to maintenance schedule.
4	Replace if worn according to latest Maintenance Manual Heavy.



## **CHECK OF IGNITION SYSTEM**

**General** Verify all electrical connections for good contact and ensure they are free of corrosion. Inspect the wiring for wear, damage and corrosion.

Before flight the function of the two ignition circuits must be checked. For checking the ignition unit the engine must be operated at 3000 to 3500 rpm and alternately ignition circuit 1 and 2 must be switched off.

The rpm-drop must not exceed at 300 rpm.



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