

FOR ROTAX ENGINE TYPE 912 i SERIES

REF NO.: MML-912 i | PART NO.: 898743



MARNING

Before starting any maintenance work, please read the Maintenance Manual completely as it contains important safety relevant information. Failure to do so may result in personal injuries including death. Consult the original equipment manufacturers handbook for additional instructions!

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Translation into other languages might be performed in the course of language localization but does not lie within $ROTAX_{\odot}$ scope of responsibility.

In any case the original text in English language and the metric units are authoritative.

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Chapter: INTRO GENERAL NOTE

Foreword

Before carrying out maintenance work on the engine, read this Maintenance Manual carefully.

If any passages of the Manual are not clearly understood or in case of any questions, please contact your nearest ROTAX® Authorized Aircraft Engines Distributors or their independent Service Centers.

BRP-Rotax wishes you much pleasure and satisfaction flying your aircraft powered by this ROTAX®-aircraft engine.

The structure of the Manual follows whenever it is possible the structure of the ATA (Air Transport Association) standards. The aim is the compatibility with the aircraft manufacturers documentation, which means they must then adapt the documentation to their standard.

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Chapter: LEP LIST OF EFFECTIVE PAGES

Each new revision to the Maintenance Manual Line will have a new List of Effective Pages.

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Chapter: TOA TABLE OF AMENDMENTS

Approval*

The technical content of this document is approved under the authority of the DOA ref. EASA.21J.048.

NOTE

THE APPROVAL IS GIVEN TO ALL CHAPTERS EXCEPT THE AIRWORTHINESS LIMITATIONS SECTION 04-00-00 WHICH IS SUBJECT TO SPECIFIC APPROVAL OF THE EASA.

Edition 2 / Rev. 0 September 01 2018

Revision 1 February 01 2023 Obsolete with Revision 2, which is a complete re-revision

Revision 2 May 01 2023

| Cur- rent no. | Chapter | Page | Date of change | Remark for approval | Date of approval from authorities | Date of inclusion | Signature |
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Summary of amendments

Summary of the relevant amendments in this context, but without requirement on completeness.

| no. | chapter | page | date of change | comment |
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| 1 | 00-00-00 | 14 | Febr. 01 2023 | new text |
| 1 | 05-00-00 05-10-00 | 2,3,4,8-12 2,4-6 | Febr. 01 2023 Febr. 01 2023 | text change, PU- glue deleted, new figure, new text |
| 1 | 05-20-00 | 9-16 | Febr. 01 2023 | new text, text change |
| 1 | 05-50-00 | 4,6-10,12-14 | Febr. 01 2023 | text change, new text |
| 1 | 05-50-00 05-50-00 | 20-23,27-32 36,41,42,43 | Febr. 01 2023 Febr. 01 2023 | text change, new text new attention, text change |
| 1 | 12-10-00 | 5 | Febr. 01 2023 | text change, new customer service |
| 1 | 12-20-00 | 5,7,9,10 | Febr. 01 2023 | information report |
| 1 | 12-20-00 | 23,26,29,37-40,50,55 | Febr. 01 2023 | text change |
| | | | | text change new special tool, new text, new figure |

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Chapter: 00-00-00 GENERAL NOTE

TOPICS IN THIS CHAPTER

| General | 2 |
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| Abbreviations and terms (depending on respective engine type) | |
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GENERAL

In this Manual all ROTAX® 912 i Series engines are described.

NOTE

ROTAX® 912 i Series includes 912 iS, 912 iS Sport and 912 iSc Sport.

Purpose

The purpose of this Manual is to provide aircraft manufacturers with technical requirements (e.g. interface descriptions and limitations) that must be adhered to when installing this type of engine into an aircraft or certifying aircraft powered by this engine type. Furthermore it should allow independent ROTAX® Maintenance Technicians (iRMT) to maintain this engine in compliance with the relevant maintenance and safety instructions provided by the engine manufacturer.

For detailed information related to aircraft and aircraft/engine installation, maintenance, safety or flight operation, consult the documentation provided by the aircraft manufacturer and/or its dealer.

For additional information on engines, their maintenance or parts, you can also contact your nearest authorized ROTAX® authorized Aircraft Engine Distributor or their independent Service Center.

ROTAX® Distributors

For ROTAX® Authorized Distributors for aircraft engines see latest Operators Manual (OM) or the official website www.FLYROTAX.com.

Engine serial number

When making inquiries or ordering parts, always indicate the engine serial number. Due to continuous product improvement, engines of the same engine type might require different support and spare parts. The engine serial number is on the top of the crankcase, behind of the propeller gearbox.

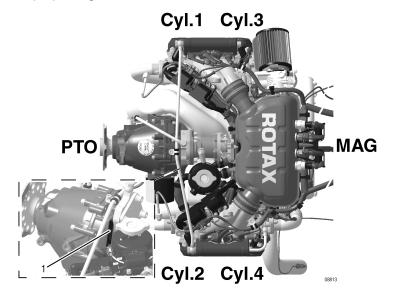


Figure 1.1: Engine serial number

ABBREVIATIONS AND TERMS (DEPENDING ON RESPECTIVE ENGINE TYPE)

| Abbreviations | Description | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| * | Reference to another section | |
| • | center of gravity | |
| 8 | The drop symbol indicates use of sealing agents, adhesives or lubricants (only in the Maintenance Manual Heavy) | |
| °C | Degrees Celsius (Centigrade) | |
| °F | Degrees Fahrenheit | |
| rpm | Revolutions per minute | |
| Α | Ampere | |
| AAPTS | Ambient Air Pressure Temperature Sensor | |
| AC | alternating current | |
| AD | Airworthiness Directives | |
| Ah | Ampere hour | |
| A/C | Aircraft | |
| AC-DC EMS Modul voltage converter | | |
| AR as required | | |
| assy. assembly | | |
| ASB | ASB Alert Service Bulletin | |
| ACG | Austro Control GmbH | |
| ACL | Anti Collision Light | |
| API | American Petrol Institute | |
| ASTM | American Society for Testing and Materials | |
| ATA | Air Transport Association | |
| AWG | American Wire Gauge | |
| CAN Controller Area Network | | |
| CCS Camshaft position sensor | | |
| Coil 1–4 Ignition coils 1–4 | | |
| CPS 1+2 | Crankshaft Position Sensor 1+2 | |
| CSA | Constant Speed Actuator | |
| CTS | TS Cooling Temperature Sensor | |

| Abbreviations | Description | |
|---------------|--|--|
| CW | clockwise | |
| CCW | counter-clockwise | |
| CGSB | Canadian General Standards Board | |
| DCDI | Dual Capacitor Discharge Ignition | |
| DC | direct current | |
| DOA | Design Organisation Approval | |
| DOT | Department of Transport | |
| EASA | European Aviation Safety Agency | |
| IM | Installation Manual | |
| ECU | Engine Control Unit | |
| EGT | Exhaust Gas Temperature | |
| INTRO | Introduction | |
| EMS | Engine Management System | |
| EMS GND | Engine system internal ground reference which is intended to be disconnected from aircraft common ground during flight | |
| EMC | Electromagnetic compatibility | |
| EN | N European Standard | |
| ETFE | Ethylene Tetrafluoroethylene | |
| FAA | Federal Aviation Administration | |
| FAR | Federal Aviation Regulations | |
| FOD | Foreign object damage | |
| FL | Flight Level | |
| Fuse box | Power conditioning and distribution for the Engine Management System | |
| hr. | hours | |
| HIC A | Harness Interface Connector A | |
| HIC B | Harness Interface Connector B | |
| IAT | Indicated Air Temperature | |
| ICA | Instructions for Continued Airworthiness | |
| IFR | Instrument Flight Rules | |
| IFSD | In-flight-shutdown | |
| INJ 1–8 | Injector 1–8 | |

| Abbreviations | Description | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| IPC | Illustrated Parts Catalog | | |
| ips | inch per second | | |
| iRMT | independent ROTAX Maintenance Technician | | |
| ISA | International Standard Atmosphere | | |
| kg | Kilograms | | |
| KNOCK | Knock sensor | | |
| Lane A | System A of Engine Management System | | |
| Lane B | System B of Engine Management System | | |
| LOPC | Loss of power control | | |
| MAPS 1 & 2 | Manifold Air Pressure Sensor 1 & 2 | | |
| MATS 1 & 2 | Manifold Air Temperature Sensor 1 & 2 | | |
| MON | Motor Octane Number | | |
| MAG | Magneto Side | | |
| N | Newton | | |
| n.a. not available | | | |
| NDT | Non Destructive Testing | | |
| NEW Part must be replaced against NEW (mentioned in figures) | | | |
| Nm Newtonmeter | | | |
| NVFR | Night Visual Flight Rules | | |
| OAT | Outside Air Temperature | | |
| ОНМ | Overhaul Manual | | |
| OHV | Over Head Valve | | |
| ОМ | Operators Manual | | |
| OPS | Oil Pressure Sensor | | |
| OTS | Oil Temperature Sensor | | |
| PCD Pitch Circle Diameters | | | |
| PCV Pressure Control Valve | | | |
| РМА | Permanent magnet alternator | | |
| POA | Production Organization Approval | | |
| PS | Power supply | | |
| PTFE | Polytetrafluoroethylene (Teflon) | | |

| Abbreviations | Description |
|---------------|--|
| PTO | Power Take Off |
| Rev. | Revision |
| ROTAX® | is a trademark of BRP-Rotax GmbH & Co KG |
| RON | Research Octane Number |
| RON 424 | ROTAX® Standard 424 |
| S.V. | still valid (only Illustrated Parts Catalog) |
| S/N | Serial Number |
| SAE | Society of Automotive Engineers |
| SEP | Single Engine Piston |
| SB | Service Bulletin |
| SI | Service Instruction |
| SI-PAC | Service Instruction Parts and Accessories |
| SPST | Single pole single throw |
| STP | Shielded twisted pair wire |
| SL | Service Letter |
| SMD | Surface Mounted Devices |
| ТВО | Time Between Overhaul |
| TC | Type certificate |
| part no. | part number |
| TOA | Table Of Amendments |
| TOC | Table Of Contents |
| TPS | Throttle Position Sensor |
| TSN | Time Since New |
| TSNP | Time Since New Part |
| TSO | Time Since Overhaul |
| V | Volt |
| VFR | Visual Flight Rules |
| LEP | List of Effective Pages |
| MM | Maintenance Manual |
| MEP | Multi Engine Piston |

| Abbreviations | Description | |
|---------------|--|--|
| Х3 | Connector on Engine Management System wiring harness which serves as an interface for power supply | |
| XXXX | shows the component serial number | |

WIRING COLOR CODES

IEC 60757

Color codes (wiring)

| black brown red orange | BK BN RD OG |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| yellow green blue | YE GN BU |
| violet gray white | VT GY WH |
| pink turquois | PK TQ |
| Light blue Dark blue | LBU DBU |
| gold silver | GD SR |
| green-yellow | GNYE |
| | 10336 |

Figure 1.2

CONVERSION TABLE

| Units of length: | Units of power: | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| 1 mm = 0.03937 in 1 in = 25.4 mm 1 ft = 12 in = 0.3048 m | 1 kW = 1.341 hp 1 hp = 0.7457 kW 1 kW = 1.3596 PS 1 PS = 0.7355 kW | | |
| Units of area: | Units of temperature: | | |
| 1 cm ² = 0.155 sq. in (in ²) 1 sq. in (in ²) = 6.4516 cm ² | K = °C - 273,15 °C = (°F - 32) / 1,8 °F = (°C x 1.8) +32 | | |
| Units of volume: | Units of velocity: | | |
| 1 cm³ = 0.06102 cu in (in³) 1 cu in (in³) = 16.3871 cm³ 1 dm³ = 1 l 1 dm³ = 0.21997 gal (UK) 1 gal (UK) = 4.5461 dm³ 1 dm³ = 0.26417 gal (US) 1 gal (US) = 3.7854 dm³ | 1 m/s = 3.6 km/h 1 ft/min = 0.3048 m/min = 0.00508 m/sec 1 m/s = 196.85 ft/min 1 kt = 1.852 km/h 1 km/h = 0.53996 kn | | |
| Units of mass: | spec. fuel consumption: | | |
| 1 kg = 2.2046 lbs. 1 lb. = 0.45359 kg | 1 g/kWh = 0.001644 lb/hph 1 lb/hph = 608.277 g/kWh | | |
| Density: | Units of torque: | | |
| 1 g/cm³ = 0.016018 lb/ft³ 1 lb/ft³ = 62.43 g/cm³ | 1 Nm = 0.737 ft lb = 8.848 in lb 1 ft lb = 1.356 Nm 1 in lb = 0.113 Nm | | |
| Units of force: | Cable cross-section: Conversion table- Wire Gauge: AWG-mm² | | |
| 1 N = 0.224809 lbf 1 lbf = 4.4482 N | AWG —> mm² 4 —> 21 | | |
| Units of pressure: | 6 —> 13 8 —> 8.4 | | |
| 1 Pa = 1 N/m² 1 bar = 100 000 Pa / 1000 hPa / 100 kPa 1 bar = 14.503 lbf/in² (psi) 1 in Hg = 33.8638 hPa | 10> 5.3 12> 3.3 14> 2.1 16> 1.3 18> 0.8 20> 0.52 | | |

SAFETY NOTICE

Although reading such information does not eliminate any hazards, it promotes understanding, and applying of the information will promote correct use of the engine. Always apply common workshop safety rules.

The information and descriptions of components and systems contained in this Manual are correct at the time of publication. BRP-Rotax maintains a policy of continuous improvement of its products without imposing upon itself any obligation to retrofit products previously manufactured.

Revisions

BRP-Rotax reserves the right to remove, replace or discontinue any design, specification, feature or other at any time, and without incurring obligation.

Measurement

Specifications are given in the SI metric system with the imperial- and US customary measurement system equivalents in parenthesis.

Symbols used

This Manual uses the following symbols to emphasize particular information. This information is important and must be observed.

△ WARNING

Identifies an instruction which, if not followed, may cause serious injury or even fatal injury.

△ CAUTION

Identifies an instruction which, if not followed, may cause minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

Identifies an instruction which, if not followed, may severely damage the engine or could void any warranty.

NOTE

Indicates supplementary information which may be needed to fully complete or understand an instruction.

ENVIRONMENTAL NOTE

Environmental notes give you tips on environmental protection.

A revision bar outside the page margin indicates a change to text or graphic.

SAFETY INFORMATION

Use for intended purpose

△ WARNING

Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

The user has to assume all risks possibly arising from utilizing auxiliary equipment.

△ WARNING

Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

Never fly the aircraft equipped with this engine at locations, air speeds, altitudes or in other situations which do not allow a successful no-power landing after sudden engine stoppage.

- This engine is not suitable for aerobatics (inverted flight, etc.). Flight attitudes outside the permissible limits are not allowed
- This engine has exclusively been developed and tested for fixed wing, gyrocopter, pusher and tractor applications. In case of any other usage, the OEM is responsible for testing and the correct function of the engine
- It should be clearly understood that the choice, selection and use of this particular engine on any aircraft is at the sole discretion and responsibility of the aircraft manufacturer, assembler or owner/user
- Due to the varying designs, equipment and types of aircraft, BRP-Rotax grants no warranty on the suitability of its engines use on any particular aircraft. Further, BRP-Rotax grants no warranty on this engines suitability with any other part, component or system which may be selected by the aircraft manufacturer, assembler or user for aircraft application

⚠ WARNING

Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

For each use of DAY VFR, NIGHT VFR or IFR in an aircraft the applicable legal requirements and other existing regulations must be adhered to.

- In addition to observing the instructions in our Manual, general safety and accident precautions, legal regulations and regulations of any aeronautical authority must be observed
- Where differences exist between this Manual and regulations provided by any authority, the more stringent regulation shall be applied
- For continued airworthiness see Maintenance Manual Line (MML)
- Unauthorized modifications of engine or aircraft will automatically exclude any liability of the engine manufacturer for consequential damage

- The engine must always be operated according to the content of the latest Operators Manual (OM)
 - · To eliminate the risk of injury or damage, ensure any loose equipment or tools are properly secured before starting the engine
 - · The use of propellers and their fastenings which exceed the specified values of moment of inertia and imbalance is not allowed and releases the engine manufacturer from any liability
 - Improper engine installation, use of unsuitable piping for fuel, cooling and lubrication system and use of unsuitable wiring for electric and engine management system releases the engine manufacturer from any liability

INSTRUCTION

Engines require instructions regarding their installation, application, use, operation, maintenance and repair.

Technical documentation and regulations are useful and necessary complementary elements for trainings, but can by no means substitute for theoretical and practical instructions.

These instructions should cover explanation of the technical context, advice for operation, maintenance, installation, use and operational safety of the engine.

Safety notice In this technical Manual passages concerning safety are especially marked. Pass on safety warnings to other users!

Accessories

This engine must only be operated with accessories supplied, recommended and released by BRP-Rotax. Modifications are only allowed after consent of the engine manufacturer.

Spare parts



See Illustrated Parts Catalog (IPC), latest issue for the respective engine type.

NOTICE

Only use GENUINE ROTAX® spare parts. Spare parts must meet the requirements defined by the engine manufacturer. This can only be guaranteed when using spare parts and/or accessories. Spare parts are available at Authorized Distributors and their independent Service Centers. Any warranty by will become void if spare parts and/or accessories other than spare parts and/or accessories are used (see latest Warranty Conditions).

See relevant Service Letter on www.flyrotax.com.

Standard tools / Special tools

NOTICE

Only use tools and appliances which are suitable for the relevant task according to the latest Manuals.

State of delivery

△ WARNING

Engine and gearbox are delivered in "dry" conditions (without fuel, oil and coolant).

Before putting the engine into operation it must be filled with oil and cooling liquid. Use only oil and coolant as specified.



See latest Operators Manual (OM) and Service Instruction SI-912 i-001 "Selection of suitable operating fluids", current issue.

MAINTENANCE CONCEPT

General note

The maintenance functions detailed in this Manual are divided into two categories:

- Maintenance I (Line Maintenance)
- Maintenance II (Heavy Maintenance)

Repairs beyond the levels detailed in Manual I and Maintenance Manual II are not recommended as maintenance functions and must be in accordance to the current Overhaul Manual (OHM) for the respective engine type. Overhaul Manual (OHM) and its appendix is available for any appropriately rated person or entity on request and by following the standards of the original manufacturer.

Maintenance I (Line Maintenance)

Chapter 00,05 and 12

The scope of line maintenance consists of servicing and adjustment of engine components (including part wear). All procedures in this Manual are to be considered line maintenance.

NOTE

Where applicable, you will be referred to the Maintenance Manual Heavy (MMH) for work above and beyond line maintenance.

Maintenance II (Heavy Maintenance)

Separate Manual.

Maintenance Manual II details removal, installation and repair of components or parts normally considered beyond the scope of "Line Maintenance".

NOTE

This Manual can only be used in combination with Maintenance Manual I (Line Maintenance), as it builds upon it.

00–00–00

TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION

These documents form the instructions ensuring continued airworthiness of ROTAX® aircraft engines.

The information contained herein is based on data and experience that are considered applicable for authorized mechanics (iRMT, see MML, Chapter 05–00–00 section "Authorized Personnel") under normal conditions for engine removal and installation. Concerning design of engine installation in depth knowledge of aircraft design is required. Due to the fast technical progress and fulfillment of particular specifications of the custom-

ers it may occur that existing laws, safety prescriptions, constructional and operational regulations may not be sufficient or cannot be transferred completely to the object bought, in particular for special constructions.

Documentation

- Installation Manual (IM)
- · Operators Manual (OM)
- · Maintenance Manual Line (MML)
- Maintenance Manual Heavy (MMH)
- · Overhaul Manual (OHM)
- · Illustrated Parts Catalog (IPC)
- Alert Service Bulletin (ASB)
- Service Bulletin (SB)
- Service Instruction / Service Instruction-Parts and Accessories (SI-PAC)
- Service Letter (SL)



Status

The status of the Manuals can be determined by checking the table of amendments. The first column of this table indicates the revision status, which should be compared with the revision provided on the ROTAX®-Website: www.FLYROTAX.com

Amendments and current versions can be downloaded free of charge.

Replacement pages

Furthermore the Manual is constructed in such a way that single pages can be replaced instead of the complete document. The list of affected pages is given in the chapter LEP. The particular edition and revision number is given on the footer of each page.

Reference

This Manual is only part of the technical documentation and will be supplemented by the respective Operators Manual (OM), Maintenance Manuals and Illustrated Parts Catalog (IPC).

NOTICE

Pay attention to references to other documentation, found in various parts of this Manual.

If not stated otherwise, any reference to a document refers to the latest edition issued by BRP-Rotax.



This symbol informs you of additional references (data sheets, Manuals, etc.) associated with the given subject.

Illustrations

The illustrations in this Manual are merely sketches and show typical arrangements. They may not represent full detail or the exact shape of the parts but should outline the same or similar function. Therefore deriving dimensions or other details from illustrations is not permitted.

TYPICAL indicates a general view which may not represent exact details.

NOTE

The Illustrations in this Manual are stored in a graphic database system and are provided with a consecutive, irrelevant, number.

This number (e.g. AE 5iS001) is of no significance for the content.

Some measurements are given in the drawings, these are manufacturing dimensions and are subject to corresponding tolerances.

Installation drawings

Installation drawings and a DMU-model for (virtual) installation analysis are available from the ROTAX® Authorized Distributors or their independent Service Centers on special request and relevant non disclosure and copyright regulations.

The illustrations in this Manual show a possible installation variant including non certified parts.

USE FOR INTENDED PURPOSE

△ WARNING

Explosion hazard.

Flying components can cause serious injuries. Never run an engine without propeller.

Use

The engine ROTAX® 912 iSc Sport is intended for use in certified aircraft. In case of doubt the regulations of the national authorities or the respective sportive federations have to be observed.

Certified engines

The certified aircraft engine ROTAX® 912 iSc Sport has been tested as per aeronautical standards for safety and time between overhaul. It was developed to conform to the latest technological standards and has been rigorously tested.

Non certified engines

The ROTAX® 912 iS and 912 iS Sport are are not type certified. These engines have not received any aeronautical standards or regulatory safety or durability testing, and do not conform to any aircraft standards. These engines are meant for use in experimental, uncertificated aircraft and vehicles only in which an engine failure will not compromise safety.

NOTE

These engines are technically equivalent to certified engines and have been manufactured by BRP-Rotax using the same quality assurance system.

Engine stoppage

In using the engine the operator assumes all risk of use and acknowledges that he/she knows this engine is subject to sudden stoppage.

Maintenance and repair conditions

Use for intended purpose also includes observation of the operational, maintenance and repair conditions prescribed by the manufacturer. This is a crucial factor concerning the reliability of the engine and can increase the durability of the engine.

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Chapter: 04–00–00 AIRWORTHINESS LIMITATIONS

TOPICS IN THIS CHAPTER

Approval

THE AIRWORTHINESS LIMITATIONS SECTION IS APPROVED BY THE EUROPEAN AVIATION SAFETY AGENCY (EASA) IN ACCORDANCE WITH PART 21A.31(a)(3) AND FAR 33.4. ANY CHANGE TO MANDATORY REPLACEMENT TIME, INSPECTION INTERVAL, AND RELATED PROCEDURES CONTAINED IN THIS AIRWORTHINESS LIMITATIONS SECTION MUST ALSO BE APPROVED.

| rev. no. | chapter | page | date of change | remark for approval | date of approval from authori- ties | date of issue | signature |
|-------------|----------|------|-------------------|---------------------------|---|------------------|-----------|
| 2 | 04-00-00 | all | May 01 2023 | | EASA a | pproved | |

Introduction

This chapter 04-00-00 provides information about "Airworthiness Limitations".

Airworthiness Limitations

- NONE

For the ROTAX® engine type 912 i Series the airworthiness limitations are not applicable.

NOTE

Regarding engine operating limitations see the relevant chapter "Limits of Operation" in the relevant Operators Manual (OM).

Maintenance checks and replacement of defined components are required on this engine! These procedures are described in chapter 05 and are required by the authorities in order to ensure Continued Airworthiness!

See Chapter 05-00-00 Maintenance.

Continued Airworthiness

Scheduled inspections of the engine including replacement and overhaul of defined components are required in order to ensure Continued Airworthiness of ROTAX® aircraft engines.

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Chapter: 05–00–00 MAINTENANCE

TOPICS IN THIS CHAPTER

| General note | |
|-----------------|---|
| | onnel |
| _ | 5 |
| Troubleshooting |] |
| Consumable Ma | terials |
| Acceptable met | hods, techniques and practice12 |
| Introduction | The information given in the Maintenance Manual is based on data and experience which are considered to be applicable for a skilled aviation mechanic (iRMT) under normal working conditions. |

GENERAL NOTE

△ WARNING

Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

Besides our instructions in the documentation supplied, also respect generally valid safety and accident preventive directives and legal regulations.

Procedures and limits

The procedures and limits in this Manual constitute the manufacturers official recommendation for engine maintenance and operation.

Instruction

The guidelines given in the Maintenance Manual are useful and necessary supplements to training. They, however, cannot substitute competent theoretical and practical personal instruction.

Modifications

Non-authorized modifications as well as the use of components and auxiliary components not corresponding to the installation instructions exclude any liability of the engine manufacturer.

Parts and accessories

We particularly emphasize that parts and accessories not supplied as genuine BRP-Rotax parts are not verified for suitability by BRP-Rotax and thus are not authorized for use. Installation and/or use of such products may possibly change or negatively influence the constructive characteristics of the engine. For damages resulting from use of non-genuine parts and accessories manufacturer refuses any liability.

Special tools

Maintenance of engines and systems requires special knowledge and special tools. Use only the special tools recommended by BRP-Rotax when disassembling and assembling the engine.

Tightening torques

Tighten fasteners to the torque specified in the exploded view(s) and/or in the written procedure.

Accepted accuracy for different measuring tools:

Torque: +/- 10%:

⚠ WARNING

Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

Exactly observe the tightening torques for screws and nuts. Overtightening or a connection which is too loose could cause serious engine damage.

In order to avoid a poor assembly, tighten screws, bolts, or nuts in accordance with the following procedure:

- · Manually screw all screws, bolts and/or nuts
- · Apply half the recommended torque value
- Tighten fastener to the recommended torque value

NOTICE

Be sure to use the recommended tightening torque for the specified fastener.

NOTE

When possible, always apply torque on the nut.

NOTE

Always torque screws, bolts and/or nuts using a crisscross pattern when multiple fasteners are used to secure a part. Some parts must be torqued according to a specific sequence and torque pattern as detailed in the installation procedure.

NOTICE

If not specified otherwise, the threads are not lubricated when fastened.

Measuring tools

Calliper rule, dial gauge indicator, micrometer, inner micrometer, inner fine measuring device, feeler gauge, spring scale up to 50 kp (500 N) (112.5 lbf).

Accepted accuracy for different measuring tools:

Pressure: +/- 5%

Distances:

- Inside micrometer or similar: +/- 0.01 mm (0.0004 in.)
- Digital caliper or similar: +/- 0.001 mm (0.00004 in.)
- Bow micrometer or similar: +/- 0.002 mm (0.000079 in.)
- Caliper or similar: +/- 0.03 mm (0.0012 in.)

The changes above are accounting for:

- · variations/errors of tools (when used in normal operating conditions)
- · accuracy of tools and their related tolerance

Calibration

The professional calibration of your torque wrench is an essential prerequisite for ensuring the quality of the tightening torques in the long term. Calibration is also a fundamental part of ISO 9001 certification.

AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL

General note

It is a requirement that all appropriately rated persons organizations/entities or individuals possess the required special tooling. Technicians must have type-specific training according to the SL-912 i-008 Information on the globally standardized iRMT training program for ROTAX® aircraft engine and keep a recurrent knowledge status for the level of work they intend to perform. Technicians may require accreditation from their local aviation authority in addition to any BRP-Rotax requirements.

Requisite knowledge

Any task outlined herein may be performed if the appropriately rated persons organizations/entity or individual has met the following conditions:

Requisite knowledge of the task as a result of:

- Type-specific training (for the applicable ROTAX® aircraft engine) which is approved by the national aviation authorities and/or BRP-Rotax
- Type-specific training as per ROTAX® iRMT programme, covering the relevant level/ rating for the applicable ROTAX® aircraft engine along with adequate practical experience in performing the task

Appropriately rated persons or organizations/entities must:

- maintain a suitable work environment to prevent contamination or damage to engine parts or modules
- use the required tools and fixtures as outlined in the ROTAX® Maintenance Manual
- ensure reasonable and prudent maintenance practices are utilized
- ensure the requirements of the applicable regulatory authority regarding running a maintenance organization are met

For more detailed information, maintenance organizations and individuals are encouraged to contact BRP-Rotax through its worldwide distribution network for information and guidance on any of the tasks outlined herein.

See Chapter 00-00-00 section Technical Documentation.

May 01/2023

Effectivity: 912 i Series Edition 2/Rev. 2

PROCEDURE NOTES

General note

△ WARNING

Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

When carrying out maintenance and service work, respect all safety regulations.

Ignition "OFF"

△ WARNING

Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

This precautionary measure serves to avoid any injuries in case of an unintentional start of the engine.

Principally ensure the following at each maintenance event

- · Ignition is "OFF" and system grounded,
- Disconnect battery and secure engine against unintentional operation.

Ignition "ON"

⚠ WARNING

Risk of electric shock!

The ignition is **switched on**, as long as the ground-cable (P lead) is not properly connected to ground.

At maintenance work which requires ignition "ON" and battery connected, take care of the following:

- · Secure the propeller against unintentional turning by hand and
- · Secure and observe propeller zone

Handling of operating fluids

⚠ WARNING

Risk of burns and scalds. Hot engine parts.

Always allow engine to cool down to ambient temperature before starting work.

At maintenance of cooling, lubricating and fuel system take care that no contamination, metal chips, foreign material and/or dirt enters the system.

Disassembly

At disassembly of the engine, mark the components as necessary to avoid any mix-up. Take care of these marks, don't ruin them.

Tool

NOTICE

In order to avoid mechanical damage, always loosen or tighten screws and nuts with specified tools.

Safety wiring

NOTICE

If during disassembling/reassembling the removal of a safety item (e.g. safety wiring, self-locking fastener, etc.) should be necessary, it must always be replaced by a new one.

Cleaning of parts

NOTICE

All metal and synthetic parts should be cleaned with suitable cleaning agents. Before using new and unknown cleaning agents, check their compatibility with the materials they are being used on.

Removed parts

Before re-using disassembled parts, clean, check and refit them as per instructions. Use clean screws and nuts. Always inspect the contact face and thread for damage. If unsure, use new parts.

Self-securing nuts

Once loosened, always replace self-securing nuts.

△ WARNING

Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

Exactly observe the tightening torques for screws and nuts. Overtightening or a connection which is too loose could cause serious engine damage.

Sealing rings, Orings

At reassembly of the engine, replace all sealing rings, gaskets, securing elements, O-rings and oil seals.

Re-assembly

Before re-assembly check components for missing parts. Only use adhesives, lubricants, cleaning agents and solvents indicated in the maintenance instructions. Failure to comply may result in damage.

TROUBLESHOOTING

General notes

Possible problems are listed in the Operators Manual (OM). At the same time, a brief description of the necessary remedial action is given.



See Chapter 4 in the Operators Manual (OM) for engine type 912 i Series.

CONSUMABLE MATERIALS

General note

NOTICE

Use only the specified or technically equivalent materials for all maintenance work.

NOTICE

When handling chemicals, comply with all the customary regulations and specifications of the producer, including the expiry date and instructions of use.



Consider the curing time of the sealing surface compound as stated by the manufacturers instructions.

The materials listed have undergone long term testing and are suitable for all operating conditions indicated by the manufacturer.

| No. | Part no. | Description, application | Qty. |
|-----|----------|--|--------------------------------|
| AC | 899796 | LOCTITE 577 Yellow medium duty screw locking agent, oil and coolant tolerant | 50 ml (0.013 gal (US)) |
| AG | 897186 | Silicon heat compound Application of the heat conduction compound will increase heat transfer. The greaselike, temperature-resistant silicone compound fills cavities between components and cooling elements (e.g.: spark plug-cylinder head), which otherwise do not contribute to heat conduction | 150 g (0.33 lb) |
| В | 897651 | LOCTITE 243 Blue medium duty screw locking agent, oil tolerant | 10 ml (0.003 gal (US)) |
| С | 899788 | LOCTITE 648 Green high temperature screw locking agent + retaining compound | 5 ml (0.001 gal (US)) |
| E | 297434 | LOCTITE ANTI SEIZE 8151 Long-term lubricant for shaft seals | 50 ml (0.013 gal (US)) |
| F | n.a. | LOCTITE 7063 For degreasing and cleaning surfaces | AR |
| Н | 897870 | FILTER OIL | 14.8 ml (0.004 gal (US)) |

| No. | Part no. | Description, application | Qty. |
|-----|----------|---|------------------------------|
| I | 897330 | LITHIUM-BASE GREASE Electrical isolating | 250 g (0.55 lb) |
| 0 | n.a. | Engine oil For easier assembly of components or for first lubrication before first engine start | AR |
| Р | 899791 | LOCTITE 5910 Flange sealant provides flexibility and adhesion | 50 ml (0.013 gal (US)) |
| V | 898570 | Locking paint | 20 ml (0.006 gal (US)) |
| Z | 899789 | LOCTITE 603 Oil tolerant retaining compound, heavy-duty | 10 ml (0.003 gal (US)) |

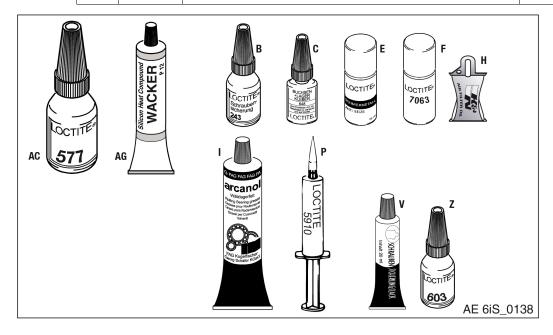


Figure 2.1: Consumable materials

Additional materials

NOTICE

All metal and synthetic parts should be cleaned with suitable cleaning agents. Before using new and unknown cleaning agents, check their compatibility with the materials they are being used on.

| No. | Part no. | Description, application | Qty. |
|-----|----------|---|------|
| 1 | n.a. | Cleaning agent/solvent/parts cleaner Soak combustion chamber, piston and cylinder head with cleaning agent and remove combustion residues with a bronze brush. Cleaning agents that are solvent - cold cleaner, free of halogen, on the basis of selected fuel fractions and biodegradable are recommended. Never use caustic or corrosive cleaning agents. | AR |
| 2 | n.a. | Multipurpose grease Generally usable, neutrally colored multipurpose grease, water resistant and highly adherent. Usable for temperatures from -35 °C to +120 °C (-31 °F to 248 °F) and can be subjected to high mechanical loads. | AR |
| 3 | n.a. | Preservation oil This special oil has excellent penetrating capabilities and reaches even tiny gaps, its highly effective additives protect against corrosion of metal surfaces. | AR |
| 4 | n.a. | Flexible web for surface finishing 3M Scotch-Brite Multi Flex - very fine or ultra fine (or equivalent) Is sold by the meter and used for manual removal of smaller rust spots or oxidation, especially for optimum ground connections. It is particularly suitable for removing LOCTITE from surfaces or threads to make them metallic clean. Before re-applying LOCTITE, clean surfaces with nitrothinner or degreasing agent (CASTROL ZA 30 or OMV - SOFT SOL). When using solvents, observe the safety regulations for persons and the environment. | AR |
| 5 | n.a. | MS4 / DC4 corning #4 (or equivalent) Electrical insulation compound for protection of electrical connections. | AR |

| No. | Part no. | Description, application | Qty. |
|-----|----------|--|------|
| 6 | n.a. | Valve lapping paste This paste, produced by various manufacturers, is a fine granulate lapping paste for manual lapping of valve seats and valves. The paste is usually available in 3 dif- ferent granulate sizes. Use as per manufacturers instructions. | AR |
| 7 | n.a. | Compressed air blasting using a solid blasting agent This method is suitable for local and gradual very fine treatment of steel parts with rust film (propeller shaft). The Compressed air blasting contains no harmful substances, is approved by the competent authorities and guarantees optimum cleaning. The granulates used are of sizes 40 to 60 μ . The achievable surface roughness is between 0.5 and 1 μ , which corresponds to ultra fine machining of surfaces. | AR |

NOTICE

Exhaust valves and intake valves may NOT undergo a compressed air blasting treatment with solid blasting, strong abrasive material. Due to this surface treatment one does gain a microscopic surface roughness/pitting which does allow as a consequence the adhesion of fuel residues. These deposits are then involved in a chemical reaction (especially of the sulfur and lead content of AVGAS) with the valve material. This effect may cause hot-gas corrosion on the affected parts.

ACCEPTABLE METHODS, TECHNIQUES AND PRACTICE

General note

All general inspection, maintenance and repair has to be carried out in accordance with Advisory Circular AC 43.13 from FAA.

Advisory Circular

This Manual "Advisory Circular" AC describes maintenance methods, techniques and practice. These are recognized and authorized for inspection and repairs in non-pressurized areas for which there are no separate maintenance and repair instructions.

Corrosion

Environmental corrosion (on the external surfaces) is a naturally occurring process which can inevitably affect the continued airworthiness of the engine, engine mounted components and accessories. Susceptibility to corrosion is influenced by a number of factors, including but not limited to, geographical location, season and usage. All general preventive (technical) measures, identification, control and treatment of corrosive attack on aircraft structures and engine materials has to be carried out in accordance with Advisory Circular AC 43-4B from FAA and also in accordance with the information of the aircraft manufacturers Instruction for Continued Airworthiness. Furthermore the preservation procedures for stored and inactive aircraft (engines) provides an effective means for combating and minimizing the corrosion condition and should be adhered to.

Advisory Circular AC 43-4B This advisory circular (AC) is a summary of the current available data regarding identification and treatment of corrosive attack on aircraft structures and engine materials. Corrosion inspection frequency, corrosion identification, and especially corrosion treatment continues to be the responsibility of the operator. These inspections should be accomplished per this AC, the manufacturer's recommendations, or the operator's own maintenance program. The procedures in this AC are an acceptable means, but not the only acceptable means, of corrosion treatment. The information in this AC is applicable to aircraft for which the manufacturer has not published corrosion control information.

Self-locking

NOTICE

Self-locking nuts, cotter pins, tab washers and safety wires must be replaced each time they have been removed.

All instructions regarding the securing and lubrication of parts must be observed Adherence to specified torque values is required.

Nut securing When using a self-locking nut, make sure the polyamide insert ring meets the require-

ments of DIN 985. Be sure that the securing elements the nut is positioned towards the

outside, in accordance with DIN 980.

Lock washer NOTE

When fitting lock washers, the curved-up ends (1) must point towards the screw head or nut.

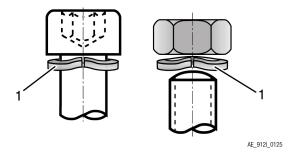


Figure 2.2: Lock washer

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Chapter: 05–10–00 TIME LIMITS

TOPICS IN THIS CHAPTER

| Definition of terms | 2 |
|----------------------------|---|
| Operating hours | |
| Terminology | 2 |
| Time limit | 3 |
| Life cycle | |
| General overhaul (TBO) | |
| Purging the oil system | |
| Time Limit | |
| Time limit for parts | |
| Time limit for the coolant | |
| Annual inspection | |

Introduction

The following checks are required at the times specified. This preventative maintenance is to help avoid and/or detect possible engine issues.

DEFINITION OF TERMS

OPERATING HOURS

Definition

All of the maintenance intervals, such as the 100 hr. inspection and the engine TBO, relate to the number of operating hours of the engine.

The operating hours are defined as follows in order to prevent misunderstanding and to ensure safety:

- All time during which the engine is running is counted towards the total number of operating hours.
- The time is counted irrespective of the load factor of the engine, such as idling or takeoff power.

NOTE

Maintenance and overhaul intervals are always dictated by the relevant method used.

NOTE

The planned inspections to be performed at certain intervals are based on experience from long test runs and field observations. They are intended as precautionary maintenance measures in order to ensure continued trouble-free operation of the engine.

TERMINOLOGY

The following terminology is used throughout this Manual, and the meanings are defined as follows:

Inspection

An inspection must be done only by certified mechanics who are approved on this engine, using permitted procedures to make an analysis of the physical condition and find defects. An inspection for condition and possible damage must be done in accordance with the accepted procedures for maintenance (refer to FAA "Advisory Circular" AC 43.13).

Check

A check can be done by pilots and/or mechanics who are approved on this engine and can perform inspections that compare condition with written standards to make sure of condition, precision and tolerances.

Test

A test is the operation of engine components, appliances or systems to make an analysis of performance.

TIME LIMIT

Definition

Time limits are predetermined time spans and intervals which are based either on calendar intervals or the number of engine operating hours. Once the time limits have been reached, the affected parts must either be replaced for a general overhaul, or maintenance work must be performed. These precautionary maintenance measures are designed to avoid engine malfunctions or defects and ensure continued airworthiness of the engine.

LIFE CYCLE

Definition

The life cycle is always specified as an exact time span and is also quoted in flight hours.

NOTE

Parts with a limited life cycle must be taken out of operation and overhauled if the specified time span or number of flight hours is reached (whichever comes first).

GENERAL OVERHAUL (TBO)

Definition

The time between overhauls (TBO) for all objects (such as the engine, component assemblies, add-on components) is the approved length of operation under normal operating conditions before it becomes mandatory to send in these objects for an overhaul. Normal operating conditions are the conditions which comply with the manufacturer's and the aviation authority's recommendations for the certification of airworthiness.

Maintenance of operation

The TBO values approved by the relevant authorities are based on performance tests and empirical values which have been gathered through operation of the engine and are required for the acceptance and certification of airworthiness. TBO values can be changed in response to possible upgrade/expansion programs.

Legal obligation to keep

TBO values for the engine are always shown in operating hours and years. The user must record the operating hours in the engine log book.

PURGING THE OIL SYSTEM

General note

Purging of the oil system is extremely important for operation and service life of the engine and therefore the procedure must be followed meticulously.



See Installation Manual (IM) for the engine type 912 i Series Chapter 79-00-00 section Purging the lubrication system. It must be carried out in accordance with SI-912 i–004, "Purging the lubrication system", latest issue.

TIME LIMIT

General

NOTICE

A general overhaul is due after a defined period of operation or after a specified calendar life since initial start of operation (whichever comes first).

The time limit for engine operation will be specified by the TBO.

After reaching this time limit

NOTICE

After reaching this time limit, the engine has to be overhauled accordance to the current Overhaul Manual (OHM) for the respective engine type.

Overhaul Manual (OHM) and its appendix is available for any appropriately rated person or entity on request and by following the standards of the original manufacturer.

For an overhaul, the engine must be removed from the aircraft, be cleaned, preserved and all openings to be closed to prevent entering of contaminants.

Storage period of the engine

Observe the storage and preservation instructions!

NOTE

The maximum possible storage period of the engine is limited to 24 months.

If this period is exceeded, the engine must be inspected in accordance with the current Maintenance Manual Heavy (MMH) of the respective engine type.

For the TBO of the specific engine type/version refer to the table below.

| Engine Type description | Engine affected engine S/N | TBO Time Between Overhaul |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| 912 iSc Sport | from 4417409 up to 4417441 | 2000 h or 15 years, whichever comes first |
| 912 iSc Sport | from 7702101 | 2000 h or 15 years, whichever comes first |
| 912 iS | from 4417001 up to 4417400 | 2000 h or 15 years, whichever comes first |
| 912 iS Sport | from 7703001 | 2000 h or 15 years, whichever comes first |

Authorized exceeding

Extension or exceeding of the TBO by 5% or 6 months is allowed, whichever comes first.

Shipment

The appropriation for the overhaul must include the following:

| 1 | Engine log book (including date and time of engine removal). |
|----|---|
| 2 | Maintenance records of the engine (i.e. all maintenance check lists, and reports of operation, of maintenance, of findings and of oil analyses). |
| 3 | The engine assembly as per supply volume. Additionally all added-on parts as in the supply volume such as filters, intake silencer, fuel pump, external alternator, sensors, ignition unit, electric starter, oil tank. |
| 4 | Indication of total engine operating hours (TSN) and where applicable, engine operating hours since a previous overhaul (TSO). |
| | NOTE |
| | This information must be supplied to allow the service history of components to be traced. |
| 5 | ECU incl. a statement of the number of times it has been plugged in/ unplugged. |
| 6 | FUSE BOX incl. a statement of the number of times it has been plugged in/unplugged. |
| 7 | Harness incl. a statement of the number of times it has been plugged in/unplugged. |
| 8 | Data about the type of aircraft used. |
| 9 | Engine position if installed in a multi-engine aircraft. |
| 10 | Useful remarks and observations concerning the engine. |
| | |

TIME LIMIT FOR PARTS

General note

NOTICE

This time limit must be followed independently and in addition to the visual inspections (see Chapter 05-20-00 section: Visual Inspection) of the respective components.

Time limit

The following components and systems must be replaced every 5 years:

- All rubber hoses of the cooling system (except GENUINE ROTAX® silicone hoses), which need to be checked by "on-condition" maintenance according to the instructions of continued airworthiness.
- All rubber hoses of the lubrication system which are part of the engine supply volume and if they are not in the maintenance schedule of aircraft manufacturer
- Connecting hose of the air intake system
- V-belt
- · Rubber plate (under expansion tank)
- Fuel pressure regulator assy. (only pressure regulator, not pressure regulator housing)

TIME LIMIT FOR THE COOLANT

General note

Coolant must be replaced as per manufacturers instructions, at the latest during overhaul or when the engine is replaced.

ANNUAL INSPECTION

General note

A 100 hr. inspection is to be carried out after every 100 hours of operation **or every 12 months**, whichever comes first.

See Chapter 05-20-00 section Scheduled maintenance checks.

Chapter: 05–20–00 SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE CHECKS

TOPICS IN THIS CHAPTER

| Scheduled mainten | ance checks | 2 |
|--------------------|--|---|
| | tenance checks | |
| | | |
| • | lule procedures (maintenance check list) | |
| Check List/Mainten | ance Schedule | 7 |
| Maintenance Scheo | dule | 9 |
| Introduction | The owner and/or user is primarily responsible for the maintenance and airworthiness of the engine. This includes compliance with all applicable airworthiness directives. | f |

This inspection checklist is not intended to be all-inclusive, for no such checklist can replace the knowledge and experience of a certified aircraft technician. As the party primarily responsible for the maintenance and airworthiness of the engine, the owner or user should only have the maintenance work carried out by qualified technicians (corresponding to the iRMT levels).

Documentation required

It is the responsibility of the owner and/or user to make sure that the aircraft technician performing the work on the engine has access to the previous inspection checklist and any other required documents.

SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE CHECKS

Definition

This section lists the periodic inspections which must be carried out after specified periods of operation.

Intervals

Periodic inspections are those which must be performed at 25, 100, 200, 600 hr. intervals in accordance with Chapter 05-20-00 section Maintenance Schedule.

This means for example that **every 100 hr** of operation a 100 hr. check must be carried out. Every 200 hr. of operation a 100 hr. and the additional checks for 200 hr. must be carried out.

| | Intervals -hours | | | | | | |
|--------|------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | 25 hr | 100 hr | 200 hr | 300 hr | 400 hr | 600 hr | 700 hr |
| 100 hr | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| 200 hr | | | Χ | | Χ | Χ | |
| 600 hr | | | | | | Χ | |

2000 hr X

to

100 hr. check or annual check

- In order to demonstrate continued airworthiness, an engine must be inspected after every 100 hours of operation or 12 months.
- For the intervals between maintenance work, a tolerance of ±10 hr. is permissible, but these tolerances must not be exceeded. This means that if a 100 hr. check is actually carried out at 110 hr., the next check will be due at 200 hr. ±10 hr. and not at 210 hr. ±10 hr.
- If maintenance is performed before the prescribed interval, the next maintenance check is to be done at the same interval (e.g. if first 100 hr. check is done after 87 hours of operation, the next 100 hr. check must be carried out after 187 hours of operation).
- If engine has less than 100 hours of operation during one year a 100 hr. check must be carried out. For the annual inspection a tolerance of ±2 months is given.

Special hr. check NOTE

This maintenance schedule contains a column for a 50 hr. check. This check is recommended by the manufacturer but not essential, with the exception of oil change when operating with leaded AVGAS.

25-hr. check

- In order to demonstrate continued airworthiness, an engine must be inspected after the first 25 hours of operation.
- The checks performed at the 25 hr. inspection are the same as for the 100 hr. inspection. This applies both to newly delivered engines and to overhauled engines.

UNSCHEDULED MAINTENANCE CHECKS

Operating limits exceeded

An inspection of the engine must be performed if the operating limits of the engine have been exceeded (e.g. overspeed, excessive temperature etc.), or if unusual operating conditions have occurred during operation (e.g. lightning strike). In such cases the engine must be inspected in accordance with the applicable unscheduled maintenance checks.

Recommends inspections

The manufacturer also recommends the following inspections whenever maintenance is carried out (where not already prescribed by the airframe manufacturer), as possible malfunctions could have negative effects on engine operation.

| part | inspection | possible danger |
|-------------------|---|--|
| Engine cowling | For discoloring and warping | Danger of overheating |
| Exhaust fixation | Re-tighten the exhaust fixation on the cylinder head after the first 2 hr. of operation | Leakage |
| Exhaust | Of the exhaust unit (where nec- essary, replaced application of LOCTITE Anti-Seize) | Risk of fracture, wear. Smooth engine running. |
| Fuel filter | Of fuel filter on airframe side (for foreign bodies, sealing material and loose fragmented material) | Engine may misfire. Power loss. Engine running too lean (Engine malfunction and damage). |
| Electr. fuel pump | Correct function | Insufficient fuel supply. Engine running too lean (Engine malfunction and damage). |
| Battery | Acid concentration for each cell. Observe the manufacturers instruction | Starting problems |
| Oil | For oil contamination Analysis of the oil (provides additional information on the condition of the engine) | Possible engine wear |
| Radiators, Lines | For damage Check for discoloration - and cracks | Danger of overheating |

| part | inspection | possible danger |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|
| Propeller | Undamaged and runs true Carry out dynamically balancing including verification of propeller track | Engine damage, unusual vibrations |
| Aircraft air intake system (NACA intake) | As specified by the aircraft manufacturer | See specifics of manufacturer. |
| Aircraft attachment points of engine suspension | As specified by the aircraft manufacturer | See specifics of manufacturer. |
| Throttle control | As specified by the aircraft manufacturer | See specifics of manufacturer. |
| Governor | As specified by the aircraft manufacturer | See specifics of manufacturer. |

VISUAL INSPECTION

General note The scope of a visual inspection generally includes, but is not necessarily limited to, the

following:

Moving parts Normal operating condition, accurate alignment, leak-tightness, cleanliness, ease of

movement, adjustment, mechanical stress, travel, catching, extreme wear, cracks, corro-

sion, deformation and other visually evident damage.

Parts Secure seating, surface condition, cleanliness, deformation, cracks in welding seams or

due to material fatigue or stress, corrosion and other visually evident damage.

Fuel-, Air- and Oil lines and Hoses

Cracks, dents, kinks, required flexibility, collapsed lines/hoses, abrasion, cleanliness, se-

cure seating and other visually evident damage.

Wiring General cleanliness; loose, corroded or broken terminals; chafed, broken or worn insula-

tion; secure seating, heat damage and other visually evident damage.

Screws and Nuts Surface damage, secure seating, locking wire, securing paint and other visually evident

damage.

Filter and Screens

Filters and screens must be inspected for contamination and potential blockages, cleaned

and replaced as required.

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE PROCEDURES (MAINTENANCE CHECK LIST)

Inspections All stated checks are visual inspections for damage and wear, unless otherwise stated.

Specified period All listed work must be carried out within the specified period.

Maintenance Checks are carried out as per the maintenance check lists, where type and volume of check lists maintenance work is outlined in key words.

• The lists must be photocopied and filled out for each maintenance check.

Extra inspections • The respective check (e.g. 100 hr. check) must be noted on the top of each page of the maintenance check list.

> · All the maintenance work carried out must be initialled in the "signature" area by the aircraft technician performing the task.

Maintenance After maintenance, the completed check lists must be entered in the maintenance records. The maintenance must be confirmed in the log book.

Discrepancies/re-All discrepancies and remedial action must be recorded in a report of findings to be genermedial action ated and maintained by the company authorized to carry out maintenance work. It is the responsibility of the aircraft operator to store and keep the records.

Replacement of Replacement of equipment (e.g. fuel pump, governor...) and execution of SB (AD) must be entered in the engine log book, stating S/N, TSN and date. equipment

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records

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CHECK LIST/MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

| Identification | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | |
| AIRCRAFT | | | | |
| Registration number | | | | |
| Aircraft make | | | | |
| Aircraft model and S/N | | | | |
| Time since new | | | | |
| ENGINE | | | | |
| Engine type | | | | |
| Engine S/N | | | | |
| TSN (time since new) | | | | |
| TSO (time since overhaul) | | | | |
| ECU S/N | | | | |
| FUSE BOX | | | | |
| Used operating fluids: | | | | |
| Coolant | | | | |
| mixture ratio | | | | |
| Fuel | | | | |
| Oil | | | | |
| • type | | | | |
| viscosity | | | | |

| | Identification | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| AIRCRAFT OPERATO | R | | | | | | | | | |
| Name | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contact | | | | | | | | | | |
| Address | | | | | | | | | | |
| Telephone/Fax | | | | | | | | | | |
| E-mail | | | | | | | | | | |
| MAINTENANCE FACIL | .ITY | | | | | | | | | |
| Maintenance workshop | | | | | | | | | | |
| Address | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Telephone/Fax | | | | | | | | | | |
| E-mail | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Certificate | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1 | 1 | ı | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| This check is applicable (circle on) | 25 hr. | 50 hr.) | 100 hr. | 200 hr. | 400 hr. | 600 hr. | 1000 hr. | | | |
|)¹leaded fuel more than | 30% of o | peration | | | | | | | | |
| Next check due at: | | | | | | | hr. | | | |
| | | | | (TS | N |) (en | gine hr.) | | | |

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

Perform the following maintenance tasks at the intervals shown in the maintenance check list. See chapter 05-20-00 25 hr. check.

Legend: X = do the task

blank = no task required

NOTE

If the tasks 1-3 are correct continue with the maintenance schedule.

If one of the tasks 1-3 is not fulfilled, the engine must be checked and repaired in accordance with the BRP-Rotax instructions for continued airworthiness.

| ı | Points | of Insp | pection | l | | In | terval | Opera | ting h | ours | | Chapter Reference | Signa- ture |
|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------------|-------|--------|---------|---------|--------|------|------|--|----------------|
| * no per quireme of opera | ent afte | | | | 25* | 50 | 100 | 200 | 400 | 600 | 1000 | | |
| | | | | | | 1) (| Genera | al note | | | | | |
| All (Aler plied wit these ar | h. If ne | cessar | y to per | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | | |
| All SI-PA and Acc GENUIN cessorie craft are to perfor | essorie NE-RO s used compl | es) for a TAX® - on the ied with | addition -parts a releva n. If nec | al nd ac- nt air- essary | Х | Х | Х | X | Х | Х | Х | | |
| | | | | | 2) Di | fferen | tial pr | essure | chec | k | | | |
| Check the ential properties to the control of the c | essure ssure_ | metho | d. | psi) | | | X(1 | X | | | | 12–20–00 Checking the com- pression | |
| Cyl. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | |
| # | • | | | - | | | | | | | | | |
| bar/ psi | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ⁽¹ use of of opera | | fuel m | ore tha | n 30% | | | | | | | | | |

| Points of Inspection | | Int | terval | Opera | ting h | ours | | Chapter Reference | Signa- ture |
|---|---------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|----------|---------|-----------|--|----------------|
| * no periodic maintenance requirement after the first 25 hours of operation | 25* | 50 | 100 | 200 | 400 | 600 | 1000 | | |
| 3) Inspection of t | he GE | ENUIN | E ROT | AX fu | el filte | r (on t | he air fr | rame) | |
| Visual inspection of the GENUINE ROTAX® fuel filter for leaks. | | | X | | | | | See MM of the aircraft manufactur- er | |
| (2 Applicable only for the first 100 hours since engine replacement or overhaul, or aircraft fuel system work such as hose or tank replacement. | | | X (2 | | | | | | |
| Replacement of the GENUINE RO- TAX® fuel filter (periodic at TSN or TSO > 100 hour) | | | | Х | | | | | |
| If there is no GENUINE ROTAX® fuel manufacturer must be observed. | filter i | n use, | the sp | ecifica | tion of | the air | craft | | |
| | | 4) | Spark | plug | | | | | |
| Check that resistance spark plug connectors fit flighty on the spark plugs. Minimum pull-off force is 30 N (7 lb). | | | | Х | | | | 12–20–00 Inspection of spark plugs | |
| Remove all spark plugs and check for spark plug defects (deposits, melting) Replace if defective Check if GENUINE–ROTAX® spark plugs are used. | Х | | Х | | | | | 12–20–00 Remove the spark plugs | |
| Replacing spark plugs. (3 use of leaded fuel (AVGAS) more than 30% of operation. (4 use of not leaded fuel (MOGAS) more then 90% of operation | | | | X (3 | X(4 | | | 12–20–00 Installation of spark plug | |
| | 5) Ins _l | pectin | g the I | magne | tic plu | ng | | | |
| Check the magnetic plug. | X | | X | | | | | 12–20–00 Inspecting the mag- netic plug | |

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| Points of Inspection | | In | terval | Opera | ting h | ours | | Chapter Reference | Signa- ture |
|--|--------|-------------|---------|----------|---------|----------|------|--|----------------|
| * no periodic maintenance requirement after the first 25 hours of operation | 25* | 50 | 100 | 200 | 400 | 600 | 1000 | | |
| | 6) | Inspe | cting | the oil | filter | | | | |
| Remove old oil filter from engine. Cut old filter without producing any metal chips and inspect components for wear and/or missing material. Filter mat: Findings. | | X (5 | x | | | | | 12–20–00 Inspection of the oil fil- ter compo- nents | |
| (5 use of leaded fuel (AVGAS) more th | an 309 | % of c | peratio | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| . , | | | • | n of th | 0000 | ino | | | |
| | | ai ilis | | ni oi ti | ie erig | ine I | 1 | 40.00.00 | |
| General visual inspection of the engine for damage or abnormalities. Check cooling air duct and cooling fins of the cylinders for obstruction, cracks, wear and good condition. Take note of changes caused by temperature influence. | X | | X | | | | | 12–20–00 Visual inspection | |
| Inspect temperature sensors and oil pressure sensor for secure fit and signs of wear. | Х | | Х | | | | | | |
| Inspect all coolant hoses of the engine for damage, including leakage, hardening from heat, porosity, loose connections and secure attachment. Verify routing is free of kinks and restrictions. | Х | | Х | | | | | 12-20-00 Leakage check | |
| Carry out visual inspection of leakage bore at the base of the water pump for signs of leakage. | Х | | Х | | | | | 12–20–00 Leakage check | |
| Inspect the overflow bottle for damage and abnormalities. Verify coolant level, replenish as necessary. Inspect line from expansion tank to overflow bottle for damage, leakage and clear passage. Inspect venting bore in cap of overflow bottle for clear passage. | Х | | Х | | | | | 12–20–00 Overflow bottle | |

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| Points of Inspection | | In | terval | Opera | ting h | ours | | Chapter Reference | Signa- ture |
|---|-----|----|--------|-------|--------|------|------|--|----------------|
| * no periodic maintenance requirement after the first 25 hours of operation | 25* | 50 | 100 | 200 | 400 | 600 | 1000 | | |
| Inspect all oil lines for damage, leakage, hardening from heat, porosity, security of connections and attachments. Verify routing is free of kinks and restrictions. | X | | Х | | | | | 12–20–00 Leakage check | |
| Inspect all fuel lines for damage, leakage, hardening from heat, porosity, security connections and attachments. Verify routing is free of kinks and restrictions. Check steel fuel lines for any cracks and/or scuffing marks. | X | | X | | | | | 12–20–00 Checking the fuel lines | |
| Inspect the wiring (wiring harness) and its connections for secure fit, damage and signs of wear. | Х | | | Х | | | | 12–20–00 Check of wiring | |
| Inspect engine suspension and fasteners (GENUINE ROTAX®) for secure fit, including damage from heat, deformation, cracks. | Х | | Х | | | | | 12–20–00 Checking the engine suspension | |
| Check the airbox (GENUINE RO-TAX®) incl. air flap actuation. Inspect sensors for tight fit, damage from heat, damage and signs of wear. | X | | Х | | | | | | |
| Inspection of the GENUINE RO- TAX® exhaust system included in the standard delivery. Inspect the ex- haust system for crack formation and uncharacteristic exhaust stains (leaks). | X | | Х | | | | | | |

NOTE

If there is no GENUINE ROTAX® exhaust system in use, the specifications of the manufacturer must be observed.

| Points of Inspection | | In | terval | Opera | iting h | ours | | Chapter Reference | Signa- ture |
|---|--------|-------------|---------|--------|---------|------|------|--|----------------|
| * no periodic maintenance requirement after the first 25 hours of operation | 25* | 50 | 100 | 200 | 400 | 600 | 1000 | | |
| | | 8) | Oil ch | ange | | | | | |
| Drain oil from oil tank. | X | X(6 | X | | | | | 12–20–00 Oil change, Flushing the oil circuit | |
| Check the oil tank and clean the oil tank if contaminated. | | | X(6 | Х | | | | 12–20–00 Oil change, Cleaning the oil tank | |
| Refill oil tank with approx. 3 liters of oil. For oil quality, see Operators Manual (OM) latest edition. | Х | X(6 | Х | | | | | 12–20–00 Purging the oil system | |
| Install new oil filter | Х | X (6 | Х | | | | | 12–20–00 Oil filter change | |
| ⁽⁶ in the case of operation with leaded | fuel e | .g.: A\ | /GAS | 100 LL | | | | | |
| | 9 | 9) Ele | ctric f | uel pu | mp | | | | |
| Check the electric fuel pumps. | | | | | | | Х | 12–20–00 Fuel pumps | |
| | | 10) | Fuels | system | 1 | | | | |
| Inspect the fuel system on the engine side for leaks. | | | Х | | | | | 12–20–00 Fuel system | |
| Inspect the fuel system for damages. | | | Х | | | | | | |
| | 1 | 1) Au | kiliary | altern | ator | | | | |
| On configurations with auxiliary alternator, check the attachment and the V-belt tension. | Х | | Х | | | | | 12–20–00 Checking the V-belt tension | |
| | 12 |) Engi | ine ext | ternal | parts | | | | |
| Inspect screws and nuts of all external parts for tight fit. Inspect safety wiring, replace as necessary. | | | Х | | | | | | |

| Points of Inspection | | In | terval | Opera | ting h | ours | | Chapter Reference | Signa- ture |
|---|-----|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|------|--|----------------|
| * no periodic maintenance requirement after the first 25 hours of operation | 25* | 50 | 100 | 200 | 400 | 600 | 1000 | | |
| | | 13) E | ngine | senso | rs | | | | |
| Check all temperature sensors. | Х | | Х | | | | | | |
| Check all pressure sensors. | Х | | Х | | | | | | |
| Check all exhaust gas temperature sensors. | Х | | Х | | | | | | |
| Check all speed sensors. | Х | | Х | | | | | | |
| Check the throttle control sensor. | Х | | Х | | | | | | |
| Check the knock sensor. | Х | | Х | | | | | | |
| | 14 |) Eng | ine ma | anager | nent | | | | |
| Check the ECU and its mountings. | | | | | | Х | | 12–20–00 Checking ECU | |
| Download the ECU fault memory (fault and data logs). | Х | | Х | | | | | 12–20–00 Read out the ECU da- ta memory | |
| Check the ECU wiring. | Х | | Х | | | | | | |
| Check the throttle valve adjustment. | Х | | Х | | | | | | |
| 15) FUSE BOX | | | | | | | | | |
| Check the FUSE BOX and its mounting. | | | | | | Х | | | |
| Visual inspection of the fuses. | Х | | Х | | | | | | |

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| Points of Inspection | | In | iterval | Opera | ting h | ours | | Chapter Reference | Signa- ture |
|---|----------------------------|-------|---------|---------|---------|------|---|--|----------------|
| * no periodic maintenance requirement after the first 25 hours of operation | 25* | 50 | 100 | 200 | 400 | 600 | 1000 | | |
| 16 |) Che | cking | the pr | opelle | r gear | box | • | | |
| Check gear set (pittings). | | | | | | | Х | See Heavy Mainte- nance Chap. 72–10–00 | |
| Check wear on tooth of overload clutches. | | | | | | | Х | See Heavy Mainte- nance Chap. 72–10–00 | |
| Gearboxes with overload clutch. Inspect overload clutch | | | | | | | Х | 05–50–00 Checking the over- load clutch | |
| | l7) Ch | eckin | g the d | cooling | g syste | em | | | |
| Inspect the expansion tank for damage and abnormalities. Check coolant level, replenish as necessary. Inspect radiator cap. Inspect protection rubber on expansion tank base for correct fit. | X | | X | | | | | 12–20–00 Expansion tank, radia- tor cap | |
| Flush the cooling system if large deposits on the expansion tank or on radiator cap and/or if the coolant manufacturer requires a change interval. | when replacing the coolant | | | | | | 12–20–00 Flushing the cooling system | | |

| Points of Inspection | | In | terval | Opera | ting h | ours | | Chapter Reference | Signa- ture |
|---|----------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|
| * no periodic maintenance requirement after the first 25 hours of operation | 25* | 50 | 100 | 200 | 400 | 600 | 1000 | | |
| | | 18) Er | ngine d | cleanii | ng | | | | |
| Engine cleaning. | Х | | Х | | | | | 12–20–20 Engine cleaning | |
| 19) Pro | e-engi | ne tes | st run | – Liqu | id leve | el chec | k | | |
| Verify liquid level, replenish as necessary. | Х | | Х | | | | | 12–10–00 Fluid capacities | |
| | | 20) E | ngine | test ru | ın | | | | |
| Observe the safety instructions! | | | | | | | | | |
| Start the engine and run to operating temperature. Limits see Operators Manual 912 I Series. Ignition check at rpm engine speed. Speed drop without LANE: A (Off) rpm B (Off) rpm A/B (difference) rpm Checking the idle speed. After engine test run, re-tighten the oil filter by hand (only at cold engine). Checks for leaks. | X | | X | | | | | 12–20–00 Test run of engine | |
| Returning engine to service On the engine identified as per point 5 Check athr. (TSN, TSO_ facturer and was recorded in the Engil Location, Date_ Inspector_ Aircraft mechanic_ Certificate No | _) was ne Log | carrie I book | | accordi | ng to r | ecomn | the nendation | | ne manu- |

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Chapter: 05-50-00 UNSCHEDULED MAINTENANCE CHECKS

TOPICS IN THIS CHAPTER

| Engine check after propeller strike incidents | |
|---|----|
| Removal of the propeller gearbox | |
| Drive gear — removal | |
| Propeller Strike Inspection | |
| Installation of propeller gearbox | |
| Checking of the overload clutch | 15 |
| Examination after engine failure | 18 |
| Returning engine to service after submerging in water | 19 |
| Inspection in extreme climatic conditions | 21 |
| Diminished functional capability of EMS | 21 |
| Returning engine to service after influence by fire | 21 |
| Exceeding of max. admissible engine RPM | 22 |
| Exceeding of max. coolant temperature | 24 |
| Non compliance with the coolant specification | |
| Checking of the Cooling system / radiator cap | 27 |
| Exceeding the max. permissible oil temperature | 34 |
| Oil pressure below minimum value | 36 |
| Oil specification not respected | 38 |
| Spark plug not in accordance with specification | 40 |
| Non compliance of fuel quality | 40 |
| Smooth performance of the engine | |
| Lightning strike | 42 |
| Reporting | 43 |

Introduction

Special checks must be carried out before next or further flights in the event of an engine fault (e.g. abnormal operation as defined in the Operators Manual (OM) which impairs the airworthiness of the engine.

NOTICE

In the course of special checks specify if additional checks for components (e.g. hydraulic governor) are applicable. After each special check/repair work, an engine test run and a leakage check must be carried out.

NOTICE

Observe without fail all the specified instructions.

ENGINE CHECK AFTER PROPELLER STRIKE INCIDENTS

Definition

A propeller strike is:

Any incident while the engine is stationary or running which makes it necessary to perform repairs on the propeller.



See Service Letter

SL-912 i-001, current edition.

REMOVAL OF THE PROPELLER GEARBOX

Preparation

Before the propeller gearbox is removed, the work described below must be carried out to identify any further malfunctions in the propeller gearbox and rectify them as part of repair work.

NOTICE

If these checks are omitted, it may be necessary to dismantle the propeller gearbox again to rectify any faults after it has been repaired.

- General visual inspection. See Chapter 12–20–00
- Engine cleaning. See Chapter 12-20-00
- Carry out an engine test run. See Chapter 12–20–00
- · Remove surrounding assemblies and detach oil lines
- · Remove external Alternator if installed.

NOTE

The assemblies and lines are only to be removed if necessary and only as far as is necessary!

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 1 | Lock the crankshaft into place. See Chapter 12-20-00. |
| 2 | Remove eight Allen screws M6 and two Allen screws M8 together with the washers from the gear cover diagonally from each other. The gear cover is aligned with two dowel pins. |
| 3 | Install puller part no. 877660 onto the two threaded bolts M8 of the gear cover. |
| 4 | The entire propeller gearbox can now be removed without damaging the ball bearing or propeller shaft. |

NOTICE

When removing the propeller gearbox, take care not to damage the bearing point and the oil seal running surface (on the roller bearing side) of the propeller shaft.

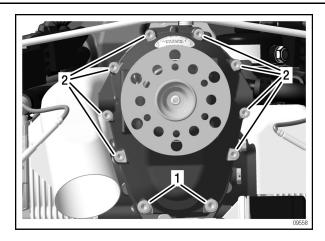


Figure 5.1: Screw position identification

1 Allen screw M8

2 Allen screw M6

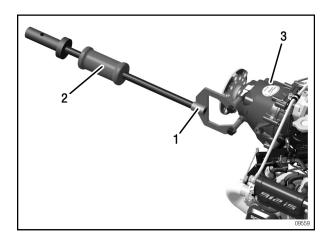


Figure 5.2

1 Puller part no. 877660

2 Handle

3 Gear cover

Alternative NOTE

If desired, the compact special tool part no. 877540 can be used to remove the propeller gearbox.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Insert the dowel pin 8x20 into the bore on the right and left of the gearbox housing. |
| 2 | Install hex. screw M6x40 into the pushing jig assy. |
| 3 | Put the pushing jig assy. in the center and fix it with a hex. screw M10x20. |
| 4 | Using the hex. screw, press the gearbox housing off from the crankcase simultaneously on the right and left. |

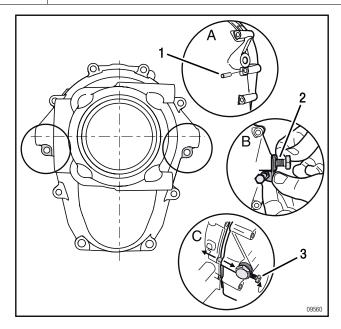


Figure 5.3

1 Dowel pin 8x20

3 Hex. screw M6x40

2 Hex. screw M10x20

DRIVE GEAR — REMOVAL

NOTICE

The large and small gears are considered the same part (with the same part number and same serial number). They must not be mixed up with other gear sets.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 1 | Lock the crankshaft into place. See Chapter 12-20-00. |
| 2 | Heat the hex. nut M30x1.5 with the hot air gun 100–120 °C (212–248 ° F). |
| 3 | Turn clockwise (left hand threads) to loosen hex. nut M30x1.5 with socket wrench SW 41 part no. 877445. |

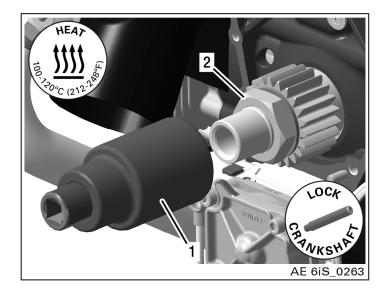


Figure 5.4

1 Socket wrench SW 41 part no. 877445 2 Hex. nut M30x1.5

| , | Step | Procedure |
|---|------|--|
| | 4 | Remove the drive gear and the friction washer from the crankshaft. |

NOTE

If necessary, carefully lever off the drive gear with 2 screwdrivers.

NOTE

The gear set (large and small drive gear) are part of the gearbox assy. and both must be included if sending gearbox out for inspection or overhaul.

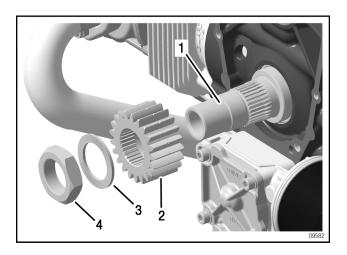


Figure 5.5

- 1 Crankshaft
- 3 Friction washer

- 2 Drive gear
- 4 Hex. nut M30x1.5

PROPELLER STRIKE INSPECTION

General note

NOTICE

Damage to a propeller is serious and can cause the engine to be unairworthy.

After any propeller strike the following inspections must be performed before operation can continue. Some of the following inspections and procedures may require specialized tools and test equipment i.e. clutch disassembly and assembly in accordance with the current Maintenance Manual Heavy (MMH) and need a valid IRMT training.



See latest Maintenance Manual Heavy (MMH) for the respective engine type.

NOTE

See Service Letter SL-912 i-001 "Definition for propeller strike or accidental engine stoppage, current issue.

May 01/2023

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Remove the propeller as per the airframe and propeller manufacturer's instructions. |
| 2 | Inspect the engine for damage. If any damage is detected, inspect, repair or overhaul the whole engine in accordance with the relevant Manual. Inspect all systems for correct function. |
| 3 | Inspect additional components like e.g. propeller governor, vacuum pump, external generator. Observe the manufacturer's instruction(s). |



Observe all relevant directives from the aircraft manufacturer.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Remove the gearbox assy. according to Chapter 05-50-00 section "Removal of the propeller gearbox". |
| 2 | Perform a crankshaft out-of roundness inspection on PTO side. See Chapter 72-10-00 Maintenance Manual Heavy (MMH). |
| 3 | Gearboxes with Genuine ROTAX® overload clutch installed: — Remove the drive gear from the crankshaft. See Chapter 05-50-00 section "Removal of the drive gear". |
| or 3 | Gearboxes without Genuine ROTAX® overload clutch installed: — Perform a crankshaft distortion inspection. See Maintenance Manual Heavy (MMH) Chapter 72-00-00, continue as following: — Remove the drive gear from the crankshaft. See Chapter 05-50-00 section "Removal of the drive gear". |

NOTE

Next steps need a valid iRMT training level for all tasks required by the Maintenance Manual Heavy (MMH).

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 1 | These components need to be further inspected by authorized persons (iRMT Level minimum Heavy Maintenance). |

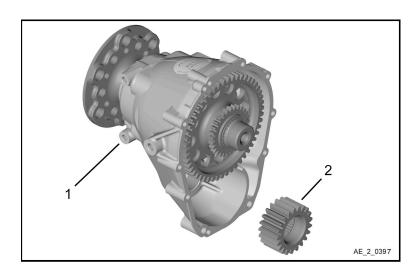


Figure 5.6: Components for inspection

1 Propeller gear assy.

2 Drive gear



See latest Illustrated Parts Catalog (IPC) for the respective engine type.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 2 | Inspect , repair or perform service of the whole gearbox in accordance with Chapter 72-10-00 of the latest Maintenance Manual Heavy (MMH). |
| 3 | Perform NDT inspection of the propeller shaft, gear cover assy. and gear set. |

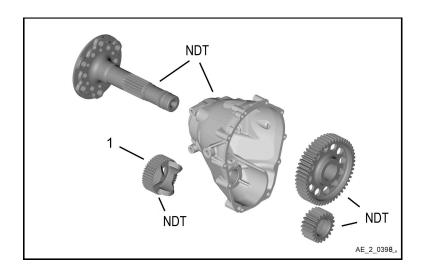


Figure 5.7: NDT inspection

1 Dog hub wide

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 4 | If cracks are detected on any these components the parts need to be replaced. |

These parts need to be replaced 100% in course of a propeller strike inspection.

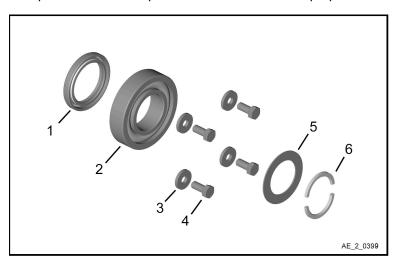


Figure 5.8: 100% replacement parts after propeller strike

- 1 Oil seal AS 40x55x7
- 3 Washer 7.2/18.8/3
- 5 Thrust washer 33.2/51/1.2
- 2 Ball bearing 6207 TN6,35-72-17
- 4 Hex. screw M7x16
- 6 Ring half

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 5 | Disassemble overload clutch. See Chapter 72-10-00 Maintenance Manual Heavy (MMH). |
| 6 | Check all given wear limits about the gearbox assy. See Chapter 72-10-00 Maintenance Manual Heavy (MMH) section "Inspection" and "Wear Limits". |
| 7 | If a part is not within given limits or has unusual wear or damage, the part needs to be replaced. |

| NOTICE |
|--|
| All gaskets, O-rings and oil seals must be replaced! |

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 8 | Assembly gearbox. See Chapter 72-10-00 Maintenance Manual Heavy (MMH) section "Assembly". |

NOTE

Next steps need a valid iRMT training level for all tasks required by the Maintenance Manual Line (MML).

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 1 | Re-install drive gear in accordance with Chapter 05-50-00 and check the crankshaft for out of roundness. See Chapter 72-10-00 Maintenance Manual Heavy (MMH). |
| 2 | For installation of the gearbox, see Chapter 05-50-00. |
| 3 | Perform an engine test run in accordance with Chapter 12-20–00. |
| 4 | Make an entry in the engine logbook detailing the work carried out. |

INSTALLATION OF PROPELLER GEARBOX

Preparation

NOTICE

No hammering or pressing!

The drive gear must only be pushed on by hand.

NOTICE

Ensure that the friction washer is in the correct installation position.

NOTICE

The dog and drive gears are in pairs.

Only use parts with the same serial number.

- · Clean and degrease all parts carefully
- Remove LOCTITE adhesive residue with LOCTITE 7063
- · Visual inspection of the crankshaft on the power take off side
- Lock the crankshaft into place. See Chapter 12–20–00 section Locking/Loosen of the crankshaft

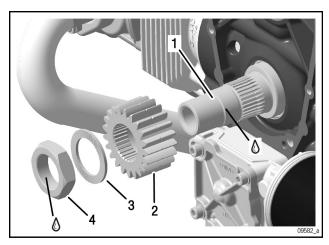


Figure 5.9

- 1 Crankshaft (power take off side)
- 3 Friction washer VS-30
- 2 Drive gear
- 4 Hex. nut 30x1.5

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Push the drive gear onto the crankshaft. |

NOTE

Due to limited tolerances, it may be difficult to push the drive gear onto the end of the crankshaft. If necessary, turn it and push it on in another position.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 2 | Secure the hex. nut M30x1.5 with LOCTITE 648 and screw it counter clockwise left hand threads onto the crankshaft along with the friction washer VS-30. Tightening torque 300 Nm (221 ft.lb.). |

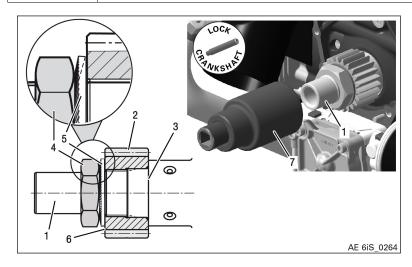


Figure 5.10

- 1 Crankshaft (power take off side)
- 3 Crankshaft
- 5 Friction washer VS-30
- 7 Socket wrench SW 41 part no. 877445
- 2 Drive gear
- 4 Hex. nut M30x1.5
- 6 Serial number

| NOTICE |
|---|
| The sealing surface must be free from dirt and oil. |

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 3 | Unlock the crankshaft. See Chapter 12-20-00 section |
| 4 | Inspect the run-out. See also Chapter 72-10-00 section Wear limits. (CS24) |



See Maintenance Manual Heavy (MMH) for the engine type 912 i Series Chapter 72-10-00 section Wear limits (CS24).

NOTE

If there is slight vertical run-out, replace the nut and repeat the measurement.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 5 | Insert 2 dowel pins 6x20 into the crankcase. |
| 6 | Apply engine assembly grease into the roller bearing and lubricate the crankshaft with a small amount of LOCTITE Anti Seize. |

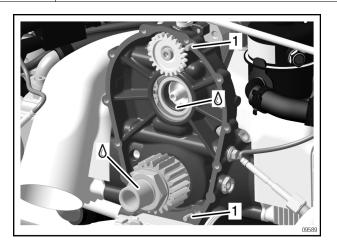


Figure 5.11

1 Dowel pins 6x20

| NOTICE |
|---|
| The sealing surface must be free from dirt and oil. |

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 7 | Clean both sealing surfaces with LOCTITE 7063 or equivalent cleaner. |
| 8 | Apply a thin layer of LOCTITE 5910 surface sealing compound to the sealing surface of the gearbox housing. |
| 9 | Fit gearbox into position, carefully aligning crankshaft, dowels and gears. |

NOTE

Move the propeller shaft a little to allow the drive gear to engage.

| NOTICE |
|--|
| If excessive installation force is used, the bearing or vacuum pump gear can be damaged. |

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 10 | Tap gently on the gearbox housing with a soft-faced hammer to position the gearbox on the crankcase. |

NOTE

If there is a large amount of resistance at a gap of approximately 10 mm, the bearing rollers of the roller bearing may not be in position.

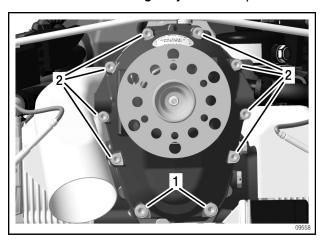


Figure 5.12: Screw position identification

1 Allen screw M8

2 Allen screw M6

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 11 | Tighten 2 Allen screws M8x45and 8 Allen screws M6x45 with washers 6.4 diagonally from each other. Tightening torque M6: 10 Nm (89 in.lb.). Tightening torque M8: 24 Nm (18 ft.lb.). |

CHECKING OF THE OVERLOAD CLUTCH

General note

In the event of lead deposits and/or if slipping is suspected, it will be necessary to check the overload clutch..

NOTE

Slipping of overload clutch is apparent if at engine speed rise, the propeller speed does not increase at the same rate.

NOTE

The engine should be run for a short time prior to the test, otherwise there is the risk of the clutch "drying out", resulting in a higher torque.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 1 | Remove the propeller as per manufacturers instruction. |
| 2 | Lock the crankshaft. See Chapter 12-20-00 section Locking/loosen of the crankshaft. |
| 3 | Install a torque multiplier (or use a extension bar) of respective specification (1000 Nm /738 ft.lb.) on the propeller flange. |
| | NOTE |
| | Because of difficult measurement of the slipping torque the break-away torque is measured. |

NOTICE

Danger of damage to the engine suspension!

Depending on the engine installation (e.g. in the case of extremely lightweight engine suspension), the gearbox must be removed and the test carried out on a suitable mounting attachment.

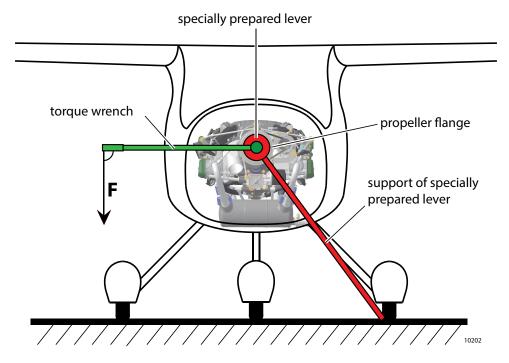


Figure 5.13: Front view

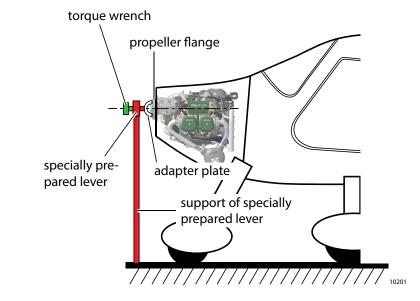


Figure 5.14: Side view

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 4 | Attach and adjust outrigger of the torque multiplier. If the engine is mounted in an aircraft, this one must be supported/fixed to the ground. |
| | NOTE |
| | Due to the torque multiplier the effective direction of the support device is opposite to the input direction of rotation |
| 5 | Connect torque wrench to torque multiplier. |
| 6 | Turn over the clutch 3 times. |
| 7 | Inspect the breakaway torque on the torque wrench. |
| | NOTE |
| | Check transmission ratio of the torque multiplier. The measurement must be repeated a few times (min. 2x) in order to obtain a stable value. |
| 8 | Compare the measured value with the limits. If the value is greater or smaller than the limit values, the overload clutch must be inspected, repaired or overhauled in accordance with the BRP-Rotax instructions for continued airworthiness. |

| Breakaway torque | | |
|------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Engine type | minimum Limit | maximum Limit |
| 912 iS | 600 Nm (442 ft.lb) | 800 Nm (590 ft.lb.) |
| 912 iS/iSc Sport | 700 Nm (516 ft.lb.) | 900 Nm (664 ft.lb.) |

NOTICE

Possible damage to the gearbox and slipping of the overload clutch.

The maximum limit must not be exceeded. Values below the minimum limit may cause a slipping of the overload clutch that result in an overspeed.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 9 | Remove torque multiplier and torque wrench. |
| 10 | Remove the crankshaft. Locking pin, replace screw with new gasket ring. See Chapter 12-20-00 section Locking/loosen of the crankshaft. |
| 11 | Install the propeller according to the manufacturers instruction. |

EXAMINATION AFTER ENGINE FAILURE

General note

In order to find possible causes of the failure, it is important to pass on all available data. Observations on the aircraft and the engine suspension can also be of help. It is important to pay particular attention to any of the following engine phenomena to facilitate troubleshooting.

Engine

| Engine runs erratically and misfires | |
|--|---|
| part | possible cause |
| Fuel system | fuel supply vapour locks contamination |
| Ignition system (, wiring connectors, charging coil, ignition switch.ECU, FUSE BOX Spark plug, wire and socket | malfunction grounding defect wrong spark plug connection loose connection |

Rough running engine

| Rough running engine | |
|----------------------|---|
| part | possible cause |
| Ignition | wiring (assignment fault) |
| Engine | engine temperature too low wrong intake air |
| | |

Engine stoppage

NOTICE

Should one of the above mentioned items occur even for a short time then a detailed check of the engine is necessary. The fault needs to be located and corrected.

| Unintended engine stoppage by seizing | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| part | possible cause |
| Oil system | oil pressure too low or no oil pressure oil shortage contamination plugged / restricted venting of oil tank |
| Oil pump | damaged rotors or drive pin |
| Camshaft bearings/Conrod bearings | damage and wear (low oil pressure) |

NOTICE

The entire assembly must be dismantled, inspected and repaired.

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- The whole engine must be inspected, repaired or overhauled in accordance with the BRP-Rotax instructions for continued airworthiness.
- · Inspect all systems for correct functioning.
- · Detailed inspection of affected engine components.

Cylinder head

A rise in cylinder head temperature above normal operating limits (see Operators Manual (OM)) is a clear signal for a failure in the cooling system.

| Cylinder head temperature or coolant temperature too high | |
|---|---|
| part | possible cause |
| Cooling system | not enough coolant insufficient venting and/or overflow tank restrictions |
| Return valve, pressure relief valve in cap | malfunction |
| Radiator | contaminated sealing of radiator to cowling poor cooling flow |
| Radiator cap | leaking |
| Water pump | contamination, malfunction, leakage bore |

RETURNING ENGINE TO SERVICE AFTER SUBMERGING IN WATER

General note

NOTICE The engine must be marked clearly "Engine submerged in water". Define if it was fresh water or salt water.

An engine which has been submerged in water must be inspected, repaired or overhauled in accordance with the BRP-Rotax instructions for continued airworthiness. See current Maintenance Manual of the respective engine type.

Inspection

· Inspect all systems for correct functioning.

NOTE

Prior to the detailed inspection, all parts should be cleaned and inspected for corrosion. For accessories (e.g. vacuum pump, fuel filter etc.) the instructions and specifications of the corresponding manufacturer must be followed.

Complete inspection of these components:

power supplycooling system

gearbox
 valve train system

engine suspension frameexhaust system

fuel system
 lubrication system

cylinder unit
 start system

In most cases an overhaul is necessary, in this regard the engine has to be overhauled according to the current Overhaul Manual (OHM) for the respective engine type. Overhaul Manual (OHM) and its appendix is available for any appropriately rated person or entity on request and by following the standards of the original manufacturer.

If an engine was submerged into water, all electrical components (e. g.: electric fuel pumps, ignition coils, stators, spark plugs, spark plug connectors, FUSE BOX, sensors, ECU, wiring harness) must be replaced.

NOTE

Discoloration or corrosion are signs of submerging in water.

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INSPECTION IN EXTREME CLIMATIC CONDITIONS

General note

NOTICE

Every 25 hr. checks of air filter, coolant radiator and oil cooler are necessary.

Flying in deserts or areas with heavily contaminated or dusty air causes increased wear on all components. For this reason, shorter maintenance intervals are recommended.

Flying in areas with extreme climatic conditions or in extreme altitudes requires adjustment of the cooling system. To do this, it is necessary to contact the aircraft manufacturer and ROTAX® Authorized Distributor or their independent Service Center.

DIMINISHED FUNCTIONAL CAPABILITY OF EMS

General note NOTE

The diminished functional capability of EMS must be entered by the pilot into the engine log book, stating duration extent of diminished functional capability and all pertinent details.

· Perform engine inspection.

Read out the ECU data memory and check the data for details of diminished functional capability. Perform the corresponding inspections/repairs depending on the functional defects found.

RETURNING ENGINE TO SERVICE AFTER INFLUENCE BY FIRE

General note

An engine after influence by fire must be inspected, repaired or overhauled according to the BRP-Rotax instructions for continued airworthiness.

Inspection

· Inspect all systems for correct functioning.

NOTE

Prior to the detailed inspection, all parts should be cleaned and inspected for burn penetration or melted materials.

If an engine was influenced by fire, first a visual inspection of all parts has to be done and then a hardness test of all mechanical parts must be performed (e. g.: crankcase, cylinder, cylinder heads etc.).

In most cases an overhaul is necessary, in this regard the engine has to be overhauled according to the current Overhaul Manual (OHM) for the respective engine type. Overhaul Manual (OHM) and its appendix is available for any appropriately rated person or entity on request and by following the standards of the original manufacturer.

EXCEEDING OF MAX. ADMISSIBLE ENGINE RPM

General note

NOTICE

Any exceeding of the max. admissible engine RPM must be entered by the pilot into the engine log book stating duration extent of overspeeding and pertinent detail.

Read out the ECU data memory and check the data for details of increased engine speed. Perform the corresponding inspections/repairs depending on the functional defects found.

5800 rpm up to max. 6200 rpm

If the limit was exceeded for max. 1 minute up to 6200 rpm

| Step | Procedure |
|------|------------------------|
| 1 | No action is required. |

5800 rpm up to max. 6200 rpm

If the limit was exceeded for more than 1 minute up to 6200 rpm.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Check that the push-rods are straight. See Chapter 72- 00-00 of the latest Maintenance Manual Heavy (MMH). |

6200 rpm up to max. 6500 rpm

If the limit was exceeded for max. 1 minute up to 6500 rpm.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Check that the push-rods are straight. |

6200 rpm up to max. 6500 rpm

If the limit was exceeded for more than 1 minute up to 6500 rpm.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 1 | The whole engine must be inspected, repaired or overhauled in accordance with the BRP-Rotax instructions for continued airworthiness. |
| 2 | Check that the push-rods are straight. |
| 3 | Inspect the crankshaft for out-of-roundness and distortion. See Chapter 72-00-00 of the latest Maintenance Manual Heavy (MMH). |
| 4 | Inspect all systems for correct functioning. |
| 5 | Detailed inspection of affected engine components. |

more than 6500 rpm

If the speed of 6500 rpm was exceeded.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 1 | The whole engine must be inspected, repaired or overhauled in accordance with the BRP-Rotax instructions for continued airworthiness. |
| 2 | Check cylinder differential pressure. |
| 3 | Check that the push-rods are straight. |
| 4 | Check if piston had contact with valve. |
| 5 | Check for out of roundness of valves. |
| 6 | Replace the crankshaft. The crankshaft has to be inspected in according to the current Overhaul Manual (OHM) for the respective engine type. Overhaul Manual (OHM) and its appendix is available for any appropriately rated person or entity on request and by following the standards of the original manufacturer. |
| 7 | Inspect all systems for correct functioning. |
| 8 | Detailed inspection of affected engine components. |

EXCEEDING OF MAX. COOLANT TEMPERATURE

General note

NOTICE

If the maximum coolant temperature is exceeded, other limits are also often exceeded, e.g. oil temperature. Please observe the relevant instructions.

NOTE

Any exceeding of the max. admissible coolant temperature must be entered by the pilot into the engine log book, stating duration, extent of excess temperature and pertinent detail.

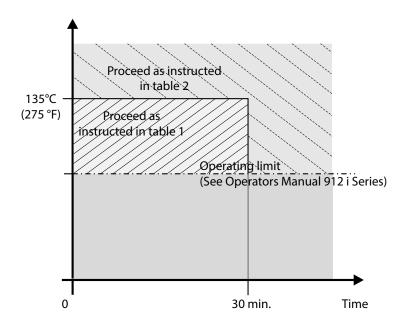


Figure 5.15: Overview and proceed:

Temperature exceeded briefly

| Table 1: Temperature exceeded less than 30 min. | |
|---|---|
| Step | Procedure |
| 1 | The whole cooling system must be inspected, repaired or overhauled in accordance with the BRP-Rotax instructions for continued airworthiness. |

| Table 1: Temperature exceeded less than 30 min. | |
|---|--|
| Step | Procedure |
| 2 | Inspect all further systems for correct functioning. |
| 3 | Carry out detailed inspection of the affected engine components such as: |
| | Leakage check on the cooling system. |
| | Check that the cylinder head attachment is fitted securely. If any of the cylinder head nuts are loose, proceed as instructed in sec. "Excess tem- perature of over 180 °C (356 °F) and/or for longer than 30 min.". |
| | Check all coolant fittings (feed/outflow) for secure fit. |

Exceeded for longer than 30 min. or more than 135 °C (275 °F)

| Tab | Table 2: Exceeded for longer than 30 min. or more than 135 °C (275 °F) | |
|------|--|--|
| Step | Procedure | |
| 1 | The whole cooling system must be inspected, repaired or overhauled in accordance with the BRP-Rotax instructions for continued airworthiness. | |
| 2 | Inspect all further systems for correct functioning. | |
| 3 | Carry out detailed inspection of the affected engine components. | |
| 4 | Check compression by carrying out a differential compression check. | |
| 5 | All cylinder heads and cylinders must be removed and subjected to a detailed check including hardness testing. See chapter 72-00-00 of the Maintenance Manual (MMH). | |

NON COMPLIANCE WITH THE COOLANT SPECIFICATION

General note

NOTICE

Use only coolant as recommended in the current Operators Manual (OM) and SI-912 i-001 "Selection of suitable operation fluids", current issue.

| Non compliance with the coolant specification | |
|---|---|
| Step | Procedure |
| 1 | When a different coolant than the former one (conventional coolant) used, then the coolant system has to be flushed. See Chapter 12-20-00 section Flushing the cooling system. |
| 2 | Fill expansion tank with new coolant (highest point of the coolant system). See Chapter 12-10-00 section Coolant check/replenish. |
| 3 | Re-install the radiator cap. |
| 4 | NOTE Run engine for a minute and replenish as required. |

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CHECKING OF THE COOLING SYSTEM / RADIATOR CAP

General

Cooling system / radiator cap. check in case of unusual leakage and deposits or exceeding of max. cooling system temperature.

△ WARNING

Risk of burns and scalds. Hot engine parts.

Always allow engine to cool down to ambient temperature before starting work.

△ WARNING

Risk of Burns!

Never open the radiator cap when the cooling system is hot. For safety's sake, cover cap with a rag and open slowly. Sudden opening of the cap could provoke the escape of boiling coolant and result in scalding.

ENVIRONMENTAL NOTE

Protect the environment.

Do not harm the environment by spilling coolant. Dispose of coolant in an environmentally friendly manner.

Special tool

NOTE

Use suitable manual pump with manometer or pressurized-air hose with suitable pressure reduction valve for testing.



Figure 5.16: Special tool

Instruction NOTE

Perform a visual check of the entire cooling system, check for chafing and coolant residue.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 1 | Remove one coolant hose at the upper outlet elbow on the cylinder head, hold the hose up and drain the hose and expansion tank. |
| | NOTE |
| | It is important to have a container of adequate size ready to capture the coolant before removing the hose. |

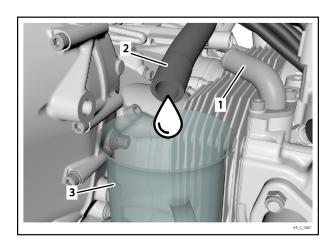


Figure 5.17: TYPICAL

1 Coolant outlet elbow

2 Upper coolant hose

3 Clean container

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 2 | Seal the open elbow side with a temporary piece of coolant hose, with a plug inserted in the open end. The plug needs to hold a pressure of 2 bar (29 psi). |
| | NOTE |
| | Use standard coolant water hose part no. 922250 and self compensating clamp 25 part no. 851645 to secure. Plug diameter 12 -13 mm (0.473 in0.512 in.). |

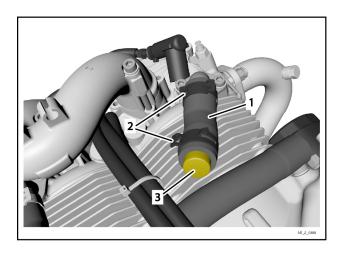


Figure 5.18: TYPICAL

- 1 water hose part no. 922250
- 2 Self compensating clamp 25 part no. 851645

3 Plug

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 3 | To the open coolant hose, attach an adapter and connect to a manual pump or pressure reduction valve. Use the standard spring clamp to secure the hose on the adapter. |

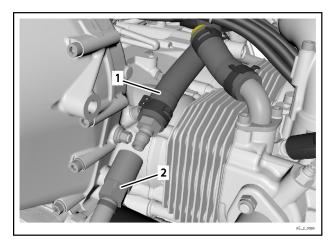


Figure 5.19: TYPICAL

- 1 Hose to expansion tank
- 2 To pressure source

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 4 | Remove the connection hose from expansion tank to overflow bottle and install a temporary clear hose. |
| 5 | Refill the cooling system at the expansion tank and overflow bottle to standard levels. |
| 6 | Apply small amount of coolant to rubber surfaces inside cap (provides lubrication to prevent binding). Tighten the radiator cap by hand. |
| | NOTE The radiator cap must be tightened until the stop lug is contacted |

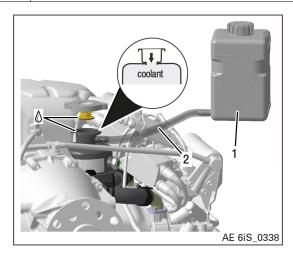


Figure 5.20

1 Overflow bottle

2 Temporary clear hose

| Ste | р | Procedure |
|-----|---|--|
| | 7 | Turn the propeller slowly by hand in the normal direction of rotation several times. Check cooling liquid level again, if necessary replenish. |
| | 8 | Pressurize the expansion tank up to relief pressure of the cap, indicated by rising bubbles in the clear hose. |

| NOTICE |
|---|
| Do not relieve pressure via opening the radiator cap. Use pressure relief unit on pump. |

NOTICE Use only coolant as recommended in the current Operators Manual (OM).

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 9 | Check if the relief pressure lies within following limits for both radiator cap types. |
| | Min. relief pressure: 1.2 bar (17.4 psi) |
| | Max. relief pressure: 1.6 bar (23.2 psi) |
| 10 | If relief pressure is higher than the max. or lower than the min. relief pressure, replace the radiator cap with new and repeat the test. |
| 11 | If min. pressure cannot be achieved, or pressure cannot be maintained - check the system to find the leakage. |

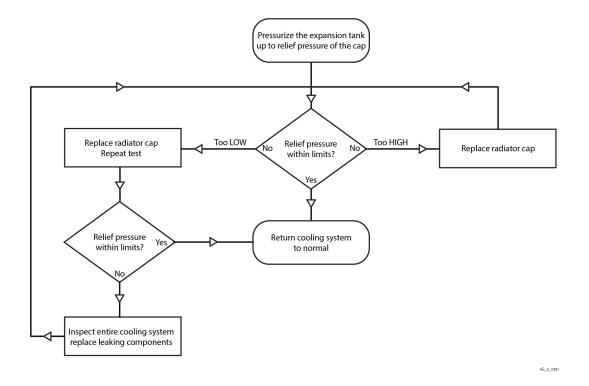


Figure 5.21

△ WARNING

Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

For static, on-ground testing of the coolant system only. Do not run the engine while configured for pressure testing.

NOTE

To make the entire cooling system check easier, the coolant may be entirely drained, and the system pressurized with air only, up to 1.6 bar (23.2 psi.). Check can be performed with leak detection fluid to locate the leakage.

After replacing any part of cooling system perform cooling system check again to make sure the system works correctly.

Return coolant system to normal operating configuration.

Engine test run

Engine test run is necessary:

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 1 | Operate the engine until temperatures have stabilized for a period of 5 minute (engine oil temperature between 50 to 70 °C (122 to 160 °F). |
| 2 | Switch the engine "OFF". |
| 3 | Allow the engine to cool down. |
| 4 | Check for leaks. |
| 5 | Check the coolant level and top up with coolant as required. |

EXCEEDING THE MAX. PERMISSIBLE OIL TEMPERATURE

General note

NOTICE

If the max. permissible oil temperature is exceeded, other limits are often exceeded, too, e.g. the cylinder head temperature and coolant temperature. Please observe the relevant instructions.

NOTE

Any exceeding of the max. admissible oil temperature must be entered by the pilot into the engine log book, stating duration and extent of excessive temperature and pertinent detail.

Read out the ECU data memory and check the data for details of increased oil temperature. Perform the corresponding inspections/repairs depending on the functional defects found.

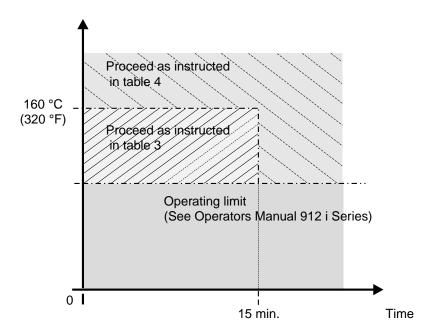


Figure 5.22: Overview and proceed

Exceeding up to max. 160 °C (320 °F)

| Table 3: Excess temperature up to max. 160 °C (320 °F) max. 15 min. | |
|---|---|
| Step | Procedure |
| 1 | The whole oil system must be inspected, repaired or overhauled in accordance with the BRP-Rotax instructions for continued airworthiness. |
| 2 | Inspect oil level in the oil tank. |
| 3 | Inspect oil cooler for contamination and check the entire oil circuit for correct functioning. |
| 4 | Check that oil lines are routed correctly and undamaged. |
| 5 | Cut oil filter housing and inspect filter mat for foreign matter. |
| 6 | Carry out oil change. |
| 7 | Inspect all further systems for correct functioning. |

Exceeding over 160 °C (320 °F)

| Table 4: Excess temperature over 160 °C (320 °F) and/or the operating limit for longer than 15 min. | | |
|---|---|--|
| Step | Procedure | |
| 1 | The whole oil system must be inspected, repaired or overhauled in accordance with the BRP-Rotax instructions for continued airworthiness. | |
| 2 | Inspect all further systems for correct functioning. | |
| 3 | Carry out detailed inspection of the affected engine components. | |
| 4 | The whole oil system (oil cooler, oil lines) must be inspected. | |
| 5 | Cut oil filter housing and inspect filter mat for foreign matter. | |
| 6 | Carry out oil change. | |

OIL PRESSURE BELOW MINIMUM VALUE

General note

NOTICE

If the oil pressure falls below the minimum value, other limits are often exceeded, e.g. the oil temperature. Please observe the relevant instructions.

NOTE

Any exceeding of the min. admissible oil pressure must be entered by the pilot into the engine log book, stating duration and extent of excessive pressure and pertinent details.

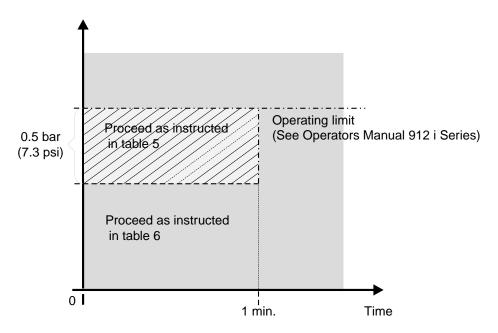


Figure 5.23: Overview and instruction

Oil pressure below minimum oil pressure on the ground

If noticed **on ground**, immediately stop the engine and determine the cause.

· Inspect the complete lubrication system, trace cause and rectify.

If the oil pressure falls below the minimum value up to max. 0.5 bar (7.25 psi) and for max. 1 min., the cause must be determined.

| Table 5: Oil pressure below minimum permissible oil pressure up to max. 0.5 bar (7.25 psi) max. 1 min. in flight | | |
|--|---|--|
| Step | Procedure | |
| 1 | Inspect all oil lines for restrictions and clear passage. | |
| 2 | Verify oil quantity. | |
| 3 | Inspect pressure sensor and connector. | |
| 4 | Inspect indicating instrument to specifications of the manufacturer, replace as required. | |
| 5 | Inspect crankcase pressure (See Installation Manual (IM), latest issue.). | |
| 6 | If no cause for the low oil pressure is found after the above checks, carry out an oil change. | |
| 7 | If after the previous checks and oil change the oil pressure is still too low, repair or overhaul the engine in accordance with the BRP-Rotax instructions for continued airworthiness. | |
| 8 | Inspect all systems for correct functioning. | |
| 9 | Carry out detailed inspection of the affected engine components. | |

NOTICE

Replace the oil cooler and oil lines. Before the re-installation of the engine the complete lubrication system (inclusive oil tank) must be flushed.

Minimum oil pressure in flight lower than 0.5 bar (7.25 psi).

Consequent damage can be expected if the oil pressure falls below the minimum value by more than 0.5 bar (7.25 psi). See current Operators Manual (OM).

| Table 6: Oil pressure below minimum permissible value more than 0.5 bar (7.25 psi) in flight | | |
|--|---|--|
| Step | Procedure | |
| 1 | The whole oil system must be inspected, repaired or overhauled in accordance with the BRP-Rotax instructions for continued airworthiness. • The crankshaft must be replaced. | |
| 2 | Carry out detailed inspection of the affected engine components. | |
| 3 | Cut oil filter housing and inspect filter mat for foreign matter. | |
| 4 | Inspect all further systems for correct functioning. | |

OIL SPECIFICATION NOT RESPECTED

General note NOTE

An entry by the pilot in the engine log book of all pertinent details is required.

If by error engine was serviced with oil, which does not correspond with oil specification in the Operators Manual and the engine has been in operation for **less than 5 hours**, the following measures must be taken:

Less than 5 hr.

| Oil specification not respected | | |
|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Step | Procedure | |
| 1 | Carry out an oil change. | |
| 2 | Remove the lowest positioned screw (banjo bolt, plug screw or screw socket) and drain the remaining oil from the crankcase. Re-install banjo bolt or plug screw. Tightening torque see Installation Manual (IM) I for the respective engine type. | |
| 3 | Replace oil filter. | |
| 4 | Drain oil completely from oil cooler and oil hoses. | |
| 5 | Drain oil from oil tank. | |
| 6 | Refill oil tank with oil as specified, refer to Operators Manual (OM). | |
| 7 | Purge air from oil system. See Chapter 12-20-00 section Purging the oil system. | |
| 8 | Run engine for approx. 1 hour and change oil and oil filter once more, see Chapter 12–20–00 section Oil change. | |

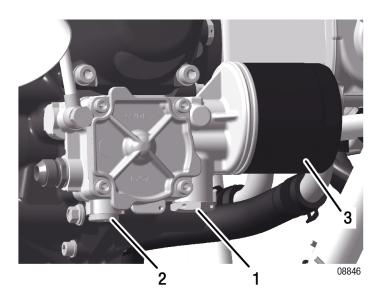


Figure 5.24: Lowest positioned screws

1 Plug screw M22x1.5

2 Plug screw M16x1.5

3 Oil filter

Longer than 5 hr.

If the engine has been operated **longer than 5 hours** with engine oil not corresponding with specification in the Operators Manual (OM) the following work is required.

| | Oil specification not respected |
|------|--|
| Step | Procedure |
| 1 | Remove propeller gearbox. |
| 2 | The gearbox must be inspected, repaired or overhauled in accordance with the BRP-Rotax instructions for continued airworthiness. |
| 3 | Carry out detailed inspection of the affected engine components. |
| 4 | Carry out an oil change. |
| 5 | Remove the lowest positioned banjo screw (banjo bolt, plug screw or screw socket) and drain the remaining oil from the crankcase. Re-install banjo bolt or plug screw. |
| | Tightening torque see Installation Manual (IM) for the respective engine type. |
| 6 | Replace oil filter. |
| 7 | Inspect the contact surfaces camshaft / hydraulic valve tappet. |
| 8 | Drain oil completely from oil cooler and oil hoses. |

| Oil specification not respected | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Step | Procedure |
| 9 | Drain oil from oil tank. |
| 10 | Refill oil tank with oil as specified, refer to Operators Manual (OM). |
| 11 | Purge air from oil system. See Chapter 12-20-00 section Purging the oil system. |
| 12 | Run engine for approx. 1 hour and change oil and oil filter once more, as stated above. |

SPARK PLUG NOT IN ACCORDANCE WITH SPECIFICATION

General note

If by error any of the spark plugs were installed which are not according to specification of the engine manufacturer and/or not genuine ROTAX® parts, the following verification will be necessary.

| Spark plug not in accordance with specification | |
|---|--|
| Step | Procedure |
| 1 | Mark position of the spark plugs (e.g. cylinder 1 top) and remove all spark plugs. |
| 2 | Inspect the spark plugs for damage (formation of melt beads, burn off). At heavy melt beads or bad burn off, inspect the piston dome and cylinder wall by borescope. If parts are damaged, the engine must be inspected, repaired or overhauled in accordance with the BRP-Rotax instructions for continued airworthiness. |
| 3 | Inspect all systems for correct function. |
| 4 | Detailed inspection of affected engine components. |
| 5 | Inspect spark plug thread for damage (especially at bad burn off). |
| 6 | Differential pressure check. See Chapter 12-20-00 section Checking the compression. |
| 7 | Change oil and oil filter. |

NON COMPLIANCE OF FUEL QUALITY

General note

With the use of unsuitable fuel quality (e.g. low octane fuel), depending on the operating condition the knock control would activate itself. This control should prevent damage by knocking combustion.

The use of unsuitable fuel quality has to be entered in the engine log book.

Independent of subsequent following inspections are required:

| Non compliance with fuel quality | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Step | Procedure |
| 1 | Visual inspection of engine. |
| 2 | Empty the fuel system according to the instructions of aircraft manufacturer. |
| 3 | Flush fuel system. |
| 4 | Replace fuel filter |
| 5 | Check differential pressure. |
| 6 | Engine test run. |

SMOOTH PERFORMANCE OF THE ENGINE

General note

| ⚠ WARNING | |
|--|--|
| Risk of electric shock! Ignition "OFF" and system grounded! Disconnect negative terminal of battery. | |

Inspection

Inspection of smooth performance of the engine should be performed at a temperature about 0 $^{\circ}$ C to 60 $^{\circ}$ C (32 $^{\circ}$ F to 140 $^{\circ}$ F).

| Engine runs sluggishly | |
|------------------------|---|
| Step | Procedure |
| 1 | Remove spark plug connector and remove 1 spark plug from each cylinder. |
| 2 | Torque must be determined with a suitable jig. To do this, determine the maximum occurring torque on the propeller shaft necessary to move the whole crank drive. The torque must be max. 150 Nm (111 ft.lb). If the maximum torque is exceeded, perform the following inspections: • Carry out detailed inspection of the affected gearbox components |
| | Carry out detailed inspection of crank shaft and crankcase |

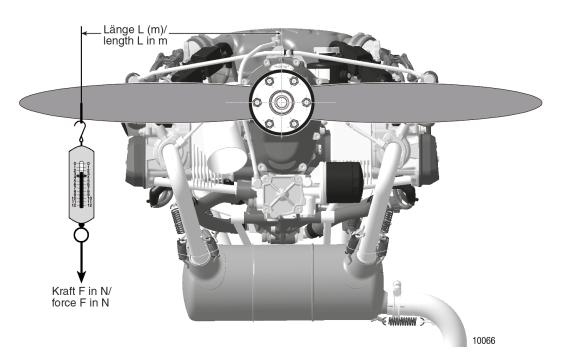


Figure 5.25: Inspection of smooth performance TYPICAL

NOTE

Always use protection of propeller edge when doing this test.

LIGHTNING STRIKE

General note

An indirect lighting strike is a strike on the aircraft fuselage, the wings or propeller. A direct lighting strike is a strike which acts directly on the engine.

Different types of damage can be caused depending on the type of lightning strike.

Indirect lightning strike

Read out the ECU data memory and check the data for details of increased oil temperature. Perform the corresponding inspections/repairs depending on the functional defects found.

| Indirect lighting strike | |
|--------------------------|---|
| Step | Procedure |
| 1 | Inspect the condition of the engine. |
| 2 | Inspect the mechanical actuation systems in the engine. |
| 3 | Inspect the electrical wiring and components. |
| 4 | Crank the engine and check that it rotates freely. |
| 5 | Perform an engine test run. |
| 6 | Inspect FUSE BOX. |

Heat damage due to indirect lightning strike:

Detailed findings will need to be obtained for affected components. Always replace components if visible signs of damage are evident or if you are in any doubt.

Electrical and magnetic damage due to indirect lightning strike:

Detailed findings will need to be obtained for affected components. Always replace components if visible signs of damage are evident or if you are in any doubt.

Direct lightning strike

NOTICE

After direct lightning strike, the engine has to be overhauled in according to the current Overhaul Manual (OHM) for the respective engine type.

Overhaul Manual (OHM) and its appendix is available for any appropriately rated person or entity on request and by following the standards of the original manufacturer.

REPORTING

General note

In case of any relevant occurrences that may involve malfunction of the engine, the form on the next page should be filled out and sent to the responsible ROTAX® Authorized Aircraft engines distributor or their independent Service Center. This is valid for all ROTAX® Aircraft engines types (certified – according to the regulation of EASA part 21A.3 / FAR 21.3) (non-certified – ASTM compliant, etc...).

NOTE

The form is also available from the official ROTAX® AIRCRAFT ENGINES Website in electronic version.

www.flyrotax.com

ROTAX.

CUSTOMER SERVICE INFORMATION REPORT

| WHEN / WHERE / WHAT | | |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------|
| Accident / Incident Date | State / Country | |
| Location of Occurence | | |
| Headline | | |
| Narrative | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| AIRCRAFT IDENTIFICATION | | |
| Aircraft registration | Aircraft category | |
| Manufacturer | Model / Series | |
| Serial Number | Aircraft total time | |
| | | |
| FLIGHT DETAILS | | |
| Flight phase | Operator | |
| Last departure point | Planned destination | |
| ENGINE INFORMATION | | |
| Туре | Serial Number | |
| Time since new [h] | Time since overhaul [h] | |
| Date overhaul | Date inspection / maintenance | |
| PROPELLER INFORMATION | | |
| Manufacturer | Model / Series | |
| Serial Number | Propeller position | |
| FLYROTAX.COM | | |
| and TM are Trademarks of BRP-Rotax GmbH & Co KG. 2020 BRP-Rotax GmbH & Co KG, All rights reserved. | EASA.21J.048 | A BRP BRAND |

Figure 5.26: Form

Chapter: 12-00-00 MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEMS

TOPICS IN THIS CHAPTER

Introduction

The section "Maintenance of the systems" is associated with other sections. It serves only as a supplement to and further explanation of the maintenance check list (See Chapter 05-20-00).

NOTE

For reasons of clarity, only headlines and keywords are listed in the Maintenance Schedule. Please refer to the following pages for further explanation if needed. As far as possible, the content has been arranged according to system.

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Chapter: 12–10–00 REPLENISHING OPERATING FLUIDS

TOPICS IN THIS CHAPTER

| Servicing points on the engine | 2 |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Fluid capacities | |
| Cooling system | |
| Coolant check/replenish | |
| Lubrication system | |
| Oil level check/Replenish | |

Introduction

The engine should always be in a horizontal position before checking the fill levels.

ENVIRONMENTAL NOTE

All operating materials and cleaning products endanger the environment by improper disposal.

Dispose of the operating materials in an environmentally sound way!

SERVICING POINTS ON THE ENGINE

Overview

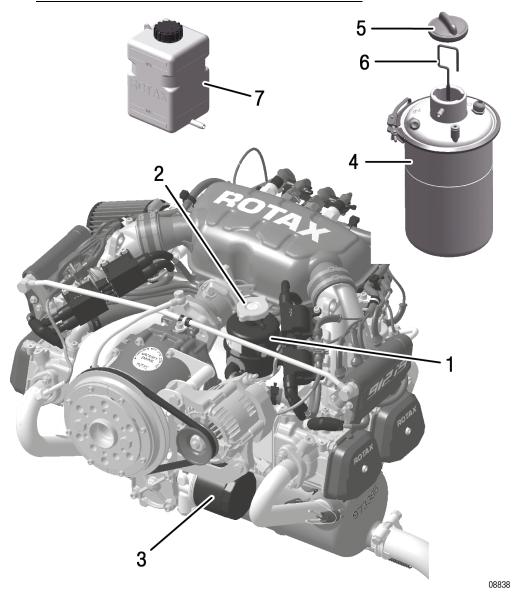


Figure 6.1

- 1 Expansion tank
- 3 Oil filter
- 5 Radiator cap
- 7 Overflow bottle

- 2 Radiator cap
- 4 Oil tank
- 6 Oil dipstick

FLUID CAPACITIES

General note

NOTICE

The operation of the engine may be adversely affected if non-approved or contaminated fuel, oil or coolant are used. Any mixing of different manufacturers and types should be avoided. The use of additives may result in damage.

System Overview



See Operators Manual (OM) for the respective engine type.

| System | Fill capacity | Details about the operating fluids |
|----------------|---|--|
| Fuel system | Refer to the relevant specifications provided by the aircraft manufacturer. | Refer to the corresponding chapter in the Flight Manual. |
| Cooling system | Approx. 1.5 I (0.4 US gal.). | Refer to the corresponding chapter in the Operators Manual (OM). |
| Oil system | MIN mark corresponds to 2.5 I (0.66 US gal.) and MAX mark corresponds to 3.0 I (0.8 US gal.). | Refer to the corresponding chapter in the Operators Manual (OM). |

NOTE

BRP-Rotax can give an approx value on the fill capacity depending on aircraft design and positions of radiators and tanks. The volume may differ from this value. Always check the relevant specifications provided by the aircraft manufacturer.

COOLING SYSTEM

General note

△ WARNING

Risk of burns and scalds. Hot engine parts.

Always allow engine to cool down to ambient temperature before starting work.

⚠ WARNING

Risk of Burns!

Never open the radiator cap when the cooling system is hot. For safety's sake, cover cap with a rag and open slowly. Sudden opening of the cap could provoke the escape of boiling coolant and result in scalding.

ENVIRONMENTAL NOTE

Coolant and mixtures of coolant and water have to be treated as hazardous waste!

COOLANT CHECK/REPLENISH

Special tool

For accomplishment, one of the following special tool is required.:

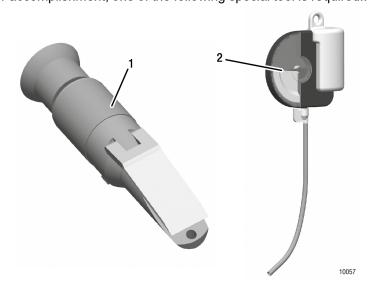


Figure 6.2: Special tool

| Part number | Description |
|--------------|----------------------------------|
| part no. n.a | Densimeter (1) |
| part no. n.a | Glycol tester (Refractometer)(2) |

Instruction

To refill the coolant the following steps are necessary.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Open the radiator cap (1) on the expansion tank (2). Visually check the rubber seats inside the cap for condition and orientation. |
| 2 | Check the coolant level. The coolant level must be filled up to the top (see Figure). |
| 3 | Inspect coolant with densimeter or glycol tester. Strongly discolored or thickened coolant must be replaced. |

NOTICE

Use only coolant as recommended in the current Operators Manual (OM) and SI-912 i-001 "Selection of suitable operation fluids", current issue.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 4 | If necessary, replenish with coolant of same composition. |
| 5 | Apply small amount of coolant to rubber surfaces inside cap (provides lubrication to prevent binding). Tighten the radiator cap by hand. |
| | NOTE |
| | The radiator cap must be tightened until the stop lug is contacted. |

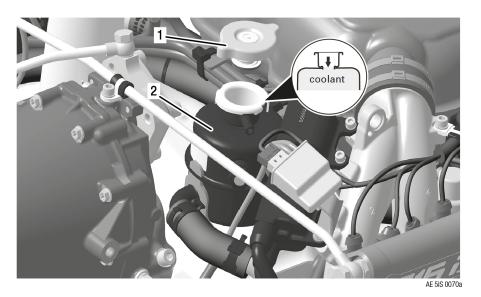


Figure 6.3: Coolant check/replenish

1 Radiator cap

2 Expansion tank

Engine test run

Engine test run is necessary:

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Operate the engine until the temperatures have stabilized for a period of 5 min. (engine oil temperature between 50 to 70 °C (122 - 160 °F). |
| 2 | Switch the engine OFF. |
| 3 | Allow the engine to cool down. |
| 4 | Check for leaks. |
| 5 | Check the coolant level and top up with coolant as required. |

LUBRICATION SYSTEM

General note

⚠ WARNING

Risk of burns and scalds. Hot engine parts.

Always allow engine to cool down to ambient temperature before starting work.

⚠ WARNING

Risk of electric shock!

Ignition "OFF" and system grounded! Disconnect negative terminal of battery.

ENVIRONMENTAL NOTE

Protect the environment.

Do not harm the environment by spilling oil. Dispose of oil in an environmentally friendly manner.

OIL LEVEL CHECK/REPLENISH

Preparatory tasks Before checking the oil level, make sure that there is no excessive residual oil in the crankcase.

Instruction

For checking and before replenish proceed as follows.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Remove cap from oil tank. |
| 2 | Turn the propeller several times by hand in direction of engine rotation to pump residual oil from the engine to the oil tank. |
| 3 | This process is completed when air flows back to the oil tank. This air flow can be perceived as a murmur (gurgling) when the oil tank cover without venting is removed. |
| 4 | Pull out the oil dipstick (2). |
| 5 | The oil level in the oil tank should be between the two marks (max./min.) on the oil dipstick, but must never fall below the min. mark. |
| 6 | During standard engine operation, the oil level should be mid-way between the max. and min. marks, as at higher oil level (over servicing), oil will escape via the venting passage. Difference between "max." and "min" mark = 0.45 I (0.95 liq.pt). |

NOTICE

For longer flights replenish oil to max. mark to warrant more oil reserve.

NOTICE

Only use brand name oil in accordance with the latest Operators Manual (OM) and the latest Service Instruction "Selection of suitable operating fluids" of the respective engine type.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 7 | Replenish oil as required. |
| 8 | Check oil level - Marks on the oil dipstick. |
| 9 | Fit the oil dipstick and tighten the oil tank cover (1) by hand. |

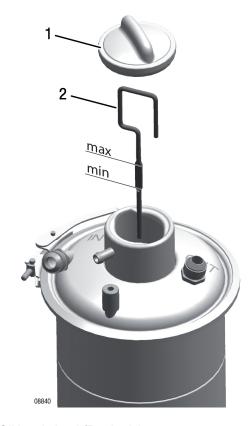


Figure 6.4: Oil level check/Replenish

1 Oil tank cover, without venting

2 Oil dipstick

Engine test run

An engine test run is necessary:

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Check the oil level and top up with oil as required. |
| 2 | Operate the engine until the temperatures have stabilized for a period of 5 min. (engine oil temperature between 50 to 70 °C (122 - 160 °F). |
| 3 | Switch the engine OFF. |
| 4 | Allow the engine to cool down. |
| 5 | Check for leaks. |

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Chapter: 12–20–00 SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE

TOPICS IN THIS CHAPTER

| Engine cleaning | 3 |
|---|----|
| Visual inspection | 4 |
| Checking the engine suspension | 4 |
| Corrosion | 4 |
| Leakage check | 5 |
| Differential pressure check | 7 |
| Compression check for fault-tracing | |
| Engine control unit (ECU) | 13 |
| Checking ECU | |
| Read out the ECU data memory | 13 |
| Locking/Loosening of the crankshaft | 15 |
| Test run of engine | 17 |
| Checking the V-belt tension | 19 |
| Belt tension adjustment | |
| Air intake system | 21 |
| Checking air intake system | |
| Cleaning the dry air filter | |
| Replacing the dry air filter | 24 |
| Cooling system | 25 |
| Checking the cooling system | |
| Replacing the coolant | |
| Flushing the cooling system | |
| Expansion tank, radiator cap | |
| Overflow bottle | 31 |
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| Fuel system | |
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| Checking the fuel lines | |
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| Cleaning the oil tank | |
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|--------------------------------|----|
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| Check of wiring | |
| Replacement of spark plugs | |
| Remove the spark plugs | |
| Inspection of spark plugs | |
| Installation of spark plug | |
| Fuse box | |
| Propeller gearbox | 55 |
| Checking the propeller gearbox | |

Introduction

This chapter relates in particular to the maintenance work mentioned in the Maintenance Schedule for the various engine systems and covers the work in more detail.

ENGINE CLEANING

General note

ENVIRONMENTAL NOTE

When cleaning the engine, the dissolved residues of fuel, oil and other environment-contaminating agents are rinsed off.

Collect the residual liquids and dispose of them in an environmentally sound way.

NOTICE

Do not use flammable liquids or caustic cleaning agents for cleaning the engine.

Cleaning agents

Use of a commercially available cold cleaning agent for the engine is recommended. See Chapter 05-00-00 section Consumable Materials.

Cleaning

NOTICE

Never clean an engine with a high pressure cleaner. This is detrimental to the electrical installations and shaft seals. Oxidation of the various components and their potential failure may occur.

NOTICE

Before cleaning, all openings through which cleaning agents and/or dirty water could enter the engine must be closed off.

Failure to do this may result in engine damage!

NOTE

Always clean engine in cold state.

The engine must always be cleaned with due care and attention to detail. Plug openings as required before cleaning.

After each cleaning

After each cleaning procedure, dry all electrical components such as

- Battery
- · Ignition coils
- · Spark plug connector
- · Clamp connections etc.
- ECU and Fuse box + connections

by use of compressed air to prevent increased electrical resistance caused by corrosion.

VISUAL INSPECTION

General note

General visual inspection of the engine for damage or abnormalities. For definition and scope of visual inspection. See Chapter 05-20-00 section Visual inspection.

Abnormalities

Take note of changes caused by temperature influence.

During a visual inspection you should focus on the following points in particular:

- Exhaust system - Venting hoses (oil tank)

- Engine suspension frame - Airbox

- Heat shrink sleeve - Fuel line (steel)

- Sensor technology - Wiring harness

- Oil filter - Coolant hoses

- FUSE BOX - ECU

- Oil cooler

CHECKING THE ENGINE SUSPENSION

General note

| NOTICE | |
|--|--|
| Be sure to use the recommended tightening torque for the specified fastener. | |

Checking the engine suspension

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 1 | Verify the engine suspension points on the crankcase for tight fit and damage including cracks. |
| 2 | Inspect the surroundings of engine attachment on crankcase and gearbox. If there is discoloration of the crankcase around the attachment points (black ring), there may be loose attachments. |
| 3 | Inspect engine isolating mounts including for heat damage, wear and cracks. |
| 4 | Inspect engine suspension frame. |

CORROSION

Definition

Corrosion is a natural process which attacks and potentially damages metals via an electrochemical reaction. For more detailed information about different types of corrosion and corresponding methods for dealing with corrosion refer to the FAA Advisory Circular AC 43.13. See chapter "AC 43.13-1B Maintenance and Repair".

12–20–00

Effectivity: 912 i Series Edition 2/Rev. 2

LEAKAGE CHECK

General note

NOTICE

Leaking connections can lead to engine problems or engine failure!

Visual inspection of the whole engine for leaks. If leaks are visible, locate the cause and remedy the fault.

Water pump

Checking water pump for leaks.

If the leakage bore, located at the base of the ignition housing, is dripping oil (see step 4), the oil seal on the water pump shaft may be defective and must be replaced. In the case of coolant drips at the leakage bore (see step 4), the coolant mechanical seal must be replaced.

NOTE

The internal rotary seal has ceramic sealing surface which is lubricated by the cooling liquid. Therefore signs of dried coolant liquid (like discolouration,...) at the leakage bore is normal. If a coolant leak is suspected, the following steps must be taken:

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 1 | Clean the engine. |
| 2 | Operate the engine until the temperatures have stabilized for a period of 5 min. (engine oil temperature between 50 ° to 70 °C (122 °- 158 °F). |
| 3 | Switch "OFF" ignition and secure engine against unintentional operation. Secure aircraft against unauthorized operation. |
| 4 | For a period of 1 minute after the engine has been stopped, no liquid must drip down. |

Coolant hoses

Check coolant hoses and connections and fittings for leakage. Examine the surrounding area to see if there are any leaks.

Hose clamps, kinks

Check all hoses, particularly in the area of the hose clamps and hose connections, for porosity, damage and kinks. If damage is detected, replace hose before further flight.

Fuel line

Inspect fuel line (steel), their connections and screw fasteners. Look for scuffing marks or other damage.

NOTICE

Avoid overtorquing the connections and fasteners. Always comply with the specified torque!

Complete a detailed visual inspection. When checking steel fuel lines (1), pay attention to the connection areas (2). Look for leaks and cracks.

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12-20-00

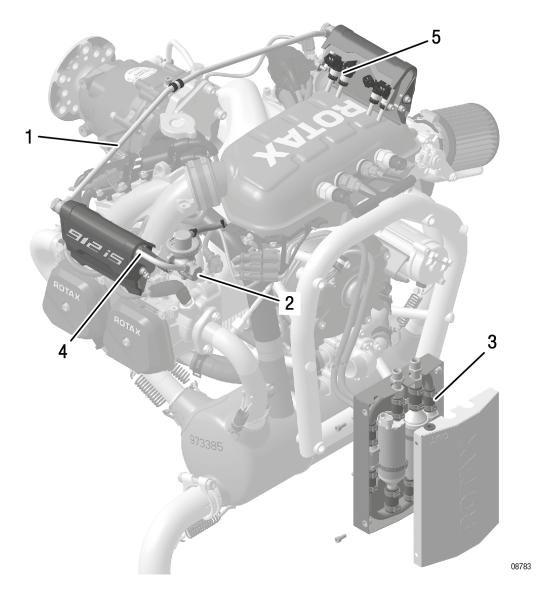


Figure 7.1: Connections and fuel lines

- 1 Fuel hose assy. (Steel)
- 3 Electric fuel pump module
- 5 Fuel injector

- 2 Pressure regulator
- 4 Fuel rail 1/3 outlet line

Electric fuel pump module

Electric fuel pump module remove cover and inspect for leaks.

DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE CHECK

General note

△ WARNING

Risk of electric shock!

Ignition "OFF" and system grounded!

△ WARNING

Danger of life threatening injuries caused by the propeller, rotating and stressed parts of the engine!

Engine (and propeller) may suddenly rotate if the piston is not at top dead center.Always secure propeller and keep blade path clear before adding pressurized air to the cylinder.

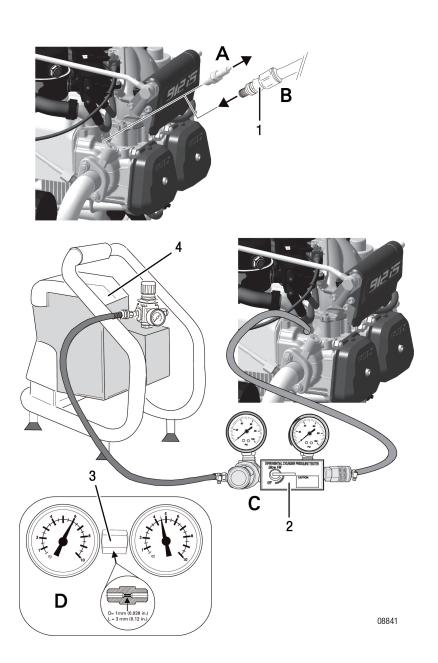


Figure 7.2: Differential pressure check. TYPICAL

1 Adaptor

2 Manometer/Test gauges set

3 Orifice jet

4 Compressor

Special tools

To measure the differential pressure the following special tools and equipment are necessary.

| Part no. | Description |
|----------|---|
| n.a. | Compressed air approx. 6 bar (80 psi). |
| n.a | 2 pressure gauges. |
| n.a | Orifice jet*, of 1 mm (0.04 in) inner diameter and 3 mm (0.12 in) length. * or equivalent e.g. orifice diameter 0.040 in., long 0.0250 in., 60° degree approach angle according to AC43.13, latest issue. |
| n.a | Adapter to spark plug thread. |
| n.a | Connect line. |

Instruction

Testing is carried out using the **differential pressure test procedure**.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Operate the engine until the temperatures have stabilized for a period of 5 min. (engine oil temperature between 50 to 70 °C (122 - 160 °F). |
| 2 | Remove the upper spark plugs. Prevent dirt or other foreign particles from entering the engine (A). |
| 3 | Starting with cylinder head 1 move piston to TDC position. |
| 4 | Screw adaptor (1) into the spark plug thread and connect up the two pressure gauges (2) with the orifice jet (3) between them (B). |
| 5 | Now put constant pressure, between 5.5-6 bar (80–87 psi) on the line and take readings at pressure gauge (C) |
| 6 | Repeat this procedure on all 4 cylinder heads. |

Value

The maximum permissible pressure drop is 25 %, e.g. from 6 to 4.5 bar (87 psi to 65 psi) (D).

Procedure if maximum permissible pressure drop is out of range:

Recheck the readings after operating the engine in a test run for at least 3 minutes. This will allow the piston rings to be wetted with oil. Measure the pressure drop again as described in the differential pressure test procedure. If the pressure loss is still out of range, valve seat debris removal procedure must be carried out.

Valve seat debris removal procedure

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Remove the valve cover according to the latest Maintenance Manual Heavy (MMH). |
| 2 | Turn the crankshaft into the position, so that the intake valve is closed. |

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 3 | Place a plastic drift (2) on the rocker arm (1) (directly over the inlet valve stem). See Fig. Valve seat debris removal. |
| 4 | Use a hammer to give a slight blow onto the fibre drift to dislodge any foreign material between the intake valve face and seat. During this step the cylinder must be pressurized by using the setup used for the differential pressure test procedure to allow carrying away debris from the valve seat. |
| 5 | Turn the crankshaft into a position, so that the exhaust valve is closed and perform step 3 and 4 for the exhaust valve. |
| 6 | Install valve cover according to the latest Maintenance Manual Heavy (MMH). |
| 7 | Measure the pressure drop again as described in the differential pressure test procedure. |

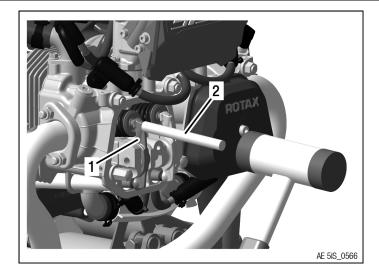


Figure 7.3: Valve seat debris removal

1 Rocker arm

2 Plastic drift

If the pressure drop value is still out of range, heavy maintenance must be carried out by authorized persons (iRMT, Level Heavy Maintenance).

Following troubleshooting reasons might be applicable but are not exclusively limited to:

- · Excessive cylinder wall and/or piston ring wear
- · Broken piston rings
- · Burned valves
- · Piston damage

COMPRESSION CHECK FOR FAULT-TRACING

General note

Official and accepted measurement method is the differential pressure check, it is possible to check the engine with a compression check method when differential pressure check reading is unclear. Mainly - always perform the differential pressure check. In the course of fault-tracing a compression check can also be performed.

A compression tester is required to check compression. The compression should be between 9 and 12 bar (130 psi and 174 psi).

| | ⚠ WARNING | |
|--|------------------|--|
| Keep the propeller area clear! All LANE select switches must be "OFF". | | |

Instruction

Compression check for fault-tracing.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 1 | Operate the engine until the temperatures have stabilized for a period of 5 min (engine oil temperature between 50 to 70 °C (122 - 160 °F). |
| 2 | Unscrew and remove top spark plugs. |
| 3 | Press compression tester (1) over the spark plug hole and use the starter to turn the engine over with open throttle until maximum pressure is reached. |
| 4 | Successively take readings on all four cylinders and compare results. |

Measurement

Individual readings for the cylinder must not differ by more than 2 bar (29 psi).

If the value is below 6 bar (87 psi), inspection, repair or overhaul must be carried out in accordance with the BRP-Rotax instructions for continued airworthiness

· Detailed inspection of affected engine components.

Special tools

For accomplishment the following special tool is required:

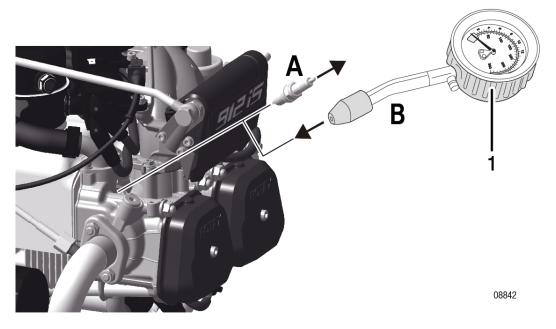


Figure 7.4: Compression check for fault-tracing. TYPICAL

| Part no. | Description |
|----------|------------------------|
| n.a. | Compression tester (1) |

ENGINE CONTROL UNIT (ECU)

Safety notice

MARNING

Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

When working on the ECU, the general safety instruction must be observed. See chapter "INTRO".

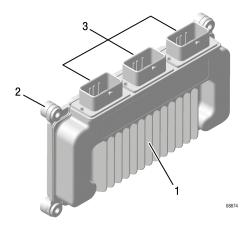


Figure 7.5: Engine control unit (ECU)

- 1 Engine control unit (ECU)
- 2 Rubber isolator
- 3 Socket for AMP-connector

CHECKING ECU

Instruction

For checking proceed as follows:

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 1 | Inspect the ECU (1) and ECU mounts (2) for secure attachment and damage. |
| 2 | Inspect the ECU wiring for wear, chafing and other damage, and make sure that the connectors are securely attached. |

READ OUT THE ECU DATA MEMORY

Instruction

To read out the ECU data memory proceed as follows:

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 1 | Connect the decoding unit (Dongle) with ECU data cable to the computer. |
| 2 | Select the menu item BUDS in the maintenance software and print out the report. |

NOTE

Connect and disconnect the B.U.D.S. USB-to-CAN Converter only if ECU is OFF. Non-compliance leads to entries in the error / event memory of the ECU.



See Maintenance Manual Heavy (MMH) Chapter 76-10-00.

Effectivity: 912 i Series Edition 2/Rev. 2

LOCKING/LOOSENING OF THE CRANKSHAFT

Locking of the crankshaft

⚠ WARNING

Risk of burns and scalds. Hot engine parts.

Always allow engine to cool down to ambient temperature before starting work.

Special tool

Do not use a substitute part (such a bolt) it may bend and damage crankcase. For accomplishment the following special tool is required:



Figure 7.6: Special tool

| Part number | Description |
|-------------|-----------------|
| 240880 | Locking pin (1) |

Instruction

The following work procedures are to be accomplished:

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Remove the Allen screw (1) M8x20 and sealing ring (2) from the crankcase half (cyl. 2/4). |
| 2 | Turn crankshaft/propeller shaft until the piston of cyl. no. 1 and no. 2 are in TDC position and lock crankshaft in this position with the locking pin (4) part no. 240880. NOTE |
| | The required recess position of the crankshaft can be additionally verified by looking through the crankcase recess (3) with a flash light. |
| 3 | Screw the locking pin (4) into the crankcase. While doing so, move the crankshaft with the propeller until the locking screw engages in the recess of the crankshaft, and tighten to 10 Nm (89 in.lb). |

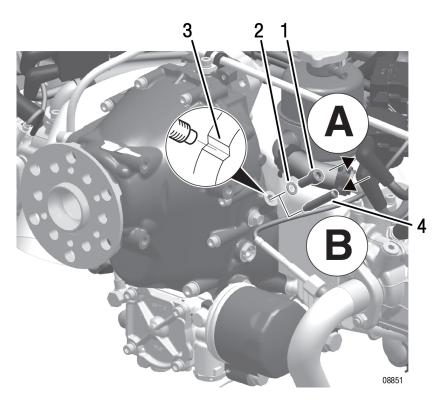


Figure 7.7: Locking/Loosen of the crankshaft. TYPICAL

1 Plug screw M8x20

2 Sealing ring

3 Crankshaft

4 Locking pin

Loosen of the crankshaft

After completion of work/check:

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 1 | Remove the locking pin (4) and refit crankshaft Allen screw M8x20 (1) along with a new sealing ring with a dry torque of 15 Nm (133 in.lb). |

TEST RUN OF ENGINE

General note

△ WARNING

Danger of life threatening injuries caused by the propeller, rotating and stressed parts of the engine!

Always observe the engine from a safe place while it is running. Check that the cockpit is occupied by a competent operator.

Preparation

Preparation of the engine for test run:

- Ensure that all the operating fluids (engine oil, coolant, fuel) are replenished to the specified level.
- Make sure that no loose objects (e.g. tools) are left in the engine compartment.
- · Inspect tight fit of the propeller.
- Anchor the aircraft suitably to the ground and fix wheel chocks. Ensure that the propeller zone is clear and safe before starting the engine.

Test run

Test run as follows



For the special checks, see Operators Manual (OM) for the engine type 912 i Series .

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Engine start according to latest Operators Manual (OM). |
| 2 | After engine start, observe oil pressure. Oil pressure has to be built up within 10 sec. |
| 3 | Let engine run for approx. 2 min. at 2000 rpm. Then first use the throttle lever to bring the engine to approx. 2500 rpm and then run through warming up period, until the oil temperature reaches 50 °C (122 °F). |
| 4 | Check temperatures and oil pressure: At a steady oil temperature above 50 °C (122 °F) and oil pressure above 2 bar (29 psi) engine speed may be increased. |
| 5 | Ignition check as per the current Operators Manual (OM). |
| 6 | Conduct a short full throttle run and check that the engine reaches the max. full power speed. Consult the pilot's operating handbook for maximum speed, as it depends on the propeller used. |
| 7 | After full-load run, conduct a short cooling run to prevent formation of vapour lock in cylinder heads. This is necessary to prevent steam locks in the cooling and fuel system after shut-down. |

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 8 | Shut engine down. |
| | NOTE |
| | Switch "OFF" lanes, fuel pumps and master switch |
| 9 | Inspect rotary seal for leakage. |
| | NOTE |
| | Due to the design of the rotary seal, the manufacturer tolerates a certain amount of leakage. If the leakage is in excess of the limit rotary seal must be renewed. |
| | Tolerated leakage: For this check the engine must be operated until all temperatures have stabilized for a period of 5 minutes. At that point shut down engine and ensure the ignition is switched off and engine secured against unintentional operation. Coolant must not drip through leakage bore, located at the base of the ignition housing, for a period of 1 minute after the engine has been stopped. In case this leakage test can not be passed, the rotary seal must be replaced. |

Engine oil and coolant

⚠ WARNING

Risk of Burns!

Never open the radiator cap when the cooling system is hot. For safety's sake, cover cap with a rag and open slowly. Sudden opening of the cap could provoke the escape of boiling coolant and result in scalding.

Replenish engine oil and coolant as required once engine has cooled down.

Oil filter

NOTICE

If the oil filter has been replaced, re-tighten by hand after the test run on a cold engine.

Check of leaks

Inspect the engine for oil, fuel or coolant leaks and repair as necessary.

CHECKING THE V-BELT TENSION

General note

In the case of configurations with additional auxiliary generator, inspect attachment and V-belt tension.

Checking the Vbelt tension

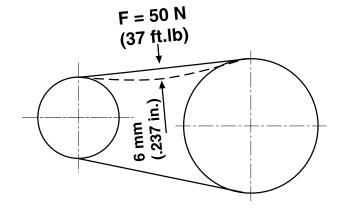


Figure 7.8: Checking the V-belt tension

BELT TENSION ADJUSTMENT

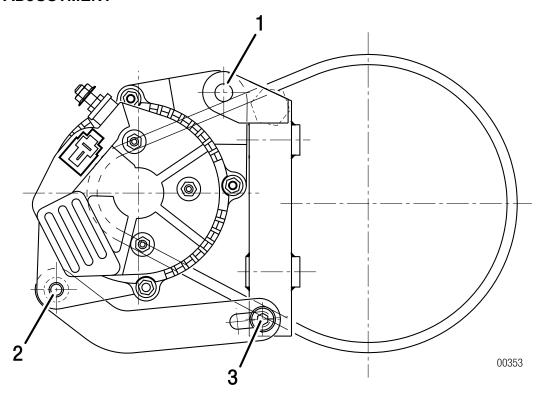


Figure 7.9: Overview

1 Hex. screw M10

2, 3 Allen screw M8

Belt tension

To adjust the belt tension:

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 1 | Loosen the hex. screw (1) M10 and the two M8 Allen screw (2) and (3). |
| 2 | Press the alternator upwards and tighten Allen screw (3). |
| 3 | Then tighten hex. screw (1) M10 with tightening torque 40 Nm (30 ft.lb) and Allen screw M8 (2) with tightening torque 22 Nm (16 ft.lb). |

AIR INTAKE SYSTEM

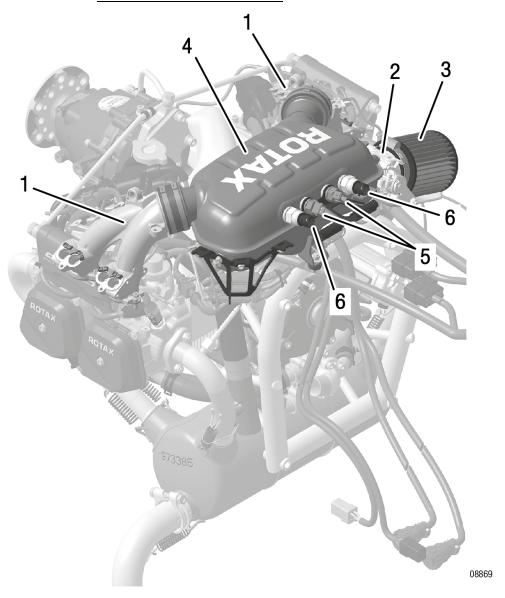


Figure 7.10: Overview

- 1 Intake manifold
- 3 Air filter
- 5 Temperature sensor

- 2 Throttle body socket
- 4 Airbox
- 6 Pressure sensor

CHECKING AIR INTAKE SYSTEM

General note

NOTICE

Blocked air filter.

In the event of dust formation, clean air filter at correspondingly shorter intervals. If filter mat is damaged, replace air filter.

NOTICE

A dirty filter insert will not only reduce the engine performance but might also promote premature wear of the engine.

Carry out visual inspection of dry air filter after prescribed maintenance interval. Clean dirty air filter as described in aircraft manufacturers Maintenance Manual.

Instruction

To check the air intake system the following steps are necessary:

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Visual inspection of the air filter. |
| 2 | Visual inspection of the airbox for mechanical damage, cracks, leaks, contamination and secure attachment. |
| 3 | Inspect the intake hoses and molded hoses for damage, cracks, breaks, chafing and wear. |
| 4 | Check the gaskets. Look for signs of leaks. |
| 5 | Check both pressure sensors and their connectors. |

CLEANING THE DRY AIR FILTER

General note

NOTICE

Never use gasoline, steam, caustic liquids, strong detergents, particle cleaning agents or high pressure cleaners during this step.

NOTICE

Do not dry over open flame, with compressed air or with hot air gun.

Cleaning

To clean the dry filter the following steps are necessary:

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Lightly tap and brush off surface dirt (A). |
| 2 | Spray K&N filter cleaner onto filter surface and leave to soak for approx. 10 min. (B). |
| 3 | Rinse air filter with low pressure water from inside to outside and let element dry naturally (C). |

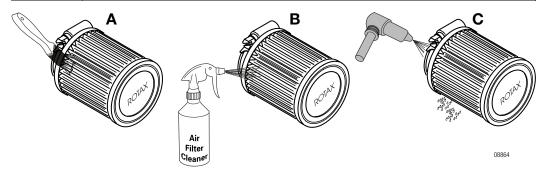


Figure 7.11: Cleaning the dry air filter

After cleaning

NOTICE

Never use gear oil, diesel or engine oil, as they attract humidity. Overoiling of the air filter reduces airflow causing rich mixture.

NOTE

Each filter pleat must have oil applied, by spray or liquid application.

After 5 to 10 min. the filter will be soaked with oil, noticeable by the uniform red coloring.

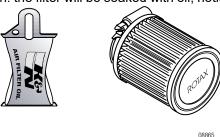


Figure 7.12: After cleaning

REPLACING THE DRY AIR FILTER

General note

Only use dry type air filters which are specified by the aircraft manufacturer and from ROTAX®.

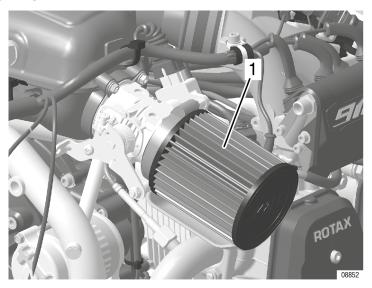


Figure 7.13: Overview. TYPICAL

1 Air filter

NOTICE

Each air filter must be secured by clamp attachment and a wire securing element. See chapt. 05-00-00 section: Acceptable methods, techniques and practice. Filter connection must be free of oil.

NOTICE

Attach new air filter, free of grease, at connection faces, and wire-secure against loss.

COOLING SYSTEM

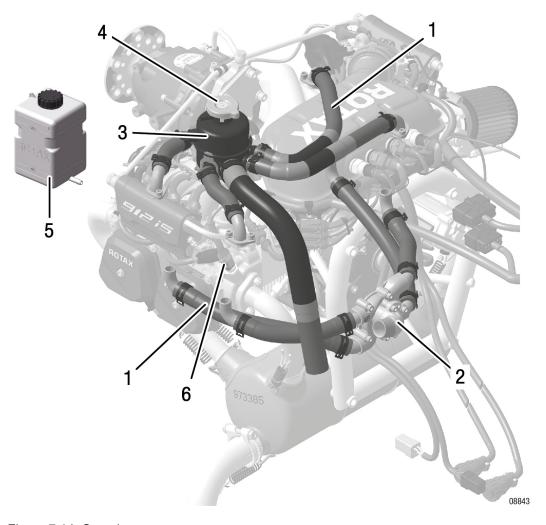


Figure 7.14: Overview

- 1 Coolant hoses
- 3 Expansion tank
- 5 Overflow bottle

- 2 Water pump
- 4 Radiator cap with gasket
- 6 Coolant temperature sensor

CHECKING THE COOLING SYSTEM

General note See Figure Overview.

△ WARNING

Risk of burns and scalds. Hot engine parts.

Always allow engine to cool down to ambient temperature before starting work.

△ WARNING

Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

Any of the following conditions require a check of the cooling system/radiator cap check as described in Chapter 05-50-00 Unscheduled Maintenance.

- unusual high coolant temperatures (exceeded limits)
- reported unusual higher coolant consumption
- any visual signs of coolant leakages in the engine area
- high amount of deposits in the cooling system

NOTICE

If any component in the cooling system requires replacement, a check according to Chapter 05-50-00 Unscheduled Maintenance is recommended.

Coolant hoses Carry out visual inspection of all form hoses (1) for damage, leaks, hardening as a result

of heat and porosity.

Water pump Inspect all connections on the top and bottom of the cylinder head and on the water pump

2).

Expansion tank Inspect expansion tank (3) for damage. Inspect protection rubber at the bottom of the tank

for tight fit.

Radiator cap Inspect the gasket of the radiator cap (4) and check the pressure release valve and return

valve for proper operation.

See Chapter 12-20-00 section Expansion tank, Radiator cap.

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REPLACING THE COOLANT

General note

⚠ WARNING

Risk of Burns!

Never open the radiator cap when the cooling system is hot. For safety's sake, cover cap with a rag and open slowly. Sudden opening of the cap could provoke the escape of boiling coolant and result in scalding.

NOTICE

Use only coolant as recommended in the current Operators Manual (OM) and SI-912 i-001 "Selection of suitable operation fluids", current issue.

ENVIRONMENTAL NOTE

Protect the environment!

Do not harm the environment by spilling coolant. Dispose coolant in an environmentally friendly manner.

Instruction

To replace the coolant the following steps are necessary:

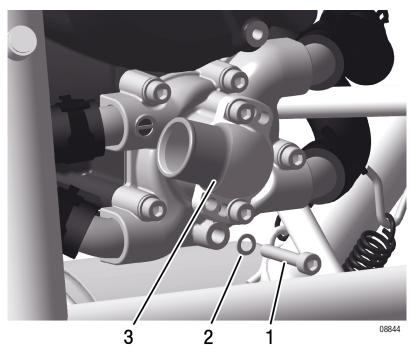


Figure 7.15: Replacing the coolant

- 1 Allen screw M6x35 (stainless)
- 2 Gasket ring

3 Water pump

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Open the radiator cap on the expansion tank. |
| 2 | Remove the bottom Allen screw (1) (with sealing ring (2)) of water pump (3). |
| 3 | Drain the engine coolant. |
| | NOTE |
| | If the radiator is located below the engine, also detach the lowest positioned coolant hose. |
| 4 | Fit Allen screw (stainless steel) along with a new sealing ring. Tighten to 10 Nm (89 in.lb). |
| 5 | If the coolant is being replaced with a different type, (OAT, IAT) the cooling system must be flushed. See Chapter 12-20-00 section Flushing the cooling system. |
| 6 | Refill newly mixed coolant into the expansion tank (highest point of the cooling system). See Chapter 12-10-00 section Coolant check/replenish. |

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 7 | Fit radiator cap. |
| 8 | NOTE |
| | Run the engine briefly and replenish with clean coolant as required. |

FLUSHING THE COOLING SYSTEM

General note

△ WARNING

Risk of Burns!

Never open the radiator cap when the cooling system is hot. For safety's sake, cover cap with a rag and open slowly. Sudden opening of the cap could provoke the escape of boiling coolant and result in scalding.

Instruction

To flush the coolant the following steps are necessary:

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Open the radiator cap on the expansion tank. |
| 2 | Open the lowest located coolant hose (either at water pump or radiator) |
| 3 | Flush the system from the open expansion tank down to the open coolant hose using pure (alternative is distilled) water. |
| | NOTE |
| | It is recommended to use a pump for flushing of the cooling system with water under pressure. |
| 4 | Let residual water drain and reconnect the lowest located coolant hose. |
| 5 | Refill newly mixed coolant into the expansion tank (highest point of the cooling system). See Chapter 12-10-00 section Coolant check/replenish. |

NOTICE

If water-free coolant is used, the cooling system must be flushed and refilled with conventional coolant.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 6 | Fit radiator cap. |
| 7 | NOTE |
| | Run the engine briefly and replenish with clean coolant as required. |

EXPANSION TANK, RADIATOR CAP

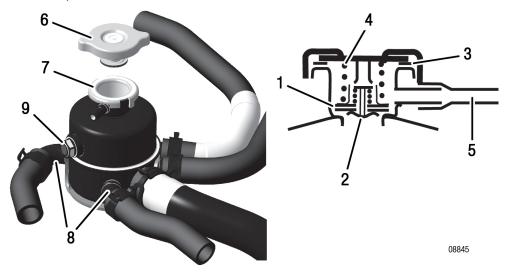


Figure 7.16: Expansion tank, radiator cap

- 1 Pressure relief valve
- 3 Rubber seal
- 5 Connection to overflow bottle
- 7 Sealing surface
- 9 Sight glass

- 2 Return valve
- 4 Pressure spring
- 6 Opening pressure of the radiator cap
- 8 Tube connections

General note

To equalize pressure in the cooling system, an expansion tank is required. If the pressure in the system rises above 1.2 bar (17.4 psi) as the coolant warms up, the pressure relief valve (1) opens and the coolant can flow into the overflow bottle via the line (5). When the coolant cools down, the return valve (2) opens and the coolant is sucked back.

Radiator cap

Inspect the rubber seal (3), the pressure spring (4) and the two valves incorporated in the radiator cap for damage and leaks. If necessary, replace with a new original radiator cap (6) with 1.2 bar (17.4 psi) opening pressure.

NOTE

The radiator cap must be tightened fully on the expansion tank until the stop lug is contacted.

Expansion tank

Inspect sealing surface (7) and tube connection (8) of the expansion tank. Carry out visual inspection of tank for damage and scuffing marks.

⚠ WARNING

Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

OVERFLOW BOTTLE

General note

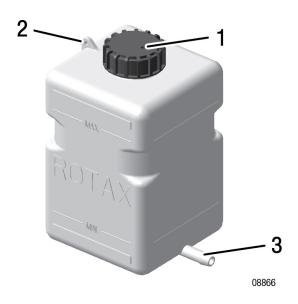


Figure 7.17: Overflow bottle

1 Venting bore

2 Tab for the safety wire

3 Hose connection

Instruction

Checking overflow bottle.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Inspect the bottle for damage. |
| 2 | Check the venting bore (1) in the screw cap. |
| 3 | Inspect tab (2) for the safety wire. |
| 4 | Check hose connection (3). |

ACCESSORIES (INCLUDING RADIATOR, RADIATOR HOSES, HOSE CLAMPS, COOLING AIR DUCTS)

General note

Accessories (including radiator, radiator hoses, hose clamps, cooling air ducts)

NOTICE

Equipment is to be inspected in accordance with the Maintenance Manual of the aircraft manufacturer.

FUEL SYSTEM

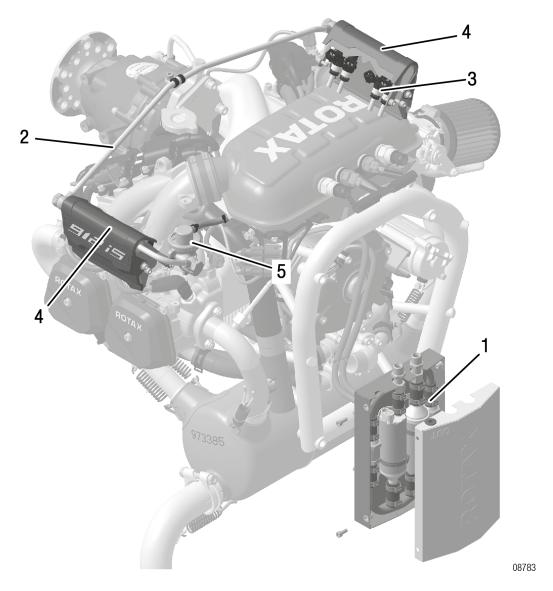


Figure 7.18: Overview

- 1 Fuel pump
- 3 Fuel injector
- 5 Fuel pressure regulator

- 2 Fuel line (steel)
- 4 Fuel rail

LEAK TESTS

General note

| NOTICE |
|---|
| Avoid over-tightening the fasteners. Use a suitable torque wrench for all work. |

Instruction

To check the following steps are necessary:

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 1 | Inspect all fuel lines, their connections and unions. |
| 2 | Inspect the fuel lines for sign of chafing. |

CHECKING THE FUEL LINES

General note

See Chapter 05–10–00 section Time limit for parts.

Instruction

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 1 | Inspect all hoses for porosity and other damage in particular at the hose clamps and connections and replace as required. |
| 2 | Check fuel line (of steel). |

CHECKING THE FUEL PRESSURE REGULATOR

General note

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Check the fuel pressure regulator (1) for damages and inspect the general condition. |
| 2 | Perform a leak test (Fuel pumps "ON"). |
| 3 | Inspect all connections (2) for secure attachment. |

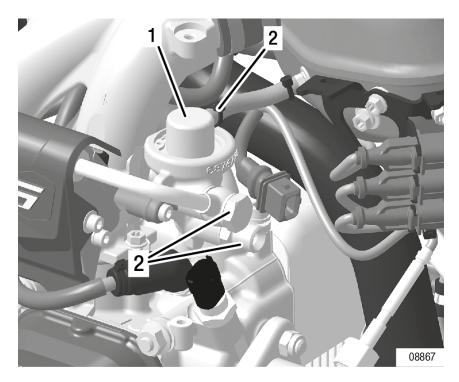


Figure 7.19: Fuel pressure regulator

1 Fuel pressure regulator

2 Reference hose connection

FUEL PUMPS

General note



Inspect the fuel pumps in accordance with the manufacturers instructions or the aircraft manufacturers.

- · Remove the housing
- · Visual inspection of lines and connections

CHECK VALVES

General note Check for leaks.

FUEL INJECTORS

General note Check for leaks.

FUEL RAIL

General note Check for leaks.

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LUBRICATION

Overview

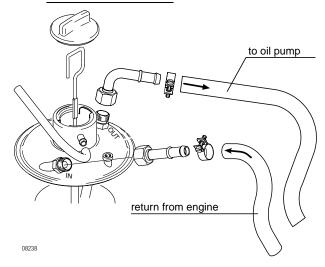


Figure 7.20

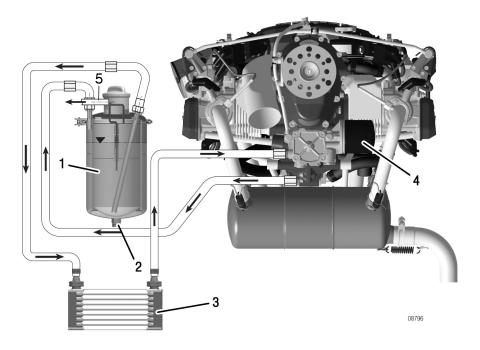


Figure 7.21

- 1 Oil tank
- 3 Oil radiator

- 2 Drain screw M12x12
- 4 Oil filter

General note



For detailed information see Service Instruction SI-912 i-005 "oil change", latest issue.

△ WARNING

Risk of burns and scalds. Hot engine parts.

Always allow engine to cool down to ambient temperature before starting work.

⚠ WARNING

Risk of electric shock!

Ignition "OFF" and system grounded! Disconnect negative terminal of battery.

NOTE

It is advisable to check the oil level prior to an oil change as it informs about oil consumption.

See Chapter 12-10-00 section Oil level check/Replenish.

Observe

NOTICE

Observe the following to prevent possible unintentional voiding of the oil system and damage to the valve drive:

 Draining the suction lines, oil cooler and return line is not necessary and must be avoided, as it results in air entering the oil system. Otherwise SI-912 i-004 must be accomplished.

See Chapter 12-20-00 section Purging the oil system.

 Replacement of the oil filter and the oil change should be effected quickly and without interruption to prevent a draining of the oil system and the hydraulic tappets.

12–20–00

Effectivity: 912 i Series Edition 2/Rev. 2

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OIL CHANGE

Instruction

NOTE

Run engine to warm oil before beginning oil change procedure. To change the oil the following steps are necessary:

NOTICE

Counter hold on the hex of the oil tank when loosing and/or torquing the oil drain screw to avoid stress in the soldering.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Crank engine slowly by hand to transfer the oil from the crankcase. See Chapter 12-10-00 section Oil level check/Replenish. |
| 2 | Remove safety wire and oil drain screw from the oil tank, drain the used oil - see environment note. |
| 3 | Replace oil filter at each oil change, cut open and inspect the filter components. See Chapter 12-20-00 section Oil filter replacement and Inspection of the filter insert. |
| 4 | Dispose of oil filter according to environmental regulations. |
| 5 | Install oil drain screw with new gasket and safety wire (tightening torque 25 Nm (18 ft. lb). |

NOTICE

Only use brand name oil in accordance with the latest Operators Manual (OM) and the latest Service Instruction "Selection of suitable operating fluids" of the respective engine type.

NOTICE

The engine must not be cranked when the oil system is open. Attention must also be paid to this before first commissioning (e.g. when assembling the propeller after correct purging of the oil system).

NOTICE

DO NOT use compressed air to blow through the oil system (or oil lines, oil cooler, oil pump housing, oil bores in the engine).

ENVIRONMENTAL NOTE

Protect the environment.

Do not harm the environment by spilling oil. Dispose of oil in an environmentally friendly manner.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 6 | Install new oil filter. |
| 7 | Pour in approx. 3 I (0.8 gal (US)) of fresh oil. |
| 8 | After carrying out the oil change, the engine should be slowly cranked by hand in the direction of engine rotation (approx. 20 turns) to completely refill the entire oil circuit. |

OIL FILTER REMOVING

General note

⚠ WARNING

Risk of burns and scalds. Hot engine parts.

Always allow engine to cool down to ambient temperature before starting work.

NOTICE

To ensure functioning of the oil circuit and the forced flow lubrication, use oil filter only. Only these filters will ensure correct pressure in the by-pass valve.

At every oil change, unscrew the oil filter and cut open using special tool taking care not to produce chips.

Special tools

To carry out the procedure the following tools are necessary:

| part number | Description |
|------------------|-----------------------|
| part no. 877620* | (1) Oil filter wrench |
| part no. 276275* | (2) Cutting tool |
| * or equivalent | |



Figure 7.22: Special tool

- 1 Oil filter wrench part no. 877620*
- 2 Cutting tool part no. 276275

*or equivalent

Procedure

To remove the oil filter the following steps are necessary:

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 1 | Remove used oil filter with oil filter wrench. |
| 2 | Clean the contact surface of the oil pump housing with a clean cloth. |

INSPECTING OF THE OIL FILTER COMPONENTS

General note

| NOTICE | |
|--|--|
| The filter components must be inspected carefully. | |

This inspection is important as it allows conclusions to be drawn regarding the internal condition of the engine and provides information about the possible cause of any damage.

Procedure

To carry out the procedure the following steps are necessary:

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Oil filter cut open using special tool taking care not to produce chips. |
| 2 | Remove anti-drain membrane. |
| 3 | Cut top and bottom edges off the mat with a knife. |
| 4 | Remove filter mat, fold up and press remaining oil out. |
| 5 | Unroll and inspect it for metal chips, foreign matter, contamination and abrasion. |
| 6 | Pass over matt with a clean magnet and inspect for metal. |
| 7 | Check oil filter housing for wear, especially on the contact surfaces. |
| 8 | Check springs of oil filter for wear. |
| 9 | Check sealing lip for wear, cracks and/or missing material. |

Possible foreign matter

| Steel chips | Bronze chips |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Aluminium chips | Sliver of bearing material |
| Remains of sealing compound | Plastic (thrust washer) |
| Carbon fiber | Sliver or copper LOCTITE Anti Seize |

matter

Increased foreign If an increased amount of metal particles is found, such as brass- or bronze chips or sliver from bearing abrasion, repair or overhaul the engine in accordance with the BRP-Rotax instructions for continued airworthiness. If the filter mat is clogged by foreign matter, the lube oil reaches the bearing points unfiltered via the by-pass valve in the oil filter.

Unclear findings

In the case of unclear findings:

| Step | Procedure |
|------|------------------------|
| 1 | Flush the oil circuit. |
| 2 | Fit a new oil filter. |

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 3 | Engine test run. See chap. 12-20-00 section: Test run of engine. |
| 4 | Inspect the oil filter once more. |

Contaminated

NOTICE

If the oil circuit is contaminated, replace the oil cooler and flush the oil circuit. See chapter 12–20–00 section: Flushing the oil circuit. Proper judgement requires years of experience in repair of piston engines.

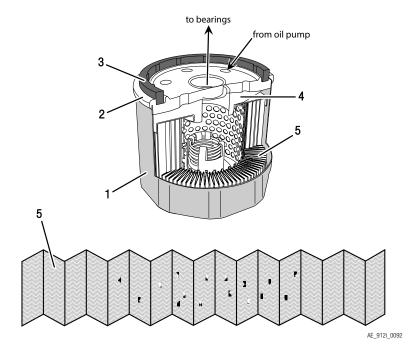


Figure 7.23: Oil filter

- 1 Filter housing
- 3 Gasket ring
- 5 Filter matt

- 2 Filter cover
- 4 Anti-drain membrane
- 6 Springs

INSTALLING NEW OIL FILTER

Procedure

To mount the oil filter the following steps are necessary:

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Clean the contact surface (1) of the oil pump housing (2) with a clean cloth. |
| 2 | Apply thin film engine oil on the gasket (3) of the oil filter (4). |
| 3 | Install the oil filter on the engine. |
| 4 | Screw on oil filter until oil filter gasket is seated solidly. |
| | NOTE |
| | Mark 270° - check mark on oil pump housing to control tightening of oil filter. |
| 5 | Tighten oil filter with 3/4 turn (270°). |
| 6 | Inspection of the used oil filter. See Chapter 12-20-00 section Inspection of the filter insert. |

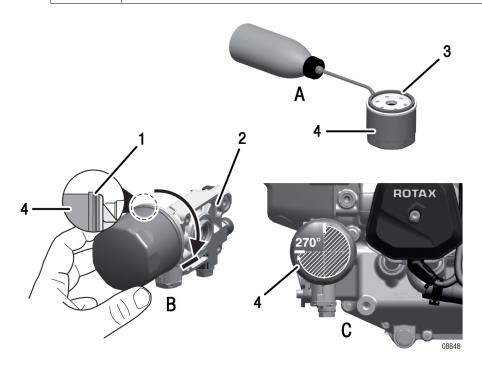


Figure 7.24: Install oil filter

- 1 Contact surface
- 3 Gasket

- 2 Oil pump housing
- 4 Oil filter

CLEANING THE OIL TANK

General note NOTE

This procedure is optional and requires purging of the oil system. See Chapter 12–20–00 section Purging the oil system. If using leaded fuel it is required to clean the tank every 200 flight hours. It is only necessary to clean the oil tank and the inner parts if there is heavy oil contamination.

Procedure

Procedure to clean the oil tank:

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 1 | Detach the profile clamp and remove the oil tank cover together with the Oring and the oil lines. |
| 2 | Remove safety wire. |
| 3 | Remove the inner parts of the oil tank such as the baffle insert and the partition. |
| 4 | Clean oil tank and inner parts and check for damage. |

NOTICE

Incorrect assembly of the oil tank components might cause engine faults or engine damage.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 5 | Fit hex. screw M12x12 with a new gasket ring. Tighten to 25 Nm (18 ft.lb). |
| 6 | Safety wire. |
| 7 | Reassemble the oil tank by following the same steps in reverse order. |
| 8 | Purge the oil system. |

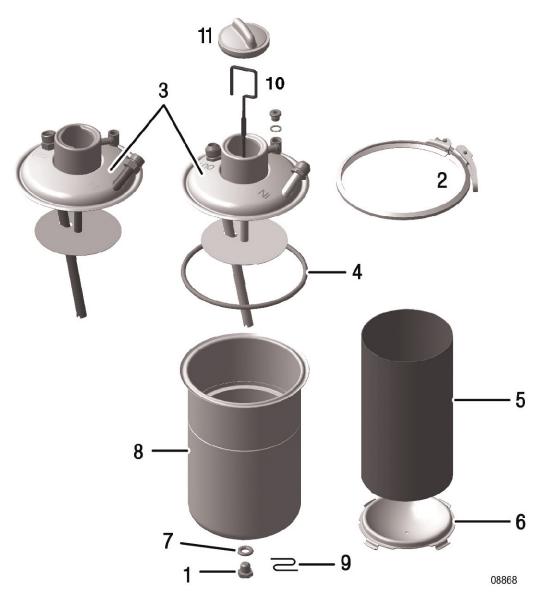


Figure 7.25

- 1 Hex. screw M12x12
- 3 Oil tank cover assy. Metric/ UNF
- 5 Baffle insert (screen)
- 7 Gasket ring 12x18
- 9 Safety wire

- 2 Profile clamp
- 4 O-ring
- 6 Partition
- 8 Oil tank

PURGING THE OIL SYSTEM

General note

NOTICE

Purging of the oil system is extremely important for operation and service life of the engine and therefore the procedure must be followed meticulously.



See current Installation Manual (IM) for the engine type 912 i Series Chapter 79-00-00 section Purging the lubrication system.

Purging the oil system

Purging the oil system is necessary:

- · with initial installation of new engine
- · after reinstallation (e.g. after overhaul)
- after maintenance work during which the lubrication system was opened and voided (e. g. removal of the oil tank or oil cooler, replacement of oil lines).

FLUSHING THE OIL CIRCUIT

General note

⚠ WARNING

Risk of electric shock!

Ignition "OFF" and system grounded! Disconnect negative terminal of battery.

Oil tank Clean the oil tank.

Oil lines Dismantle and flush oil lines as per instructions of the aircraft manufacturer.

Temporary oil lines

Temporary oil lines (only for flushing) must be fitted so that the oil radiator is not connected. The return line is routed into a separate, clean receptacle and not back to the oil tank.

NOTE

This is done to prevent metal chips and other debris from entering the radiator or oil tank.

Fill the oil tank with approx. 3 I (0.8 gal (US)) of engine oil.

Procedure The following steps have to be carried out after refilling:

NOTICE

The oil level in the tank must not drop below the end of suction pipe, otherwise air will be sucked in again.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 1 | Turn engine by hand in direction of engine rotation to return the oil from the oil from the oil tank into the engine and into the collection container. The procedure is complete when no more contamination can be discovered. |
| 2 | Control the oil captured during the rinsing process. The rinsing process is complete when no more contamination can be discovered. |
| 3 | Re-install cleaned oil lines and oil cooler according to the manufacturers instruction. |
| 4 | Install new oil filter and refill with oil. |
| 5 | Purge oil system. |

Reconnect negative terminal of aircraft battery. See Chapter 12–20–00 section Purging of the oil system.

Equipment

NOTICE

Equipment is to be inspected in accordance with the Maintenance Manual of the aircraft manufacturer.

INSPECTING THE MAGNETIC PLUG

General note NOTE

The magnetic plug is located on the crankcase between cylinder 2 and gearbox.

This inspection is important because it allows conclusions to be drawn on the internal condition of the gearbox and engine and reveals information about possible damage.

Procedure Remove the magnetic plug and inspect it for accumulation of chips.

Steel chips in low numbers

Steel chips in low numbers as depicted in Fig. Overview can be tolerated if the accumulation is below 3 mm (0.125 in).

Steel chips in larger numbers

If there are larger accumulations of metal chips on the magnetic plug, the engine must be repaired overhauled according to the BRP-Rotax instructions for continued airworthiness.

Unclear findings In the case of unclear findings:

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Rinse magnet in solvent and check again (the contamination may be only from engine assy.) |
| 2 | Flush the oil circuit. |
| 3 | Fit a new oil filter. |
| 4 | Install the magnetic plug. See Chapter 12–20–00 section Installation of the magnetic plug. |
| 5 | Engine test run. See Chapter 12–20–00 section Test run of engine. |
| 6 | Inspect the magnetic plug once more. |

Contamination

NOTICE

If the oil circuit is contaminated, replace the oil cooler and flush the oil circuit.

Proper judgement requires years of experience in repair of piston engines.

Trace the cause and remedy.

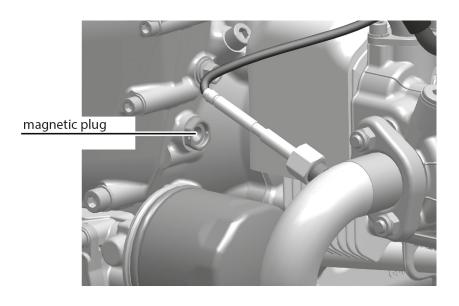




Figure 7.26: Overview TYPICAL

INSTALLATION OF THE MAGNETIC PLUG

Install The following steps are necessary:

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 1 | Clean the magnetic plug. |
| 2 | Install the magnetic plug. Tightening torque 25 Nm (18 ft lb.) |
| 3 | Secure with safety wire. |

Inspect all systems for correct function. Detailed inspection of affected engine components.

ELECTRIC SYSTEM

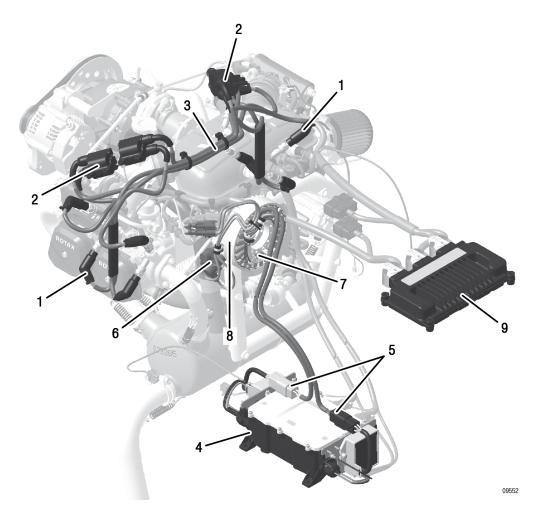


Figure 7.27: Overview

- 1 Spark plug connectors
- 3 Ignition cable
- 5 Plug connectors
- 7 Stator
- 9 Engine Control Unit (ECU)

- 2 Double ignition coils
- 4 FUSE BOX assy.
- Crankshaft position sensors
- 8 Stator assy.

CHECK OF WIRING

General note

⚠ WARNING

Risk of electric shock!

Ignition "OFF" and system grounded! Disconnect negative terminal of battery.

⚠ WARNING

Risk of burns and scalds. Hot engine parts.

Always allow engine to cool down to ambient temperature before starting work.

Procedure

The following steps have to be carried out:

| Step | Procedure | | | |
|------|---|--|--|--|
| 1 | Inspect all cable connectors and their connections for tight fit, good contact, corrosion or damage and replace as necessary. | | | |
| 2 | Inspect all ground connections for corrosion and damage, replace if necessary. | | | |
| 3 | Inspect plug connections of ignition coils for corrosion or damage and replace if necessary. | | | |
| 4 | Verify plug connections on generator /stator cables with rectifier-regulator and connections of all cables on rectifier-regulator for good contact, tight fit, corrosion, discoloration or damage and replace if necessary. | | | |
| 5 | Inspect grounding cables for tight fit, corrosion or damage and replace if necessary. | | | |
| 6 | Verify shielding of cable assemblies for corrosion or damage, good ground contact and tight fit, inspect the attachment of the shielding and replace if necessary. | | | |
| 7 | Inspect all 8 ignition cables to spark plug connector for corrosion or damage and tight fit and replace if necessary. | | | |
| 8 | Fuse unit: Check fuse plugs/relays and replace if necessary. | | | |
| 9 | ECU: Check the condition of the connectors or if any pins are bent or pushed in. | | | |

REPLACEMENT OF SPARK PLUGS

General note

NOTICE

Use of incorrect spark plugs can result in ignition problems and pre-ignition and consequent engine damage.

In numerous tests the best possible heat range has been determined to make sure that the spark plug will burn off deposits but will not overheat.

Renewal intervals NOTE

Operation with leaded fuels (e.g. AVGAS 100LL) can result in increased wear of the spark plugs. Reduce renewal intervals accordingly.

Spark plugs



See Illustrated Parts Catalog (IPC) for the engine type 912 i Series.

REMOVE THE SPARK PLUGS

Remove Remove the spark plugs and store them according to cylinder and position.

INSPECTION OF SPARK PLUGS

Visual check Inspect all spark plugs for mechanical damage.

Electrode gap NOTE

Inspect the electrode gap also on new spark plugs before installation.

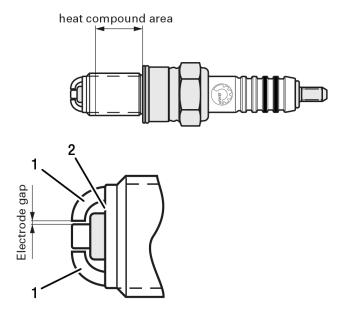
| Electrode gap | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--|
| New | Wear limit | |
| 0.8 - 0.9 mm (0.031 - 0.035 in) | 1.1 mm (0.043 in) | |

Spark plug face

Spark plug face reveals the following about the operating condition of the engine:

| Spark plug face | Information | | |
|----------------------|--|--|--|
| light tan- colored | plug and calibration of the engine are correct | | |
| velvet black | Possibly indicates one or more of the following: | | |
| | mixture too rich | | |
| | insufficient air intake (clogged air filter) | | |
| | engine operating temperature too low | | |
| oily, glossy coating | Possibly indicates one or more of the following: | | |
| | damaged valve stem seal | | |
| | misfiring | | |
| | too much oil in combustion chamber | | |
| | worn cylinder and piston rings | | |
| white with formation | Possibly indicates one or more of the following: | | |
| of melt beads | mixture too lean | | |
| | leaking valves | | |

INSTALLATION OF SPARK PLUG



AE 5iS_0257

Figure 7.28: Spark plugs

1 Ground electrode

2 Head area

Cleaning

| △ WARNING |
|--|
| Eyes and skin irritation! Rinse off with water in the case of contact with eyes or skin. May be harmful if |
| swallowed. |

| Step | Procedure |
|------|---|
| 1 | Before every installation, the spark plug thread and the spark plug seat at the cylinder head should be cleaned (e.g. to remove residue of silicone heat compound). |

Installation

NOTICE

Always replace both spark plugs of a cylinder and do not interchange spark plugs between cylinders.

NOTICE

Silicone heat compound at the ground electrode or the head area can lead to ignition problems. Apply heat compound sparingly and do not apply to the first three threads.

| Step | Procedure |
|------|--|
| 2 | Apply small amount of silicone heat compound to spark plug thread and tighten spark plug to 16 Nm (142 in. lb) on the cold engine. |

FUSE BOX

General note

Check plug connections and fuse plugs (fuses). Check LED indicators.

PROPELLER GEARBOX

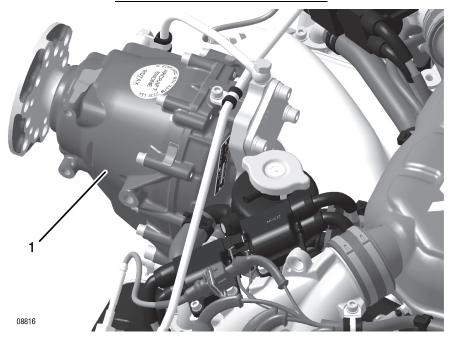


Figure 7.29: Overview

1 Propeller gearbox

CHECKING THE PROPELLER GEARBOX

General note



See Heavy Maintenance Manual Heavy (MMH) for the engine type 912 i Series.

The gearbox must be inspected, repaired or overhauled in accordance with the BRP-Rotax instructions for continued airworthiness.

Detailed inspection of the affected gearbox components in accordance Chapter 72-00-00 in the Maintenance Manual Heavy (MMH).

NDT Crack testing of the propeller shaft is not normally planned, but can be carried out if cracks are suspected.

For removing the gearbox, please follow the instruction in Chapter 05-50-00 "REMOVAL OF THE PROPELLER GEARBOX", also for installation of the gearbox in Chapter 05-50-00 "INSTALLATION OF PROPELLER GEARBOX". The checks are not equal to the propellerstrike inspection, but how to disassemble and assemble the gearbox is the same procedure.

NOTE

The drive gear is considered part of the gearbox. Therefore it must be removed from the crankshaft and be included when sending the gearbox for repairs or overhaul.

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